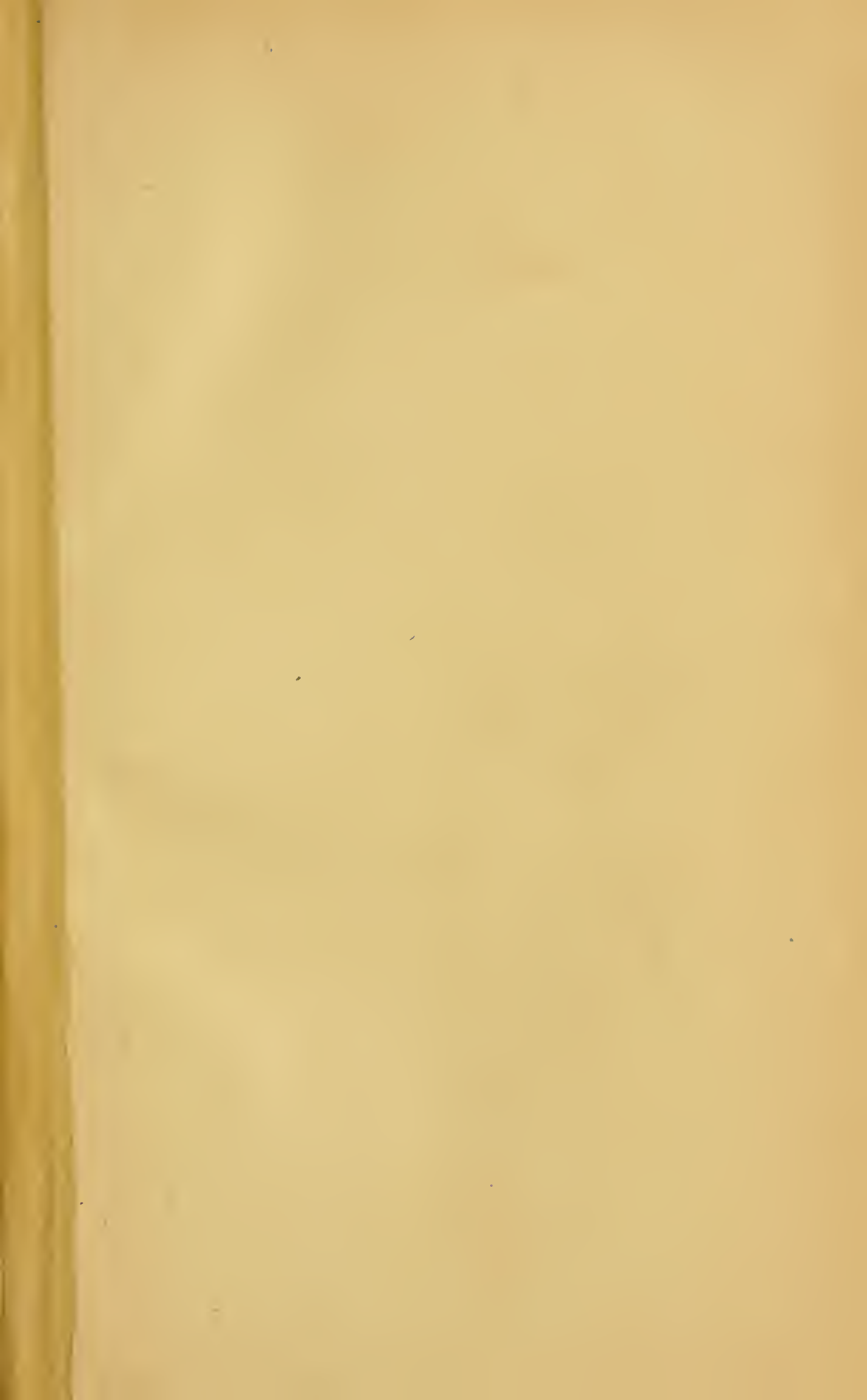


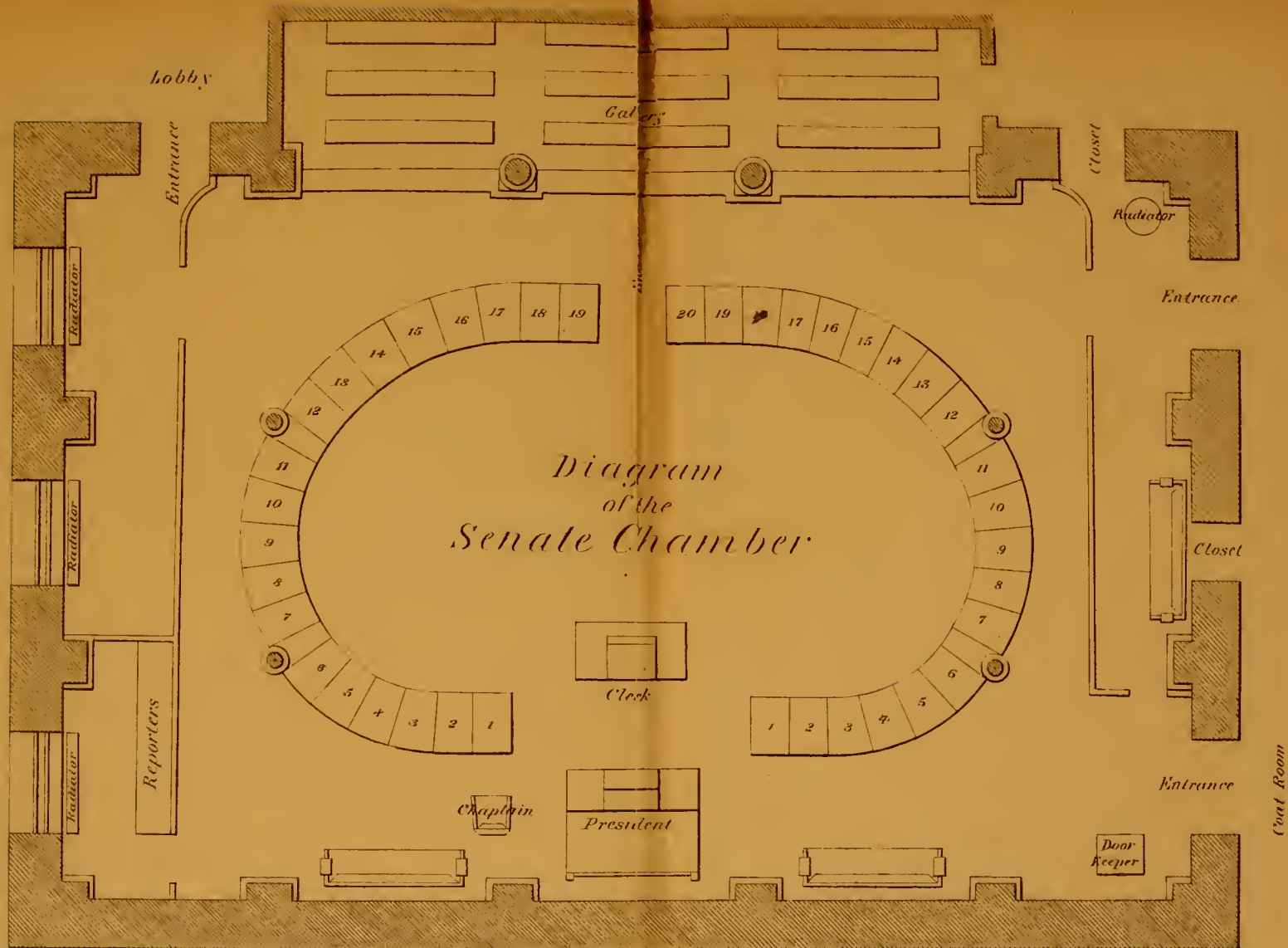
MANUAL
FOR THE



GENERAL COURT
1878

Mass
1872
A





HON. JOHN B. D. COGSWELL, PRESIDENT.

LEFT.

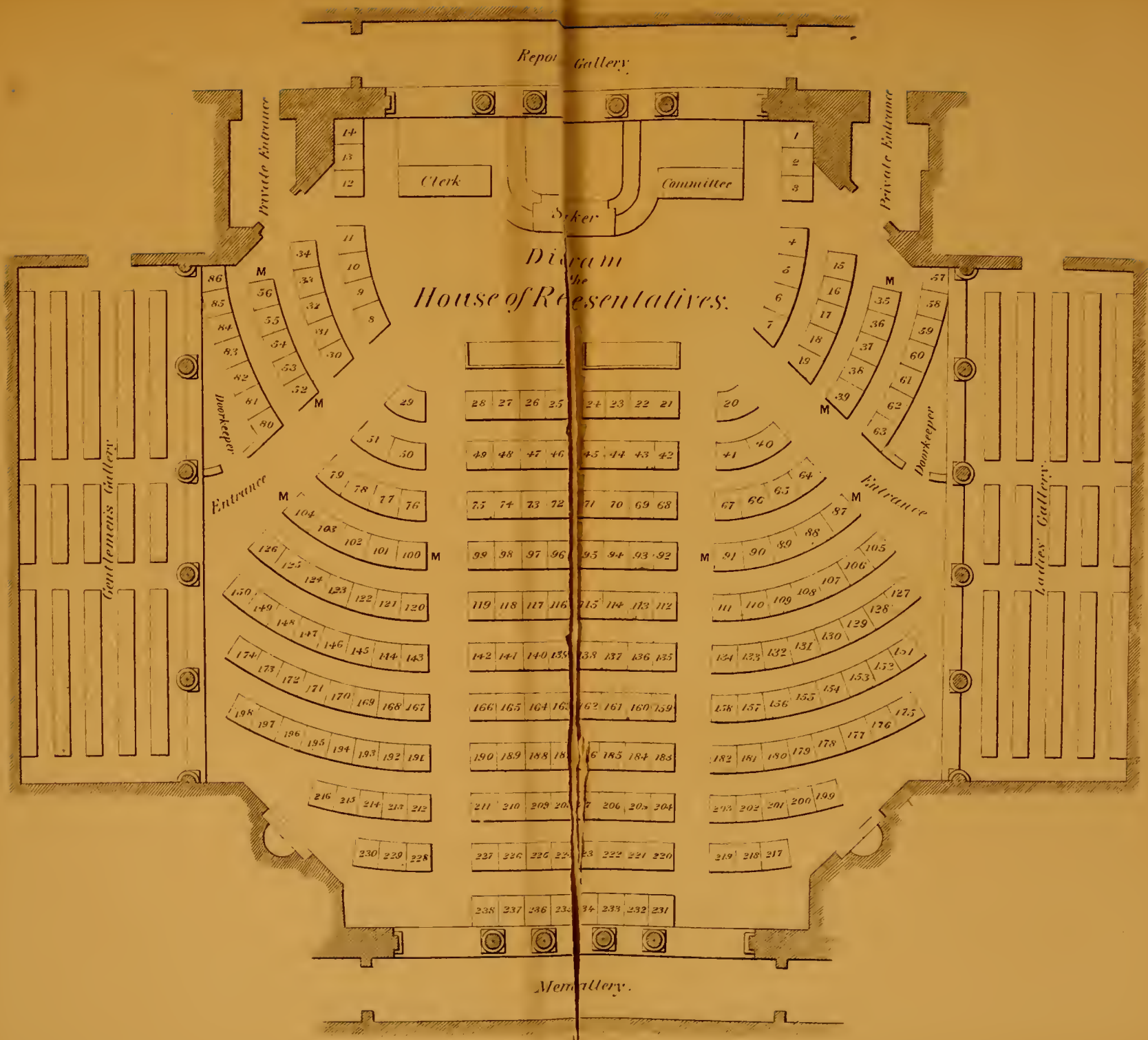
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| 1. Michael J. Flatley. | 11. Charles H. Merriam. |
| 2. Albert Palmer. | 12. Horace J. Canfield. |
| 3. Amos F. Breed. | 13. Joseph S. Ropes. |
| 4. Henry B. Hill. | 14. Hosea M. Knowlton. |
| 5. Jackson B. Swett. | 15. Joseph S. Beal. |
| 6. Ebenezer B. Lynde. | 16. Frederick P. Brown. |
| 7. James White. | 17. Henry F. Barker. |
| 8. Henry C. Ewing. | 18. Ezra Davol. |
| 9. Charles J. Holmes. | 19. Thomas Gogin. |
| 10. Lewis N. Gilbert. | |

O. F. MITCHELL, *Sergeant-at-arms.*

RIGHT.

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| 1. Charles T. Russell. | 11. Alvah A. Burrage. |
| 2. Charles Adams, Jr. | 12. William Knowlton. |
| 3. Amos J. Saunders. | 13. Charles L. Gardner. |
| 4. Abraham B. Coffin. | 14. Luther H. Sherman. |
| 5. Byron Truell. | 15. Frederick D. Ely. |
| 6. George S. Barton. | 16. Robert R. Bishop. |
| 7. James J. H. Gregory. | 17. Henry Winn. |
| 8. Jonathan White. | 18. George W. Cate. |
| 9. Benjamin F. Hayes. | 19. Allan Rogers. |
| 10. Marcellus Day. | 20. James C. Abbott. |

S. N. GIFFORD, *Clerk.*



Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MANUAL

FOR THE USE OF THE

GENERAL COURT:

CONTAINING THE

RULES AND ORDERS OF THE TWO BRANCHES,

TOGETHER WITH THE

*CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH, AND THAT
OF THE UNITED STATES,*

AND A

LIST OF THE EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATIVE, AND JUDICIAL
DEPARTMENTS OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT, STATE
INSTITUTIONS AND THEIR OFFICERS, COUNTY
OFFICERS, AND OTHER STATISTICAL
INFORMATION.

1878

Prepared, pursuant to Orders of the Legislature,

BY

S. N. GIFFORD AND GEO. A. MARDEN.

BOSTON:

RAND, AVERY, & CO., PRINTERS TO THE COMMONWEALTH.

117 FRANKLIN STREET.

1878.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

IN SENATE, May 17, 1877.

ORDERED, That the Clerks of the two branches cause to be prepared twenty-five hundred copies of so much of the Legislative Manual as may be deemed practicable, on the general plan of that of the present session.

Sent down for concurrence.

S. N. GIFFORD, *Clerk*.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, May 17, 1877.

Concurred.

GEORGE A. MARDEN, *Clerk*.

EXTRACT FROM CHAPTER 248, ACTS OF 1877.

There shall be printed of the Manual of the General Court (16mo), to be prepared each year by the Clerks of the two branches, twenty-five hundred copies.

1878
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CONSTITUTION

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

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WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this CONSTITUTION FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

SECT. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year, by the people of the several states; and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have at-

tained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand; but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECT. 3. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided, as equally as may be, into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year;

of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year; and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore*, in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments; when sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two thirds of the members present.

Judgment, in cases of impeachment, shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust, or profit, under the United States; but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment according to law.

SECT. 4. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may, at any time, by law, make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year,

and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECT. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house, on any question, shall, at the desire of one fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECT. 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases, except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased, during such time; and no person holding any

office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECT. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and, if approved by two thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote, to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the president of the United States; and, before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be re-passed by two thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECT. 8. The congress shall have power:— To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises, to pay the debts

and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States ; but all duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States:—To borrow money on the credit of the United States:—To regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes:—To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States:—To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures:—To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States:—To establish post offices and post roads:—To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing, for limited times, to authors and inventors, the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries:—To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court:—To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations:—To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water:—To raise and support armies; but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years:—To provide and maintain a navy:—To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces:—To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions:—To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states, respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia, according to the discipline prescribed by congress:—To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever over such district, (not exceeding ten miles square,) as may by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States; and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by consent of the legislature of the

state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock yards, and other needful buildings; and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECT. 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight; but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privileges of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or *ex post facto* law shall be passed.

No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration, herein before directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

No preference shall be given, by any regulation of commerce or revenue, to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to or from one state, be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SECT. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts; or grant any title of nobility. No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war, in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years; and, together with the Vice-President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows: —

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress: but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; and they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and

certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed: And if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then, from the five highest on the list, the said house shall, in like manner, choose the president: but in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them, by ballot, the vice-president. [See Amendments, Article XII.]

The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person, except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president; and the congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability both of

the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president; and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected; and he shall not receive, within that period, any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:—

“I do solemnly swear, (or affirm,) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States.”

SECT. 2. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states when called into the actual service of the United States. He may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices; and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law: but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies

that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECT. 3. He shall, from time to time, give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SECT. 4. The president, vice-president, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may, from time to time, ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECT. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controver-

sies between two or more states; between a state and citizens of another state; between citizens of different states; between citizens of the same state, claiming lands under grants of different states; and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens, or subjects. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations, as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

SECT. 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason; but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state; and the congress may, by general laws, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECT. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor; but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECT. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this Union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state, nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned, as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of, and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SECT. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government: and shall protect each of them against invasion: and on application of the legislature, or of the executive, (when the legislature cannot be convened,) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The congress, whenever two thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for

proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress; provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall, in any manner, affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States, under this constitution, as under the confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound, by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution, between the states so ratifying the same.

ARTICLES,

In addition to, and amendment of, the Constitution of the United States, proposed by Congress, and ratified by the Legislatures of the several States, pursuant to the Fifth Article of the original Constitution.

I. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

II. A well-regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

III. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

IV. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

V. No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeop-

ardly of life or limb; nor shall be compelled, in any criminal case, to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

VI. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor; and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

VII. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved; and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined, in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

VIII. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

IX. The enumeration, in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

X. The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

XI. The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

XII. The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice-president, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president, and, in distinct ballots, the person voted for as vice-president; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each; which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; the president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for president shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed: and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president; but in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice; and if the house of representatives shall not choose a president, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president.

The person having the greatest number of votes as vice-president shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-pres-

ident; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person, constitutionally ineligible to the office of president, shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

XIII. SECT. 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECT. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

XIV. SECT. 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECT. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crimes, the basis of representation shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the

whole number of such citizens, twenty-one years of age, in such state.

SECT. 3. No person shall be a senator or representative in congress, or elector of president or vice-president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who having previously taken an oath as a member of congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may, by a two-thirds vote of each house, remove such disability.

SECT. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for the payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States, nor any state, shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations, and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECT. 5. The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

XV. SECT. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SECT. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

[NOTE. — The Articles of Confederation between the thirteen United States of America were agreed upon by delegates from the states, in Congress assembled, on the 15th of November, 1777, and were finally ratified by all the states, March 1st, 1781. On the 21st of February, 1787, the Congress of the Confederation recommended that a Convention of

Delegates, to be appointed by the states, be held for the purpose of revising the Articles of Confederation. In accordance with this recommendation, delegates from the several states met together at Philadelphia, Monday, May 14th, 1787, and organized by choosing George Washington as their President. On the 17th of September, the Convention finally agreed to a proposed form of Constitution, which was transmitted to the Congress of the Confederation. By that body copies were transmitted to the several states, and the Constitution was ratified by Conventions therein in the following order:—

Delaware	December 7, 1787.
Pennsylvania	“ 12, 1787.
New Jersey	“ 18, 1787.
Georgia	January 2, 1788.
Connecticut	“ 9, 1788.
Massachusetts	February 6, 1788.
Maryland	April 28, 1788.
South Carolina	May 23, 1788.
New Hampshire	June 21, 1788.
Virginia	“ 26, 1788.
New York	July 26, 1788.

Eleven states having ratified the Constitution, Congress proceeded to make all proper preparations for carrying it into effect. The first Wednesday of January, 1789, was appointed as the time for choosing electors, the first Wednesday in February as the day on which they should vote for President and Vice-President, and the first Wednesday of March as the day on which the new Congress should assemble together. The members of the two houses of the new Congress met at New York at the time appointed, March 4th, 1789. A quorum of the House of Representatives did not appear until the first of April, when a Speaker and a Clerk were chosen. A quorum of the Senate did not appear until April 6th, when a President *pro tempore* was chosen, for the purpose of counting the votes for President and Vice-President. On the same day, in presence of both houses, the returns of votes from the several states were opened and counted. George Washington was declared elected President, and John Adams Vice-President. The Senate then elected a President *pro tempore*, and a Secretary, and both houses, being organized, proceeded to transact public business. On the 21st of April the Vice-President assumed his seat as President of the Senate, and on Thursday, April 30th, George Washington was inaugurated President. The Constitution was ratified soon afterwards by the two remaining states; by North Carolina, November 21st, 1789, and by Rhode Island, May 29th, 1790.

On the 25th of September, 1789, Congress proposed twelve articles of amendment to the Constitution, *ten* of which (numbered in the preceding pages from *one* to *ten*) were finally ratified December 15th, 1791. The *eleventh* article of amendment was proposed by Congress March 5th, 1794, and was declared by the President, in his message of January 8, 1798, to have been adopted by the requisite number of states. The *twelfth* amendment was proposed by Congress December 12th, 1803, and was adopted during the year 1804. The *thirteenth* amendment was adopted by the Senate of the United States April 8th, 1864, by a vote of 38 nays to 6 nays; and by the House on the 31st of January, 1865, by a vote of 119 yeas to 56 nays. On the 18th of December, 1865, the Secretary of State made proclamation that it had been ratified by the requisite number of states.

The *fourteenth* amendment was adopted by the Senate of the United States June 8th, 1866, by a vote of 33 nays to 11 nays; and by the House on the 13th of June, 1866, by a vote of 133 yeas to 36 nays. On the 21st of July, 1868, the Senate and House passed this concurrent resolution:—

“*Whereas*, The legislatures of the states of Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, West Virginia, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota, New York, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Michigan, Nevada, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Maine, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina, and Louisiana, being three fourths and more of the several states of the Union, have ratified the fourteenth article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States, duly proposed by two thirds of each house of the thirty-ninth Congress; therefore

“*Resolved by the Senate, (the House of Representatives concurring,)* That said fourteenth article is hereby declared to be a part of the Constitution of the United States, and it shall be duly promulgated as such by the Secretary of State.”

Afterwards a proclamation was issued by the Secretary of State, in which it was declared that the amendment had been ratified, and had become a part of the Constitution.

The *fifteenth* amendment was adopted by Congress “on or about the 27th day of February, in the year 1869.” On the 30th of March, 1870, the Secretary of State proclaimed its ratification “by the legislatures of the states of North Carolina, West Virginia, Massachusetts, Wisconsin, Maine, Louisiana, Michigan, South Carolina, Pennsylvania, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, New York, New Hampshire, Nevada, Vermont, Virginia, Alabama, Missouri, Mississippi, Ohio, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Rhode Island, Nebraska, and Texas, in all twenty-nine states,” three fourths of the whole number. And the Secretary further proclaimed that it appeared from official documents on file in his department, that “the legislature of New York has since passed

resolutions claiming to withdraw said ratification;" and that "the legislature of Georgia has by resolution ratified the said proposed amendment." The Secretary then certified that "the amendment aforesaid has become valid, to all intents and purposes, as a part of the Constitution of the United States."

CONSTITUTION
OR
FORM OF GOVERNMENT
FOR THE

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

P R E A M B L E.

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P R E A M B L E.

THE end of the institution, maintenance, and administration of government, is to secure the existence of the body politic; to protect it; and to furnish the individuals who compose it with the power of enjoying in safety and tranquillity their natural rights, and the blessings of life: and whenever these great objects are not obtained, the people have a right to alter the government, and to take measures necessary for their safety, prosperity, and happiness.

The body politic is formed by a voluntary association of individuals; it is a social compact, by which the whole people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain laws for the common good. It is the duty of the people, therefore, in framing a constitution of government, to provide for an equitable mode of making laws, as well as for an impartial interpretation, and a faithful execution of them; that every man may, at all times, find his security in them.

We, therefore, the people of Massachusetts, acknowledging with grateful hearts the goodness of the great Legislator of the universe, in affording us, in the course of his provi-

dence, an opportunity, deliberately and peaceably, without fraud, violence, or surprise, of entering into an original, explicit, and solemn compact with each other; and of forming a new constitution of civil government for ourselves and posterity; and devoutly imploring his direction in so interesting a design, do agree upon, ordain, and establish, the following *Declaration of Rights, and Frame of Government*, as the CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

PART THE FIRST.

A Declaration of the Rights of the Inhabitants of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

ARTICLE I. All men are born free and equal, and have certain natural, essential, and unalienable rights; among which may be reckoned the right of enjoying and defending their lives and liberties; that of acquiring, possessing, and protecting property; in fine, that of seeking and obtaining their safety and happiness.

ART. II. It is the right as well as the duty of all men in society, publicly, and at stated seasons, to worship the SUPREME BEING, the great Creator and Preserver of the universe. And no subject shall be hurt, molested, or restrained, in his person, liberty, or estate, for worshipping God in the manner and season most agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience; or for his religious profession or sentiments; provided he doth not disturb the public peace, or obstruct others in their religious worship.

ART. III. As the happiness of a people, and the good order and preservation of civil government, essentially depend upon piety, religion, and morality; and as these cannot be generally diffused through a community but by the institution of the public worship of God, and of public

instructions in piety, religion, and morality: therefore, to promote their happiness, and to secure the good order and preservation of their government, the people of this Commonwealth have a right to invest their legislature with power to authorize and require, and the legislature shall from time to time authorize and require, the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, to make suitable provision, at their own expense, for the institution of the public worship of GOD, and for the support and maintenance of public Protestant teachers of piety, religion, and morality, in all cases where such provision shall not be made voluntarily. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

And the people of this Commonwealth have also a right to, and do, invest their legislature with authority to enjoin upon all the subjects an attendance upon the instructions of the public teachers aforesaid, at stated times and seasons, if there be any on whose instructions they can conscientiously and conveniently attend. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

Provided notwithstanding, that the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, shall at all times have the exclusive right of electing their public teachers, and of contracting with them for their support and maintenance. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

And all moneys paid by the subject to the support of public worship, and of the public teachers aforesaid, shall, if he require it, be uniformly applied to the support of the public teacher or teachers of his own religious sect or denomination, provided there be any on whose instructions he attends; otherwise it may be paid towards the support of the teacher or teachers of the parish or precinct in which the said moneys are raised. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

And every denomination of Christians, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good subjects of the Commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law; and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to

another shall ever be established by law. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

ART. IV. The people of this Commonwealth have the sole and exclusive right of governing themselves, as a free, sovereign, and independent State; and do, and forever hereafter shall, exercise and enjoy every power, jurisdiction, and right, which is not, or may not hereafter, be by them expressly delegated to the United States of America, in Congress assembled.

ART. V. All power residing originally in the people, and being derived from them, the several magistrates and officers of government, vested with authority, whether legislative, executive, or judicial, are their substitutes and agents, and are at all times accountable to them.

ART. VI. No man, nor corporation, or association of men, have any other title to obtain advantages, or particular and exclusive privileges, distinct from those of the community, than what arises from the consideration of services rendered to the public; and this title being in nature neither hereditary, nor transmissible to children, or descendants, or relations by blood, the idea of a man born a magistrate, lawgiver, or judge, is absurd and unnatural.

ART. VII. Government is instituted for the common good, for the protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness of the people; and not for the profit, honor, or private interest of any one man, family, or class of men: Therefore the people alone have an incontestable, unalienable, and indefeasible right to institute government; and to reform, alter, or totally change the same, when their protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness require it.

ART. VIII. In order to prevent those who are vested with authority from becoming oppressors, the people have a right, at such periods and in such manner as they shall establish by their frame of government, to cause their pub-

lic officers to return to private life; and to fill up vacant places by certain and regular elections and appointments.

ART. IX. All elections ought to be free; and all the inhabitants of this Commonwealth, having such qualifications as they shall establish by their frame of government, have an equal right to elect officers, and to be elected, for public employments.

ART. X. Each individual of the society has a right to be protected by it in the enjoyment of his life, liberty, and property, according to standing laws. He is obliged, consequently, to contribute his share to the expense of this protection; to give his personal service, or an equivalent, when necessary: but no part of the property of any individual can, with justice, be taken from him, or applied to public uses, without his own consent, or that of the representative body of the people. In fine, the people of this Commonwealth are not controllable by any other laws than those to which their constitutional representative body have given their consent. And whenever the public exigencies require that the property of any individual should be appropriated to public uses, he shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor.

ART. XI. Every subject of the Commonwealth ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to the laws, for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character. He ought to obtain right and justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it; completely, and without any denial; promptly, and without delay; conformably to the laws.

ART. XII. No subject shall be held to answer for any crimes or offence, until the same is fully and plainly, substantially and formally, described to him; or be compelled to accuse, or furnish evidence against himself. And

every subject shall have a right to produce all proofs that may be favorable to him; to meet the witnesses against him face to face, and to be fully heard in his defence by himself, or his counsel, at his election. And no subject shall be arrested, imprisoned, despoiled, or deprived of his property, immunities, or privileges, put out of the protection of the law, exiled, or deprived of his life, liberty, or estate, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.

And the legislature shall not make any law that shall subject any person to a capital or infamous punishment, excepting for the government of the army and navy, without trial by jury.

ART. XIII. In criminal prosecutions, the verification of facts in the vicinity where they happen is one of the greatest securities of the life, liberty, and property of the citizen.

ART. XIV. Every subject has a right to be secure from all unreasonable searches and seizures of his person, his houses, his papers, and all his possessions. All warrants, therefore, are contrary to this right, if the cause or foundation of them be not previously supported by oath or affirmation; and if the order in the warrant to a civil officer, to make search in suspected places, or to arrest one or more suspected persons, or to seize their property, be not accompanied with a special designation of the persons or objects of search, arrest, or seizure; and no warrant ought to be issued but in cases, and with the formalities, prescribed by the laws.

ART. XV. In all controversies concerning property, and in all suits between two or more persons, except in cases in which it has heretofore been otherways used and practised, the parties have a right to trial by jury; and this method of procedure shall be held sacred, unless, in causes arising

on the high seas, and such as relate to mariners' wages, the legislature shall hereafter find it necessary to alter it.

ART. XVI. The liberty of the press is essential to the security of freedom in a state: it ought not, therefore, to be restrained in this Commonwealth.

ART. XVII. The people have a right to keep and to bear arms for the common defence. And as, in time of peace, armies are dangerous to liberty, they ought not to be maintained without the consent of the legislature; and the military power shall always be held in an exact subordination to the civil authority, and be governed by it.

ART. XVIII. A frequent recurrence to the fundamental principles of the constitution, and a constant adherence to those of piety, justice, moderation, temperance, industry, and frugality, are absolutely necessary to preserve the advantages of liberty, and to maintain a free government. The people ought, consequently, to have a particular attention to all those principles, in the choice of their officers and representatives: and they have a right to require of their lawgivers and magistrates an exact and constant observance of them, in the formation and execution of the laws necessary for the good administration of the Commonwealth.

ART. XIX. The people have a right, in an orderly and peaceable manner, to assemble to consult upon the common good; give instructions to their representatives, and to request of the legislative body, by the way of addresses, petitions, or remonstrances, redress of the wrongs done them, and of the grievances they suffer.

ART. XX. The power of suspending the laws, or the execution of the laws, ought never to be exercised but by the legislature, or by authority derived from it, to be exer-

cised in such particular cases only as the legislature shall expressly provide for.

ART. XXI. The freedom of deliberation, speech, and debate, in either house of the legislature, is so essential to the rights of the people, that it cannot be the foundation of any accusation or prosecution, action or complaint, in any other court or place whatsoever.

ART. XXII. The legislature ought frequently to assemble for the redress of grievances, for correcting, strengthening, and confirming the laws, and for making new laws, as the common good may require.

ART. XXIII. No subsidy, charge, tax, impost, or duties, ought to be established, fixed, laid, or levied, under any pretext whatsoever, without the consent of the people, or their representatives in the legislature.

ART. XXIV. Laws made to punish for actions done before the existence of such laws, and which have not been declared crimes by preceding laws, are unjust, oppressive, and inconsistent with the fundamental principles of a free government.

ART. XXV. No subject ought, in any case, or in any time, to be declared guilty of treason or felony by the legislature.

ART. XXVI. No magistrate or court of law shall demand excessive bail or sureties, impose excessive fines, or inflict cruel or unusual punishments.

ART. XXVII. In time of peace, no soldier ought to be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; and in time of war, such quarters ought not to be made

but by the civil magistrate, in a manner ordained by the legislature.

ART. XXVIII. No person can in any case be subjected to law-martial, or to any penalties or pains by virtue of that law, except those employed in the army or navy, and except the militia in actual service, but by authority of the legislature.

ART. XXIX. It is essential to the preservation of the rights of every individual, his life, liberty, property, and character, that there be an impartial interpretation of the laws, and administration of justice. It is the right of every citizen to be tried by judges as free, impartial, and independent as the lot of humanity will admit. It is, therefore, not only the best policy, but for the security of the rights of the people, and of every citizen, that the judges of the supreme judicial court should hold their offices as long as they behave themselves well, and that they should have honorable salaries ascertained and established by standing laws.

ART. XXX. In the government of this Commonwealth, the legislative department shall never exercise the executive and judicial powers, or either of them; the executive shall never exercise the legislative and judicial powers, or either of them; the judicial shall never exercise the legislative and executive powers, or either of them: to the end it may be a government of laws, and not of men.

PART THE SECOND.

The Frame of Government.

The people, inhabiting the territory formerly called the Province of Massachusetts Bay, do hereby solemnly and mutually agree with each other, to form themselves into a free, sovereign, and independent body politic or state, by the name of THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

CHAPTER I.

THE LEGISLATIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

The General Court.

ARTICLE I. The department of legislation shall be formed by two branches, a Senate and House of Representatives, each of which shall have a negative on the other.

The legislative body shall assemble every year, on the last Wednesday in May, and at such other times as they shall judge necessary; and shall dissolve and be dissolved, on the day next preceding the said last Wednesday in May; and shall be styled, THE GENERAL COURT OF MASSACHUSETTS. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. II. No bill or resolve of the senate or house of representatives shall become a law, and have force as such, until it shall have been laid before the governor for his revision; and if he, upon such revision, approve thereof, he shall signify his approbation by signing the same. But if he have any objection to the passing of such bill or resolve, he shall return the same, together with his objections

thereto, in writing, to the senate or house of representatives, in whichsoever the same shall have originated, who shall enter the objections sent down by the governor, at large, on their records, and proceed to reconsider the said bill or resolve: but if, after such reconsideration, two thirds of the said senate or house of representatives shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law: but in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for, or against, the said bill or resolve, shall be entered upon the public records of the Commonwealth.

And in order to prevent unnecessary delays, if any bill or resolve shall not be returned by the governor within five days after it shall have been presented, the same shall have the force of a law. [See Amendments, Article I.]

ART. III. The general court shall forever have full power and authority to erect and constitute judicatories and courts of record, or other courts, to be held in the name of the Commonwealth, for the hearing, trying, and determining of all manner of crimes, offences, pleas, processes, complaints, actions, matters, causes, and things, whatsoever, arising or happening within the Commonwealth, or between or concerning persons inhabiting, or residing, or brought within the same; whether the same be criminal or civil, or whether the said crimes be capital or not capital, and whether the said pleas be real, personal, or mixed; and for the awarding and making out of execution thereupon: to which courts and judicatories are hereby given and granted full power and authority, from time to time, to administer oaths or affirmations, for the better discovery

of truth in any matter in controversy, or depending before them.

ART. IV. And further, full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the said general court, from time to time, to make, ordain, and establish, all manner of wholesome and reasonable orders, laws, statutes, and ordinances, directions and instructions, either with penalties or without; so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution, as they shall judge to be for the good and welfare of this Commonwealth, and for the government and ordering thereof, and of the subjects of the same, and for the necessary support and defence of the government thereof; and to name and settle annually, or provide by fixed laws for the naming and settling, all civil officers within the said Commonwealth, the election and constitution of whom are not hereafter in this form of government otherwise provided for; and to set forth the several duties, powers, and limits of the several civil and military officers of this Commonwealth, and the forms of such oaths or affirmations as shall be respectively administered unto them for the execution of their several offices and places, so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution; and to impose and levy proportional and reasonable assessments, rates, and taxes, upon all the inhabitants of, and persons resident, and estates lying, within the said Commonwealth; and also to impose and levy reasonable duties and excises upon any produce, goods, wares, merchandise, and commodities whatsoever, brought into, produced, manufactured, or being within the same; to be issued and disposed of by warrant, under the hand of the governor of this Commonwealth for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the public service, in the necessary defence and support of the government of the said Commonwealth, and the protection and preservation of the subjects thereof, according to such acts as are or shall be in force within the same.

And while the public charges of government, or any part thereof, shall be assessed on polls and estates, in the manner that has hitherto been practised, in order that such assessments may be made with equality, there shall be a valuation of estates within the Commonwealth, taken anew, once in every ten years at least, and as much oftener as the general court shall order.

CHAPTER I.

SECTION II.

Senate.

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected, by the freeholders and other inhabitants of this Commonwealth, qualified as in this constitution is provided, forty persons to be councillors and senators, for the year ensuing their election; to be chosen by the inhabitants of the districts into which the Commonwealth may from time to time be divided by the general court for that purpose; and the general court, in assigning the numbers to be elected by the respective districts, shall govern themselves by the proportion of the public taxes paid by the said districts, and timely make known to the inhabitants of the Commonwealth the limits of each district, and the number of councillors and senators to be chosen therein: provided, that the number of such districts shall never be less than thirteen; and that no district be so large as to entitle the same to choose more than six senators. [See Amendments, Articles XIII. and XVI.]

And the several counties in this Commonwealth shall, until the general court shall determine it necessary to alter the said districts, be districts for the choice of councillors and senators (except that the counties of Dukes County and Nantucket shall form one district for that purpose),

and shall elect the following number for councillors and senators; viz.:—[See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Suffolk	six.	York	two.
Essex	six.	Dukes County and	} . . . one.
Middlesex	five.	Nantucket . . .	
Hampshire	four.	Worcester	five.
Plymouth	three.	Cumberland	one.
Barnstable	one.	Lincoln	one.
Bristol	three.	Berkshire	two.

ART. II. The senate shall be the first branch of the legislature; and the senators shall be chosen in the following manner, viz.: There shall be a meeting on the first Monday in April, annually, forever, of the inhabitants of each town in the several counties of this Commonwealth, to be called by the selectmen, and warned in due course of law, at least seven days before the first Monday in April, for the purpose of electing persons to be senators and councillors; and at such meetings every male inhabitant of twenty-one years of age and upwards, having a freehold estate within the Commonwealth, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to give in his vote for the senators for the district of which he is an inhabitant. And to remove all doubts concerning the meaning of the word “inhabitant,” in this constitution, every person shall be considered as an inhabitant, for the purpose of electing and being elected into any office, or place within this State, in that town, district, or plantation where he dwelleth, or hath his home. [See Amendments, Articles II., III., X., XIV., XV.]

The selectmen of the several towns shall preside at such meetings impartially, and shall receive the votes of all the inhabitants of such towns present and qualified to vote for senators, and shall sort and count them in open town meeting, and in presence of the town clerk, who shall make a fair record, in presence of the selectmen, and in open town

meeting, of the name of every person voted for, and of the number of votes against his name; and a fair copy of this record shall be attested by the selectmen and the town clerk, and shall be sealed up, directed to the secretary of the Commonwealth for the time being, with a superscription expressing the purport of the contents thereof, and delivered by the town clerk of such towns to the sheriff of the county in which such town lies, thirty days at least before the last Wednesday in May, annually; or it shall be delivered into the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said last Wednesday in May; and the sheriff of each county shall deliver all such certificates, by him received, into the secretary's office, seventeen days before the said last Wednesday in May. [See Amendments, Articles II. and X.]

And the inhabitants of plantations unincorporated, qualified as this constitution provides, who are or shall be empowered and required to assess taxes upon themselves towards the support of government, shall have the same privilege of voting for councillors and senators, in the plantations where they reside, as town inhabitants have in their respective towns; and the plantation meeting for that purpose shall be held, annually, on the same first Monday in April, at such place in the plantations, respectively, as the assessors thereof shall direct; which assessors shall have like authority for notifying the electors, collecting and returning the votes, as the selectmen and town clerks have in their several towns, by this constitution. And all other persons living in places unincorporated, (qualified as aforesaid,) who shall be assessed to the support of government, by the assessors of an adjacent town, shall have the privilege of giving in their votes for councillors and senators, in the town where they shall be assessed, and be notified of the place of meeting, by the selectmen of the town where they shall be assessed, for that purpose, accordingly. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. III. And that there may be a due convention of senators on the last Wednesday in May, annually, the governor, with five of the council for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of such records; and fourteen days before the said day, he shall issue his summons to such persons as shall appear to be chosen by a majority of voters, to attend on that day, and take their seats accordingly: provided, nevertheless, that for the first year the said returned copies shall be examined by the president and five of the council of the former constitution of government; and the said president shall, in like manner, issue his summons to the persons so elected, that they may take their seats as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. IV. The senate shall be the final judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of their own members, as pointed out in the constitution, and shall, on the said last Wednesday in May, annually, determine and declare who are elected by each district, to be senators, by a majority of votes: and in case there shall not appear to be the full number of senators returned, elected by a majority of votes, for any district, the deficiency shall be supplied in the following manner, viz.: The members of the house of representatives, and such senators as shall be declared elected, shall take the names of such persons as shall be found to have the highest number of votes in such district, and not elected, amounting to twice the number of senators wanting, if there be so many voted for, and out of these shall elect by ballot a number of senators sufficient to fill up the vacancies in such district; and in this manner all such vacancies shall be filled up in every district of the Commonwealth; and in like manner all vacancies in the senate, arising by death, removal out of the State, or otherwise, shall be supplied as soon as may be after such vacancies shall happen. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. V. Provided, nevertheless, that no person shall be capable of being elected as a senator, who is not seized in his own right of a freehold, within this Commonwealth, of the value of three hundred pounds at least, or possessed of personal estate to the value of six hundred pounds at least, or of both to the amount of the same sum, and who has not been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for the space of five years immediately preceding his election, and, at the time of his election, he shall be an inhabitant in the district for which he shall be chosen. [See amendments, Article XIII.]

ART. VI. The senate shall have power to adjourn themselves, provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time.

ART. VII. The senate shall choose its own president, appoint its own officers, and determine its own rules of proceeding.

ART. VIII. The senate shall be a court, with full authority, to hear and determine all impeachments made by the house of representatives, against any officer or officers of the Commonwealth, for misconduct and maladministration in their offices; but, previous to the trial of every impeachment, the members of the senate shall, respectively, be sworn, truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question, according to evidence. Their judgment, however, shall not extend further than to remove from office, and disqualification to hold or enjoy any place of honor, trust, or profit, under this Commonwealth: but the party so convicted shall be, nevertheless, liable to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment, according to the laws of the land.

ART. IX. Not less than sixteen members of the senate shall constitute a quorum for doing business.

CHAPTER I.

SECTION III.

House of Representatives.

ARTICLE I. There shall be in the legislature of this Commonwealth, a representation of the people, annually elected, and founded upon the principle of equality.

ART. II. And in order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this Commonwealth, founded upon the principle of equality, every corporate town containing one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; every corporate town containing three hundred and seventy-five ratable polls, may elect two representatives; every corporate town containing six hundred ratable polls, may elect three representatives; and proceeding in that manner, making two hundred and twenty-five ratable polls the mean increasing number for every additional representative. [See Amendments, Articles XII. and XIII.]

Provided, nevertheless, that each town now incorporated, not having one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; but no place shall hereafter be incorporated with the privilege of electing a representative, unless there are within the same one hundred and fifty ratable polls.

And the house of representatives shall have power, from time to time, to impose fines upon such towns as shall neglect to choose and return members to the same, agreeably to this constitution.

The expenses of travelling to the general assembly, and returning home, once in every session, and no more, shall be paid by the government, out of the public treasury, to every member who shall attend as seasonably as he can, in the judgment of the house, and does not depart without leave.

ART. III. Every member of the house of representatives shall be chosen by written votes; and, for one year at least, next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of, and have been seized in his own right, of a freehold of the value of one hundred pounds, within the town he shall be chosen to represent, or any ratable estate to the value of two hundred pounds; and he shall cease to represent the said town immediately on his ceasing to be qualified as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Articles XIII. and XIV.]

ART. IV. Every male person, being twenty-one years of age, and resident in any particular town in this Commonwealth for the space of one year next preceding, having a freehold estate, within the same town, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to vote in the choice of a representative or representatives for the said town. [See Amendments, Article III.]

ART. V. The members of the house of representatives shall be chosen annually in the month of May, ten days, at least, before the last Wednesday of that month. [See Amendments, Articles X. and XV.]

ART. VI. The house of representatives shall be the grand inquest of this Commonwealth; and all impeachments made by them shall be heard and tried by the senate.

ART. VII. All money bills shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

ART. VIII. The house of representatives shall have power to adjourn themselves; provided such adjournment shall not exceed two days at a time.

ART. IX. Not less than sixty members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business.

ART. X. The house of representatives shall be the judge of the returns, elections, and qualifications of its own members, as pointed out in the constitution; shall choose their own speaker, appoint their own officers, and settle the rules and orders of proceeding in their own house. They shall have authority to punish by imprisonment every person, not a member, who shall be guilty of disrespect to the house, by any disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence; or who, in the town where the general court is sitting, and during the time of its sitting, shall threaten harm to the body or estate of any of its members, for any thing said or done in the house; or who shall assault any of them therefor; or who shall assault, or arrest, any witness, or other person, ordered to attend the house, in his way in going or returning; or who shall rescue any person arrested by the order of the house.

And no member of the house of representatives shall be arrested, or held to bail on mean process, during his going unto, returning from, or his attending, the general assembly.

ART. XI. The senate shall have the same powers in the like cases; and the governor and council shall have the same authority to punish in like cases; provided that no imprisonment, on the warrant or order of the governor, council, senate, or house of representatives, for either of the above described offences, be for a term exceeding thirty days.

And the senate and house of representatives may try and determine all cases where their rights and privileges are concerned, and which, by the constitution, they have authority to try and determine, by committees of their own members, or in such way as they may, respectively, think best.

CHAPTER II.

EXECUTIVE POWER.

SECTION II.

Governor.

ARTICLE I. There shall be a supreme executive magistrate, who shall be styled — THE GOVERNOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS;—and whose title shall be — *His Excellency*.

ART. II. The governor shall be chosen annually; and no person shall be eligible to this office, unless, at the time of his election, he shall have been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for seven years next preceding; and unless he shall, at the same time, be seized, in his own right, of a freehold, within the Commonwealth, of the value of one thousand pounds; and unless he shall declare himself to be of the Christian religion. [See Amendments, Article VII.]

ART. III. Those persons who shall be qualified to vote for senators and representatives, within the several towns of this Commonwealth, shall, at a meeting to be called for that purpose, on the first Monday of April, annually, give in their votes for a governor, to the selectmen, who shall preside at such meetings; and the town clerk, in the presence and with the assistance of the selectmen, shall, in open town meeting, sort and count the votes, and form a list of the persons voted for, with the number of votes for each person against his name; and shall make a fair record of the same in the town books, and a public declaration thereof in the said meeting; and shall, in the presence of the inhabitants, seal up copies of the said list, attested by him and the selectmen, and transmit the same to the sheriff of the county, thirty days at least before the last Wednes-

day in May; and the sheriff shall transmit the same to the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said last Wednesday in May; or the selectmen may cause returns of the same to be made to the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, seventeen days, at least, before the said day; and the secretary shall lay the same before the senate and the house of representatives, on the last Wednesday in May, to be by them examined; and in case of an election by a majority of all the votes returned, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but if no person shall have a majority of votes, the house of representatives shall, by ballot, elect two out of four persons, who had the highest number of votes, if so many shall have been voted for; but if otherwise, out of the number voted for; and make return to the senate of the two persons so elected; on which the senate shall proceed, by ballot, to elect one, who shall be declared governor. [See Amendments, Articles II., X., XIV., XV.]

ART. IV. The governor shall have authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together the councillors of this Commonwealth for the time being; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall, and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the Commonwealth, agreeably to the constitution and the laws of the land.

ART. V. The governor, with advice of council, shall have full power and authority, during the session of the general court, to adjourn or prorogue the same to any time the two houses shall desire; and to dissolve the same on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May; and, in the recess of the said court, to prorogue the same from time to time, not exceeding ninety days in any one recess; and to call it together sooner than the time to which it may be adjourned or prorogued, if the welfare of the Commonwealth shall require the same; and in case of any infectious

disorder prevailing in the place where the said court is next at any time to convene, or any other cause happening, whereby danger may arise to the health or lives of the members from their attendance, he may direct the session to be held at some other, the most convenient place within the State. [See Amendments, Article X.]

And the governor shall dissolve the said general court on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. VI. In cases of disagreement between the two houses, with regard to the necessity, expediency, or time of adjournment, or prorogation, the governor, with advice of the council, shall have a right to adjourn or prorogue the general court, not exceeding ninety days, as he shall determine the public good shall require.

ART. VII. The governor of this Commonwealth, for the time being, shall be the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, and of all the military forces of the state, by sea and land; and shall have full power, by himself, or by any commander, or other officer or officers, from time to time, to train, instruct, exercise, and govern the militia and navy; and, for the special defence and safety of the Commonwealth, to assemble in martial array, and put in warlike posture, the inhabitants thereof, and to lead and conduct them, and with them to encounter, repel, resist, expel, and pursue, by force of arms, as well by sea as by land, within or without the limits of this Commonwealth, and also to kill, slay, and destroy, if necessary, and conquer, by all fitting ways, enterprises, and means whatsoever, all and every such person and persons as shall, at any time hereafter, in a hostile manner, attempt or enterprise the destruction, invasion, detriment, or annoyance of this Commonwealth; and to use and exercise over the army and navy, and over the militia in actual service, the law-martial in time of war or invasion, and also in time

of rebellion, declared by the legislature to exist, as occasion shall necessarily require; and to take and surprise, by all ways and means whatsoever, all and every such person or persons, with their ships, arms, ammunition, and other goods, as shall, in a hostile manner, invade or attempt the invading, conquering, or annoying this Commonwealth; and that the governor be intrusted with all these and other powers, incident to the offices of captain-general and commander-in-chief, and admiral, to be exercised agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the land, and not otherwise.

Provided, that the said governor shall not, at any time hereafter, by virtue of any power by this constitution granted, or hereafter to be granted to him by the legislature, transport any of the inhabitants of this Commonwealth, or oblige them to march out of the limits of the same, without their free and voluntary consent, or the consent of the general court; except so far as may be necessary to march or transport them by land or water, for the defence of such part of the state to which they cannot otherwise conveniently have access.

ART. VIII. The power of pardoning offences, except such as persons may be convicted of before the senate, by an impeachment of the house, shall be in the governor, by and with the advice of council; but no charter of pardon, granted by the governor, with advice of the council, before conviction, shall avail the party pleading the same, notwithstanding any general or particular expressions contained therein, descriptive of the offence or offences intended to be pardoned.

ART. IX. All judicial officers, the attorney-general, the solicitor-general, all sheriffs, coroners, and registrars of probate, shall be nominated and appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council; and every such nomination shall be made by the governor,

and made at least seven days prior to such appointment. [See Amendments, Articles XIV., XVII., XIX.]

ART. X. The captains and subalterns of the militia shall be elected by the written votes of the train-band and alarm-list of their respective companies, of twenty-one years of age and upwards; the field officers of regiments shall be elected by the written votes of the captains and subalterns of their respective regiments; the brigadiers shall be elected in like manner, by the field officers of their respective brigades; and such officers, so elected, shall be commissioned by the governor, who shall determine their rank. [See Amendments, Article V.]

The legislature shall, by standing laws, direct the time and manner of convening the electors, and of collecting votes, and of certifying to the governor the officers elected.

The major-generals shall be appointed by the senate and house of representatives, each having a negative upon the other; and be commissioned by the governor.

And if the electors of brigadiers, field officers, captains, or subalterns, shall neglect or refuse to make such elections, after being duly notified, according to the laws for the time being, then the governor, with advice of council, shall appoint suitable persons to fill such offices.

And no officer, duly commissioned to command in the militia, shall be removed from his office but by the address of both houses to the governor, or by fair trial in court martial, pursuant to the laws of the Commonwealth for the time being. [See Amendments, Article IV.]

The commanding officers of regiments shall appoint their adjutants and quarter-masters; the brigadiers their brigade-majors; and the major-generals their aids; and the governor shall appoint the adjutant-general.

The governor, with advice of council, shall appoint all officers of the continental army, whom by the confederation of the United States it is provided that this Com-

monwealth appoint, — as also all officers of forts and garrisons.

The divisions of the militia into brigades, regiments and companies, made in pursuance of the militia laws now in force, shall be considered as the proper divisions of the militia of this Commonwealth until the same shall be altered in pursuance of some future law.

ART. XI. No moneys shall be issued out of the treasury of this Commonwealth and disposed of (except such sums as may be appropriated for the redemption of bills of credit or treasurer's notes, or for the payment of interest arising thereon) but by warrant under the hand of the governor for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the necessary defence and support of the Commonwealth, and for the protection and preservation of the inhabitants thereof, agreeably to the acts and resolves of the general court.

ART. XII. All public boards, the commissary-general, all superintending officers of public magazines and stores, belonging to this Commonwealth, and all commanding officers of forts and garrisons within the same, shall, once in every three months, officially and without requisition, and at other times when required by the governor, deliver to him an account of all goods, stores, provisions, ammunition, cannon with their appendages, and small arms with their accoutrements, and of all other public property whatever under their care, respectively; distinguishing the quantity, number, quality, and kind of each, as particularly as may be; together with the condition of such forts and garrisons; and the said commanding officer shall exhibit to the governor, when required by him, true and exact plans of such forts, and of the land and sea, or harbor or harbors, adjacent.

And the said boards, and all public officers, shall communicate to the governor, as soon as may be after receiving

the same, all letters, despatches, and intelligences of a public nature, which shall be directed to them respectively.

ART. XIII. As the public good requires that the governor should not be under the undue influence of any of the members of the general court, by a dependence on them for his support — that he should, in all cases, act with freedom for the benefit of the public — that he should not have his attention necessarily diverted from that object to his private concerns — and that he should maintain the dignity of the Commonwealth in the character of its chief magistrate — it is necessary that he should have an honorable stated salary, of a fixed and permanent value, amply sufficient for those purposes, and established by standing laws: and it shall be among the first acts of the general court, after the commencement of this constitution, to establish such salary by law accordingly.

Permanent and honorable salaries shall also be established by law for the justices of the supreme judicial court.

And if it shall be found that any of the salaries aforesaid, so established, are insufficient, they shall, from time to time, be enlarged, as the general court shall judge proper.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION II.

Lieutenant-Governor.

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected a lieutenant-governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, whose title shall be — *His Honor*; and who shall be qualified, in point of religion, property, and residence in the Commonwealth, in the same manner with the governor; and the day and manner of his election, and the qualifications of

the electors, shall be the same as are required in the election of a governor. The return of the votes for this officer, and the declaration of his election, shall be in the same manner; and if no one person shall be found to have a majority of all the votes returned, the vacancy shall be filled by the senate and house of representatives, in the same manner as the governor is to be elected, in case no one person shall have a majority of the votes of the people to be governor. [See Amendments, Articles III., VI., X., XV.]

ART. II. The governor, and in his absence the lieutenant-governor, shall be president of the council, but shall have no vote in council; and the lieutenant-governor shall always be a member of the council, except when the chair of the governor shall be vacant.

ART. III. Whenever the chair of the governor shall be vacant, by reason of his death, or absence from the Commonwealth, or otherwise, the lieutenant-governor, for the time being, shall, during such vacancy, perform all the duties incumbent upon the governor, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authorities, which, by this constitution, the governor is vested with, when personally present.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION III.

Council, and the Manner of settling Elections by the Legislature.

ARTICLE I. There shall be a council for advising the governor in the executive part of the government, to consist of nine persons besides the lieutenant-governor, whom the governor, for the time being, shall have full power and authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble

and call together; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the Commonwealth, according to the laws of the land. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

ART. II. Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the persons returned for councillors and senators, on the last Wednesday in May, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives assembled in one room; and in case there shall not be found, upon the first choice, the whole number of nine persons who will accept a seat in the council, the deficiency shall be made up by the electors aforesaid from among the people at large; and the number of senators left shall constitute the senate for the year. The seats of the persons thus elected from the senate, and accepting the trust, shall be vacated in the senate. [See Amendments, Articles X., XIII., XVI.]

ART. III. The councillors, in the civil arrangements of the Commonwealth, shall have rank next after the lieutenant-governor.

ART. IV. Not more than two councillors shall be chosen out of any one district of this Commonwealth.

ART. V. The resolutions and advice of the council shall be recorded in a register, and signed by the members present; and this record may be called for, at any time, by either house of the legislature; and any member of the council may insert his opinion, contrary to the resolution of the majority.

ART. VI. Whenever the office of the governor and lieutenant-governor shall be vacant, by reason of death, absence, or otherwise, then the council, or the major part

of them, shall, during such vacancy, have full power and authority to do and execute all and every such acts, matters, and things, as the governor or the lieutenant-governor might or could, by virtue of this constitution, do or execute, if they, or either of them, were personally present.

ART. VII. And whereas the elections appointed to be made by this constitution, on the last Wednesday in May, annually, by the two houses of the legislature, may not be completed on that day, the said elections may be adjourned from day to day, until the same shall be completed. And the order of elections shall be as follows: The vacancies in the senate, if any, shall first be filled up; the governor and lieutenant-governor shall then be elected, provided there should be no choice of them by the people; and afterwards the two houses shall proceed to the election of the council.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION IV.

Secretary, Treasurer, Commissary, &c.

ARTICLE I. The secretary, treasurer, and receiver-general, and the commissary-general, notaries public, and naval officers, shall be chosen annually, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives, in one room. And that the citizens of this Commonwealth may be assured, from time to time, that the moneys remaining in the public treasury, upon the settlement and liquidation of the public accounts, are their property, no man shall be eligible as treasurer and receiver-general more than five years successively. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII.]

ART. II. The records of the Commonwealth shall be kept in the office of the secretary, who may appoint his deputies,

for whose conduct he shall be accountable; and he shall attend the governor and council, the senate and house of representatives, in person, or by his deputies, as they shall respectively require.

CHAPTER III.

JUDICIARY POWER.

ARTICLE I. The tenure that all commission officers shall by law have in their offices shall be expressed in their respective commissions. All judicial officers, duly appointed, commissioned, and sworn, shall hold their offices during good behavior, excepting such concerning whom there is different provision made in this constitution: provided, nevertheless, the governor, with consent of the council, may remove them upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

ART. II. Each branch of the legislature, as well as the governor and council, shall have authority to require the opinions of the justices of the supreme judicial court, upon important questions of law, and upon solemn occasions.

ART. III. In order that the people may not suffer from the long continuance in place of any justice of the peace who shall fail of discharging the important duties of his office with ability or fidelity, all commissions of justices of the peace shall expire and become void in the term of seven years from their respective dates; and, upon the expiration of any commission, the same may, if necessary, be renewed, or another person appointed, as shall most conduce to the well-being of the Commonwealth.

ART. IV. The judges of probate of wills, and for granting letters of administration, shall hold their courts at such place or places, on fixed days, as the convenience of the

people shall require; and the legislature shall, from time to time, hereafter appoint such times and places; until which appointments, the said courts shall be holden at the times and places which the respective judges shall direct.

ART. V. All causes of marriage, divorce, and alimony, and all appeals from the judges of probate, shall be heard and determined by the governor and council, until the legislature shall, by law, make other provision.

CHAPTER IV.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

The delegates of this Commonwealth to the congress of the United States shall, some time in the month of June, annually, be elected by the joint ballot of the senate and house of representatives, assembled together in one room; to serve in congress for one year, to commence on the first Monday in November then next ensuing. They shall have commissions under the hand of the governor, and the great seal of the Commonwealth; but may be recalled at any time within the year, and others chosen and commissioned, in the same manner, in their stead. [Annulled by the adoption of the Constitution of the United States.]

CHAPTER V.

THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE, AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, ETC.

SECTION I.

The University.

ARTICLE I. Whereas our wise and pious ancestors, so early as the year one thousand six hundred and thirty-six, laid the foundation of Harvard College, in which univer-

sity many persons of great eminence have, by the blessing of God, been initiated in those arts and sciences which qualified them for public employments, both in church and state; and whereas the encouragement of arts and sciences, and all good literature, tends to the honor of God, the advantage of the Christian religion, and the great benefit of this and the other United States of America,—it is declared, that the PRESIDENT AND FELLOWS OF HARVARD COLLEGE, in their corporate capacity, and their successors in that capacity, their officers and servants, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers, authorities, rights, liberties, privileges, immunities, and franchises, which they now have, or are entitled to have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy; and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed unto them, the said president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, and to their officers and servants, respectively, forever.

ART. II. And whereas there have been, at sundry times, by divers persons, gifts, grants, devises of houses, lands, tenements, goods, chattels, legacies, and conveyances, heretofore made, either to Harvard College, in Cambridge, in New England, or to the president and fellows of Harvard College, or to the said college by some other description, under several charters successively; it is declared, that all the said gifts, grants, devises, legacies, and conveyances are hereby forever confirmed unto the president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, in the capacity aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of the donor or donors, grantor or grantors, devisor or devisors.

ART. III. And whereas by an act of the general court of the Colony of Massachusetts Bay, passed in the year one thousand six hundred and forty-two, the governor and deputy-governor for the time being, and all the magistrates of that jurisdiction, were, with the president, and a number of the clergy in the said act described, constituted

the overseers of Harvard College; and it being necessary, in this new constitution of government, to ascertain who shall be deemed successors to the said governor, deputy-governor, and magistrates; it is declared, that the governor, lieutenant-governor, council, and senate of this Commonwealth, are, and shall be deemed, their successors; who, with the president of Harvard College for the time being, together with the ministers of the congregational churches in the towns of Cambridge, Watertown, Charlestown, Boston, Roxbury, and Dorchester, mentioned in the said act, shall be, and hereby are, vested with all the powers and authority belonging, or in any way appertaining, to the overseers of Harvard College; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the legislature of this Commonwealth from making such alterations, in the government of the said university, as shall be conducive to its advantage, and the interest of the republic of letters, in as full a manner as might have been done by the legislature of the late Province of the Massachusetts Bay.

CHAPTER V.

SECTION II.

The Encouragement of Literature, &c.

Wisdom and knowledge, as well as virtue, diffused generally among the body of the people, being necessary for the preservation of their rights and liberties; and as these depend on spreading the opportunities and advantages of education in the various parts of the country, and among the different orders of the people, it shall be the duty of legislatures and magistrates, in all future periods of this Commonwealth, to cherish the interests of literature and the sciences, and all seminaries of them; especially the university at Cambridge, public schools, and grammar schools in the towns; to encourage private societies, and

public institutions, rewards and immunities for the promotion of agriculture, arts, sciences, commerce, trades, manufactures, and a natural history of the country; to countenance and inculcate the principles of humanity and general benevolence, public and private charity, industry and frugality, honesty and punctuality in their dealings; sincerity, good humor, and all social affections and generous sentiments among the people. [See Amendments, Article XVIII.]

CHAPTER VI.

OATHS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS; INCOMPATIBILITY OF AND EXCLUSION FROM OFFICES; PECUNIARY QUALIFICATIONS; COMMISSIONS; WRITS; CONFIRMATION OF LAWS; HABEAS CORPUS; THE ENACTING STYLE; CONTINUANCE OF OFFICERS; PROVISION FOR A FUTURE REVISAL OF THE CONSTITUTION, &c.

ARTICLE I. Any person chosen governor, lieutenant-governor, councillor, senator, or representative, and accepting the trust, shall, before he proceed to execute the duties of his place or office, make and subscribe the following declaration, viz.:

“I, A. B., do declare, that I believe the Christian religion, and have a firm persuasion of its truth; and that I am seized and possessed, in my own right, of the property required by the constitution, as one qualification for the office or place to which I am elected.” [See Amendments, Article VII.]

And the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors shall make and subscribe the said declaration in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and the senators and representatives first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution, and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being.

And every person chosen to either of the places or offices aforesaid, as also any person appointed or commissioned to any judicial, executive, military, or other office under the government, shall, before he enters on the discharge of the business of his place or office, take and subscribe the following declaration, and oaths or affirmations, viz.:

“I, A. B., do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and declare, that the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is, and of right ought to be, a free, sovereign, and independent State; and I do swear that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the said Commonwealth, and that I will defend the same against traitorous conspiracies and all hostile attempts whatsoever; and that I do renounce and abjure all allegiance, subjection, and obedience to the king, queen, or government of Great Britain, (as the case may be,) and every other foreign power whatsoever; and that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate, hath, or ought to have, any jurisdiction, superiority, pre-eminence, authority, dispensing or other power, in any matter, civil, ecclesiastical, or spiritual, within this Commonwealth; except the authority and power which is or may be vested by their constituents in the congress of the United States; and I do further testify and declare, that no man, or body of men, hath, or can have, any right to absolve or discharge me from the obligation of this oath, declaration, or affirmation; and that I do make this acknowledgment, profession, testimony, declaration, denial, renunciation, and abjuration, heartily and truly, according to the common meaning and acceptance of the foregoing words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation whatsoever. So help me, God.”

“I, A. B., do solemnly swear and affirm, that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as _____, according to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to the

rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the Commonwealth. So help me, God." [See Amendments, Article VI.]

Provided, always, that when any person, chosen or appointed as aforesaid, shall be of the denomination of the people called Quakers, and shall decline taking the said oaths, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, and subscribe the same, omitting the words, "*I do swear,*" "*and abjure,*" "*oath or,*" "*and abjuration,*" in the first oath; and in the second oath, the words, "*swear and;*" and in each of them the words, "*So help me, God;*" subjoining, instead thereof, "*This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury.*" [See Amendments, Article VI.]

And the said oaths or affirmations shall be taken and subscribed by the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, before the president of the senate, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and by the senators and representatives first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being; and by the residue of the officers aforesaid, before such persons, and in such manner, as from time to time shall be prescribed by the legislature.

ART. II. No governor, lieutenant-governor, or judge of the supreme judicial court shall hold any other office or place under the authority of this Commonwealth, except such as by this constitution they are admitted to hold, saving that the judges of the said court may hold the offices of justices of the peace through the state; nor shall they hold any other place or office, or receive any pension or salary, from any other state, or government, or power, whatever.

No person shall be capable of holding or exercising at the same time, within this State, more than one of the fol-

lowing offices, viz.: judge of probate, sheriff, register of probate, or register of deeds; and never more than any two offices, which are to be held by appointment of the governor, or the governor and council, or the senate, or the house of representatives, or by the election of the people of the state at large, or of the people of any county, military offices and the offices of justices of the peace excepted, shall be held by one person.

No person holding the office of judge of the supreme judicial court, secretary, attorney-general, solicitor-general, treasurer, or receiver-general, judge of probate, commissary-general, president, professor or instructor of Harvard College, sheriff, clerk of the house of representatives, register of probate, register of deeds, clerk of the supreme judicial court, clerk of the inferior court of common pleas, or officer of the customs,—including, in this description, naval officers,—shall at the same time have a seat in the senate or house of representatives; but their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the senate or house of representatives; and the place so vacated shall be filled up. [See Amendments, Article VIII.]

And the same rule shall take place in case any judge of the said supreme judicial court, or judge of probate, shall accept a seat in council; or any councillor shall accept of either of those offices or places.

And no person shall ever be admitted to hold a seat in the legislature, or any office of trust or importance under the government of this Commonwealth, who shall, in the due course of law, have been convicted of bribery or corruption in obtaining an election or appointment.

ART. III. In all cases where sums of money are mentioned in this constitution, the value thereof shall be computed in silver, at six shillings and eightpence per ounce; and it shall be in the power of the legislature, from time to time, to increase such qualifications, as to property, of the

persons to be elected to offices, as the circumstances of the Commonwealth shall require.

ART. IV. All commissions shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, signed by the governor, and attested by the secretary or his deputy, and have the great seal of the Commonwealth affixed thereto.

ART. V. All writs, issuing out of the clerk's office in any of the courts of law, shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; they shall be under the seal of the court from whence they issue; they shall bear test of the first justice of the court to which they shall be returnable, who is not a party, and be signed by the clerk of such court.

ART. VI. All the laws which have heretofore been adopted, used, and approved in the Province, Colony, or State of Massachusetts Bay, and usually practised on in the courts of law, shall still remain and be in full force, until altered or repealed by the legislature; such parts only excepted as are repugnant to the rights and liberties contained in this constitution.

ART. VII. The privilege and benefit of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall be enjoyed in this Commonwealth in the most free, easy, cheap, expeditious, and ample manner; and shall not be suspended by the legislature, except upon the most urgent and pressing occasions, and for a limited time, not exceeding twelve months.

ART. VIII. The enacting style, in making and passing all acts, statutes, and laws, shall be, "Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same."

ART. IX. To the end there may be no failure of justice, or danger arise to the Commonwealth, from a change of

the form of government, all officers, civil and military, holding commissions under the government and people of Massachusetts Bay, in New England, and all other officers of the said government and people, at the time this constitution shall take effect, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy all the powers and authority to them granted or committed, until other persons shall be appointed in their stead; and all courts of law shall proceed in the execution of the business of their respective departments; and all the executive and legislative officers, bodies, and powers shall continue in full force, in the enjoyment and exercise of all their trusts, employments, and authority, until the general court and the supreme and executive officers under this constitution are designated, and invested with their respective trusts, powers, and authority.

ART. X. In order the more effectually to adhere to the principles of the constitution, and to correct those violations which by any means may be made therein, as well as to form such alterations as from experience shall be found necessary, the general court which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five shall issue precepts to the selectmen of the several towns, and to the assessors of the unincorporated plantations, directing them to convene the qualified voters of their respective towns and plantations, for the purpose of collecting their sentiments on the necessity or expediency of revising the constitution, in order to amendments.

And if it shall appear, by the returns made, that two thirds of the qualified voters throughout the State, who shall assemble and vote in consequence of the said precepts, are in favor of such revision or amendment, the general court shall issue precepts, or direct them to be issued from the secretary's office, to the several towns, to elect delegates to meet in convention for the purpose aforesaid.

The said delegates to be chosen in the same manner and

proportion as their representatives in the second branch of the legislature are by this constitution to be chosen.

-ART. XI. This form of government shall be enrolled on parchment, and deposited in the secretary's office, and be a part of the laws of the land; and printed copies thereof shall be prefixed to the book containing the laws of this Commonwealth, in all future editions of the said laws.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT.

ARTICLE I. If any bill or resolve shall be objected to, and not approved by the governor, and if the general court shall adjourn within five days after the same shall have been laid before the governor for his approbation, and thereby prevent his returning it, with his objections, as provided by the constitution, such bill or resolve shall not become a law, nor have force as such.

ART. II. The general court shall have full power and authority to erect and constitute municipal or city governments, in any corporate town or towns in this Commonwealth, and to grant to the inhabitants thereof such powers, privileges, and immunities not repugnant to the constitution, as the general court shall deem necessary or expedient for the regulation and government thereof; and to prescribe the manner of calling and holding public meetings of the inhabitants in wards or otherwise, for the election of officers under the constitution, and the manner of returning the votes given at such meetings: provided, that no such government shall be erected or constituted in any town not containing twelve thousand inhabitants; nor unless it be with the consent, and on the application, of a majority of the inhabitants of such town, present and voting thereon, pursuant to a vote at a meeting duly warned

and holden for that purpose: and provided, also, that all by-laws, made by such municipal or city government, shall be subject, at all times, to be annulled by the general court.

ART. III. Every male citizen of twenty-one years of age and upwards (excepting paupers and persons under guardianship), who shall have resided within the Commonwealth one year, and within the town or district in which he may claim a right to vote six calendar months, next preceding any election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, or representatives, and who shall have paid, by himself or his parent, master, or guardian, any state or county tax, which shall, within two years next preceding such election, have been assessed upon him, in any town or district of this Commonwealth; and also every citizen who shall be by law exempted from taxation, and who shall be in all other respects qualified as above mentioned, shall have a right to vote in such election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives; and no other person shall be entitled to vote in such elections.

ART. IV. Notaries public shall be appointed by the governor in the same manner as judicial officials are appointed, and shall hold their offices during seven years, unless sooner removed by the governor, with the consent of the council, upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

In case the office of secretary or treasurer of the Commonwealth shall become vacant from any cause, during the recess of the general court, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, shall nominate and appoint, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, a competent and suitable person to such vacant office, who shall hold the same until a successor shall be appointed by the general court. [See Amendments, Article XVII.]

Whenever the exigencies of the Commonwealth shall require the appointment of a commissary-general, he shall

be nominated, appointed, and commissioned in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

All officers commissioned to command in the militia may be removed from office in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

ART. V. In the elections of captains and subalterns of the militia, all the members of their respective companies, as well those under as those above the age of twenty-one years, shall have a right to vote.

ART. VI. Instead of the oath of allegiance prescribed by the constitution, the following oath shall be taken and subscribed by every person chosen or appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of this Commonwealth, before he shall enter on the duties of his office, to wit:—

“I, A. B., do solemnly swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and will support the constitution thereof. So help me, God.”

Provided, That when any person shall be of the denomination called Quakers, and shall decline taking said oath, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, omitting the word “swear,” and inserting, instead thereof, the word “affirm,” and omitting the words “So help me, God,” and subjoining, instead thereof, the words “This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury.”

ART. VII. No oath, declaration, or subscription, excepting the oath prescribed in the preceding article, and the oath of office, shall be required of the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, or representatives, to qualify them to perform the duties of their respective offices.

ART. VIII. No judge of any court of this Commonwealth (except the court of sessions), and no person hold-

ing any office under the authority of the United States (postmasters excepted), shall, at the same time, hold the office of governor, lieutenant-governor, or councillor, or have a seat in the senate or house of representatives of this Commonwealth; and no judge of any court in this Commonwealth (except the court of sessions), nor the attorney-general, solicitor-general, county-attorney, clerk of any court, sheriff, treasurer, and receiver-general, register of probate, nor register of deeds, shall continue to hold his said office after being elected a member of the Congress of the United States, and accepting that trust; but the acceptance of such trust, by any of the officers aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a resignation of his said office; and judges of the courts of common pleas shall hold no other office under the government of this Commonwealth, the office of justice of the peace and militia offices excepted.

ART. IX. If, in any time hereafter, any specific and particular amendment or amendments to the constitution be proposed in the general court, and agreed to by a majority of the senators and two thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on the journals of the two houses, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the general court then next to be chosen, and shall be published; and if in the general court next chosen, as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the senators and two thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, then it shall be the duty of the general court to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people; and if they shall be approved and ratified by a majority of the qualified voters, voting thereon, at meetings legally warned and holden for that purpose, they shall become part of the constitution of the Commonwealth.

ART. X. The political year shall begin on the first Wednesday of January, instead of the last Wednesday of May; and the general court shall assemble every year on the said first Wednesday of January, and shall proceed, at that session, to make all the elections, and to do all the other acts, which are by the constitution required to be made and done at the session which has heretofore commenced on the last Wednesday of May. And the general court shall be dissolved on the day next preceding the first Wednesday of January, without any proclamation or other act of the governor. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the general court from assembling at such other times as they shall judge necessary, or when called together by the governor. The governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors shall also hold their respective offices for one year next following the first Wednesday of January, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead.

The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the second Monday of November in every year; but meetings may be adjourned, if necessary, for the choice of representatives, to the next day, and again to the next succeeding day, but no further. But in case a second meeting shall be necessary for the choice of representatives, such meetings shall be held on the fourth Monday of the same month of November. [See Amendments, Article XV.]

All the other provisions of the constitution, respecting the elections and proceedings of the members of the general court, or of any other officers or persons whatever, that have reference to the last Wednesday of May as the commencement of the political year, shall be so far altered as to have like reference to the first Wednesday of January.

This article shall go into operation on the first day of October, next following the day when the same shall be duly ratified and adopted as an amendment of the constitu-

tion; and the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, representatives, and all other state officers, who are annually chosen, and who shall be chosen for the current year, when the same shall go into operation, shall hold their respective offices until the first Wednesday of January then next following, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead, and no longer; and the first election of the governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, to be had in virtue of this article, shall be had conformably thereunto, in the month of November following the day on which the same shall be in force and go into operation, pursuant to the foregoing provision.

All the provisions of the existing constitution, inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XI. Instead of the third article of the bill of rights, the following modification and amendment thereof is substituted:—

As the public worship of God, and instructions in piety, religion, and morality, promote the happiness and prosperity of a people, and the security of a republican government; therefore, the several religious societies of this Commonwealth, whether corporate or unincorporate, at any meeting legally warned and holden for that purpose, shall ever have the right to elect their pastors or religious teachers, to contract with them for their support, to raise money for erecting and repairing houses for public worship, for the maintenance of religious instruction, and for the payment of necessary expenses: and all persons belonging to any religious society shall be taken and held to be members, until they shall file with the clerk of said society a written notice declaring the dissolution of their membership, and thenceforth shall not be liable for any grant or contract which may be thereafter made or entered into by such society: and all religious sects and denominations, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good citizens of the Commonwealth, shall

be equally under the protection of the law; and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law.

ART. XII. In order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this Commonwealth, founded upon the principles of equality, a census of the ratable polls in each city, town, and district of the Commonwealth, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, in such manner as the legislature shall provide, within the month of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in every tenth year thereafter, in the month of May, in manner aforesaid: and each town or city having three hundred ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls may elect one representative, and for every four hundred and fifty ratable polls, in addition to the first three hundred, one representative more. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Any town having less than three hundred ratable polls shall be represented thus: The whole number of ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls shall be multiplied by ten, and the product divided by three hundred; and such town may elect one representative as many years within ten years as three hundred is contained in the product aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Any city or town having ratable polls enough to elect one or more representatives, with any number of polls beyond the necessary number, may be represented, as to that surplus number, by multiplying such surplus number by ten, and dividing the product by four hundred and fifty; and such city or town may elect one additional representative as many years within the ten years as four hundred and fifty is contained in the product aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Any two or more of the several towns and districts may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting in each of said towns and districts, respectively, called for that purpose, and held previous to the first day of July, in the year in which the decennial census of polls shall be taken, form themselves into a representative district, to continue until the next decennial census of polls, for the election of a representative or representatives; and such districts shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of ratable polls. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

The governor and council shall ascertain and determine, within the months of July and August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, according to the foregoing principles, the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of years, within the period of ten years then next ensuing, that each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years within the ten years such town may elect a representative: and the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the governor and council, and the number of ratable polls in each decennial census of polls shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district may elect as aforesaid; and when the number of representatives to be elected by each city, town, or representative district is ascertained and determined as aforesaid, the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith for the information of the people, and that number shall remain fixed and unalterable for the period of ten years. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XIII. A census of the inhabitants of each city and town on the first day of May shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, on or before the last day of June, of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and of every tenth year thereafter; which census shall determine the apportionment of senators and representatives for the term of ten years.

The several senatorial districts now existing shall be permanent. The senate shall consist of forty members; and in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, the governor and council shall assign the number of senators to be chosen in each district according to the number of inhabitants in the same. But, in all cases, at least one senator shall be assigned to each district.

The members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned in the following manner: Every town or city containing twelve hundred inhabitants may elect one representative; and two thousand four hundred inhabitants shall be the mean increasing number which shall entitle it to an additional representative.

Every town containing less than twelve hundred inhabitants shall be entitled to elect a representative as many times within ten years as the number one hundred and sixty is contained in the number of the inhabitants of said town. Such towns may also elect one representative for the year in which the valuation of estates within the Commonwealth shall be settled.

Any two or more of the several towns may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting in each of said towns, respectively, called for that purpose, and held before the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, form themselves into a representative district, to continue for the term of ten years; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of inhabitants.

The number of inhabitants which shall entitle a town to elect one representative, and the mean increasing number which shall entitle a town or city to elect more than one, and also the number by which the population of towns not entitled to a representative every year is to be divided, shall be increased, respectively, by one tenth of the numbers above mentioned whenever the population of the Commonwealth shall have increased to seven hundred and seventy thousand, and for every additional increase of seventy thousand inhabitants, the same addition of one tenth shall be made, respectively, to the said numbers above mentioned.

In the year of each decennial census, the governor and council shall, before the first day of September, apportion the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and ascertain how many years, within ten years, any town may elect a representative, which is not entitled to elect one every year; and the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith.

Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the people at large, on the first Wednesday of January, or as soon thereafter as may be, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives, assembled in one room, who shall, as soon as may be, in a like manner, fill up any vacancies that may happen in the council, by death, resignation, or otherwise. No person shall be elected a councillor who has not been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election; and not more than one councillor shall be chosen from any one senatorial district in the Commonwealth. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

No possession of a freehold, or of any other estate, shall be required as a qualification for holding a seat in either branch of the general court, or in the executive council.

ART. XIV. In all elections of civil officers by the people of this Commonwealth, whose election is provided for by the

constitution, the person having the highest number of votes shall be deemed and declared to be elected.

ART. XV. The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, annually; but in case of a failure to elect representatives on that day, a second meeting shall be holden for that purpose, on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.

ART. XVI. Eight councillors shall be annually chosen by the inhabitants of this Commonwealth, qualified to vote for governor. The election of councillors shall be determined by the same rule that is required in the election of governor. The legislature, at its first session after this amendment shall have been adopted, and at its first session after the next State census shall have been taken, and at its first session after each decennial State census thereafterwards, shall divide the Commonwealth into eight districts of contiguous territory, each containing a number of inhabitants as nearly equal as practicable, without dividing any town, or ward of a city, and each entitled to elect one councillor: *provided, however*, that if, at any time, the constitution shall provide for the division of the Commonwealth into forty senatorial districts, then the legislature shall so arrange the councillor districts, that each district shall consist of five contiguous senatorial districts, as they shall be, from time to time, established by the legislature. No person shall be eligible to the office of councillor who has not been an inhabitant of the Commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election. The day and manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the said elections, shall be the same as are required in the election of governor. Whenever there shall be a failure to elect the full number of councillors, the vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as required for filling vacancies in the senate; and vacancies occasioned

by death, removal from the State, or otherwise, shall be filled in like manner as soon as may be after such vacancies shall have happened. And that there may be no delay in the organization of the government on the first Wednesday of January, the governor, with at least five councillors for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of the records for the election of governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors; and ten days before the said first Wednesday in January, he shall issue his summons to such persons as appear to be chosen, to attend on that day to be qualified accordingly; and the secretary shall lay the returns before the senate and house of representatives on the said first Wednesday in January, to be by them examined; and in case of the election of either of said officers, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but in case there shall be no election of either of said officers, the legislature shall proceed to fill such vacancies in the manner provided in the constitution for the choice of such officers.

ART. XVII. The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general, auditor, and attorney-general, shall be chosen annually, on the day in November prescribed for the choice of governor; and each person then chosen as such, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office for the term of one year from the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, and until another is chosen and qualified in his stead. The qualification of the voters, the manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the election, shall be such as are required in the election of governor. In case of a failure to elect either of said officers on the day in November aforesaid, or in case of the decease, in the mean time, of the person elected as such, such officer shall be chosen on or before the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, from the two persons who had the highest number of votes for said offices on the day in November aforesaid, by joint ballot of the

senators and representatives, in one room; and in case the office of secretary, or treasurer and receiver-general, or auditor, or attorney-general, shall become vacant, from any cause, during an annual or special session of the general court, such vacancy shall in like manner be filled by choice from the people at large; but if such vacancy shall occur at any other time, it shall be supplied by the governor by appointment, with the advice and consent of the council. The person so chosen or appointed, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office until his successor is chosen and duly qualified in his stead. In case any person chosen or appointed to either of the offices aforesaid shall neglect, for the space of ten days after he could otherwise enter upon his duties, to qualify himself in all respects to enter upon the discharge of such duties, the office to which he has been elected or appointed shall be deemed vacant. No person shall be eligible to either of said offices unless he shall have been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth five years next preceding his election or appointment.

ART. XVIII. All moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys which may be appropriated by the State for the support of common schools, shall be applied to, and expended in, no other schools than those which are conducted according to law, under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is to be expended; and such moneys shall never be appropriated to any religious sect for the maintenance, exclusively, of its own schools.

ART. XIX. The legislature shall prescribe, by general law, for the election of sheriffs, registers of probate, commissioners of insolvency, and clerks of the courts, by the people of the several counties, and that district-attorneys shall be chosen by the people of the several districts, for such term of office as the legislature shall prescribe.

ART. XX. No person shall have the right to vote, or be eligible to office under the constitution of this Commonwealth, who shall not be able to read the constitution in the English language, and write his name: *provided, however,* that the provisions of this amendment shall not apply to any person prevented by a physical disability from complying with its requisitions, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any person who shall be sixty years of age or upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect.

ART. XXI. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of representatives for the periods between the taking of the census.

The house of representatives shall consist of two hundred and forty members, which shall be apportioned by the legislature, at its first session after the return of each enumeration as aforesaid, to the several counties of the Commonwealth, equally as near as may be, according to their relative number of legal voters, as ascertained by the next preceding special enumeration; and the town of Cohasset, in the county of Norfolk, shall, for this purpose, as well in the formation of districts, as hereinafter provided, be considered a part of the county of Plymouth; and it shall be the duty of the

secretary of the Commonwealth, to certify, as soon as may be after it is determined by the legislature, the number of representatives to which each county shall be entitled, to the board authorized to divide each county into representative districts. The mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, the county commissioners of other counties than Suffolk, — or in lieu of the mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, or of the county commissioners in each county other than Suffolk, such board of special commissioners in each county to be elected by the people of the county, or of the towns therein, as may for that purpose be provided by law, shall, on the first Tuesday of August next after each assignment of representatives to each county, assemble at a shire town of their respective counties, and proceed, as soon as may be, to divide the same into representative districts of contiguous territory, so as to apportion the representation assigned to each county equally, as nearly as may be, according to the relative number of legal voters in the several districts of each county; and such districts shall be so formed that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor, nor shall any district be made which shall be entitled to elect more than three representatives. Every representative, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and shall cease to represent such district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. The districts in each county shall be numbered by the board creating the same, and a description of each, with the numbers thereof, and the number of legal voters therein, shall be returned by the board, to the secretary of the Commonwealth, the county treasurer of each county, and to the clerk of every town in each district, to be filed and kept in their respective offices. The manner of calling and conducting the meetings for the choice of representatives, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. Not less than one hundred members of the house of representatives shall con-

stitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.

ART. XXII. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of senators for the periods between the taking of the census. The senate shall consist of forty members. The general court shall, at its first session after each next preceding special enumeration, divide the Commonwealth into forty districts of adjacent territory, each district to contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of legal voters, according to the enumeration aforesaid: *provided, however,* that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties, or parts of two or more counties, into one district. Each district shall elect one senator, who shall have been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth five years at least immediately preceding his election, and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen; and he shall cease to represent such senatorial district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. Not less than sixteen senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.

ART. XXIII. No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth: *provided*, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof: and *provided, further*, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom. [See Amendments, Article XXVI.]

ART XXIV. Any vacancy in the senate shall be filled by election by the people of the unrepresented district, upon the order of a majority of senators elected.

ART. XXV. In case of a vacancy in the council, from a failure of election, or other cause, the senate and house of representatives shall, by concurrent vote, choose some eligible person from the people of the district wherein such vacancy occurs, to fill that office. If such vacancy shall happen when the legislature is not in session, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, may fill the same by appointment of some eligible person.

ART. XXVI. The twenty-third article of the articles of amendment of the constitution of this Commonwealth, which is as follows, to wit: "No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth: *provided*, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof: and *provided, further*, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a

citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom," is hereby wholly annulled.

[Note. — Soon after the Declaration of Independence, steps were taken in Massachusetts towards framing a Constitution, or Form of Government. The Council and House of Representatives, or the General Court of 1777–8, in accordance with a recommendation of the General Court, of the previous year, met together as a Convention, and adopted a form of Constitution "for the State of Massachusetts Bay," which was submitted to the people, and by them rejected. This attempt to form a Constitution having proved unsuccessful, the General Court on the 20th of February, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the qualified voters to give in their votes upon the questions — Whether they chose to have a new Constitution or Form of Government made, and, Whether they will empower their representatives to vote for calling a State Convention for that purpose. A large majority of the inhabitants having voted in the affirmative to both these questions, the General Court, on the 17th of June, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the inhabitants to meet and choose delegates to a Constitutional Convention, to be held at Cambridge, on the 1st of September, 1779. The Convention met at time and place appointed, and organized by choosing James Bowdoin, President, and Samuel Barrett, Secretary. On the 11th of November the Convention adjourned, to meet at the Representatives' Chamber, in Boston, January 5th, 1780. On the 2d of March, of the same year, a form of Constitution having been agreed upon, a Resolve was passed by which the same was submitted to the people, and the Convention adjourned to meet at the Brattle Street Church, in Boston, June the 7th. At that time and place, the Convention again met, and appointed a Committee to examine the returns of votes from the several towns. On the 14th of June the Committee reported, and on the 15th, the Convention resolved, "That the people of the State of Massachusetts Bay have accepted the Constitution as it stands, in the printed form submitted to their revision." A Resolve providing for carrying the new Constitution into effect was passed; and the Convention then, on the 16th of June, 1780, was finally dissolved. In accordance with the Resolves referred to, elections immediately took place in the several towns; and the first General Court of the COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS met at the State House, in Boston, on Wednesday, October 25th, 1780.

The Constitution contained a provision providing for taking, in 1795, the sense of the people as to the expediency or necessity of revising the original instrument. But no such revision was deemed necessary at that time. On the 16th of June, 1820, an Act was passed by the General Court, calling upon the people to meet in their several towns, and give in their votes upon the question, "Is it expedient that Delegates should be

chosen to meet in Convention for the purpose of revising or altering the Constitution of Government of this Commonwealth?" A large majority of the people of the State having voted in favor of revision, the Governor issued a proclamation announcing the fact, and calling upon the people to vote, in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Act, for delegates to the proposed Convention. The delegates met at the State House, in Boston, November 15, 1820, and organized by choosing John Adams, President, and Benjamin Pollard, Secretary. Mr. Adams, however, declined the appointment, and Isaac Parker was chosen in his stead. On the 9th of January, 1821; the Convention agreed to fourteen Articles of Amendment, and after passing a Resolve providing for submitting the same to the people, and appointing a committee to meet to count the votes upon the subject, was dissolved. The people voted on Monday, April 19, 1821, and the Committee of the Convention met at the State House to count the votes, on Wednesday, May 24th. They made their return to the General Court; and at the request of the latter the Governor issued his proclamation on the 5th of June, 1821, announcing that nine of the fourteen Articles of Amendments had been adopted. These articles are numbered in the preceding pages from *one* to *nine*, inclusive.

The *tenth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1829–30, and 1830–31, and was approved and ratified by the people May 11th, 1831.

The *eleventh* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1832 and 1833, and was approved and ratified by the people November 11th, 1833.

The *twelfth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1835 and 1836, and was approved and ratified by the people November 14th, 1836.

The *thirteenth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1839 and 1840, and was approved and ratified by the people April 6th, 1840.

The General Court of the year 1851 passed an Act calling a third Convention to revise the Constitution. The Act was submitted to the people, and a majority voted against the proposed Convention. In 1852, on the 7th of May, another Act was passed calling upon the people to vote upon the question of calling a Constitutional Convention. A majority of the people having voted in favor of the proposed Convention, election for delegates thereto took place in March, 1853. The Convention met in the State House, in Boston, on the 4th day of May, 1853, and organized by choosing Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., President, and William S. Robinson and James T. Robinson, Secretaries. On the 1st of August, this Convention agreed to a form of Constitution, and on the same day was dissolved, after having provided for submitting the same to the people, and appointed a committee to meet to count the votes, and to make a return

thereof to the General Court. The Committee met at the time and place agreed upon, and found that the proposed Constitution had been rejected.

The *fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, and nineteenth* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of 1854 and 1855, and were approved and ratified by the people May 23, 1855.

The *twentieth, twenty-first, and twenty-second* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1856 and 1857, and were approved and ratified by the people May 1st, 1857.

The *twenty-third* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1858 and 1859, and was approved and ratified by the people May 9th, 1859.

The *twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1859 and 1860, and were approved and ratified by the people May 17th, 1860.

The *twenty-sixth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1862 and 1863, and was approved and ratified April 6th, 1863.]

CHAPTER CCXLV.


AN ACT to regulate the Times and Manner of holding
Elections for Senators in Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
That the legislature of each state which shall be chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any senator was elected to represent said State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a senator in Congress, in the place of such senator so going out of office, in the following manner: Each house shall openly, by a *viva voce* vote of each member present, name one person for senator in Congress from said state, and the name of the person so voted for, who shall have a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each house, shall be entered on the journal of each house by the clerk or secretary thereof; but if either house shall fail to give such majority to any person on said day, that fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock, meridian, on the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place, as aforesaid, the members of the two houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each house shall then be read, and if the same person shall have received a majority of all the votes in each house, such person shall be declared duly elected senator to represent said state in the Congress of the United States; but if the same person shall not have received a majority of the votes in each house, or if either house shall have failed to take proceedings as required by this act, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a *viva voce* vote of each member present, a person for the purpose aforesaid, and the person having a majority of all the votes

of the said joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected; and in case no person shall receive such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock, meridian, of each succeeding day during the session of the legislature, and take at least one vote, until a senator shall be elected.

SECT. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever, on the meeting of the legislature of any State, a vacancy shall exist in the representation of such State in the senate of the United States, said legislature shall proceed, on the second Tuesday after the commencement and organization of its session, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner hereinbefore provided for the election of a senator for a full term; and if a vacancy shall happen during the session of the legislature, then on the second Tuesday after the legislature shall have been organized, and shall have notice of such vacancy.

SECT. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the governor of the State from which any senator shall have been chosen as aforesaid, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the president of the senate of the United States, which certificate shall be countersigned by the secretary of state of the State. *Approved July 25, 1866.*



STATISTICS.

HISTORICAL, STATE, COUNTY, DISTRICT, POST-OFFICE,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[The following Table is copied from the "Abstract of the Census of 1860," prepared in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth by GEORGE WINGATE CHASE, and published in 1863. The compilers of the Manual have made the alterations and additions necessary to bring the facts up to 1878.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 2, 1685.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Barnstable . . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian names, Chequocket, Coatuit, etc.
Brewster . . .	Feb. 19, 1803,	Indian name, Sawkattukett. Northerly part of Harwich. Part of Harwich annexed to Brewster, June 21, 1811.
Chatham . . .	June 11, 1712,	Indian name, Manamoit. Boundary line between it and Orleans, and also between it and Harwich, changed, 1862.
Dennis . . .	June 19, 1793,	East Precinct of Yarmouth.
Eastham . . .	June 2, 1646,	Indian name, Nauset. See <i>Orleans</i> .
Falmouth . . .	June 4, 1686,	Indian name, Succanesset. Part of Marshpee annexed to Falmouth, Mar. 17, 1841. See <i>Marshpee</i> .
Harwich . . .	Sept. 14, 1694,	Indian name, Satucket. See <i>Brewster</i> and <i>Chatham</i> .

Mashpee . . .	May 28, 1870,	Plantation of Marshpee incorp. June 14, 1763, except parts annexed to Falmouth and Sandwich. Incorp. as District of Marshpee, Mar. 31, 1864. Part of Sandwich annexed to, Mar. 19, 1872. See <i>Falmouth</i> and <i>Sandwich</i> .
Orleans . . .	Mar. 3, 1797,	Southerly part of Eastham. Part of Eastham annexed to Orleans, Mar. 9, 1839. Boundary line between it and Eastham defined Mar. 23, 1867. See <i>Chatham</i> .
Provincetown . .	June 14, 1717,	Cape Cod Precinct. Parts of Truro annexed to Provincetown, June 12, 1813, Mar. 2, 1829, and Mar. 30, 1836.
Sandwich . . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian name, Shaune. Parts of Marshpee annexed to Sandwich, Feb. 26, 1811, Apr. 1859, and Mar. 13, 1860. Part of, annexed to Mashpee, Mar. 19, 1872. See <i>Mashpee</i> .
Truro . . .	July 16, 1709,	Indian name, Pawinet, or Meeshawn. Boundary line between Truro and Wellfleet estab. Feb. 22, 1837. See <i>Provincetown</i> .
Wellfleet . . .	June 16, 1763,	Indian name, Punonakanit. North Precinct of Eastham. Incorp. as a District.* See <i>Truro</i> .
Yarmouth . . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian name, Mattacheese, or Nobscuset. See <i>Dennis</i> .

* By an Act of March 23, 1786, all places incorporated by the name of Districts before the first day of January, 1777, were "declared to be towns, to every intent and purpose whatever." By the same Act, Districts incorporated subsequent to 1777 were vested with similar powers and privileges.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY. INCORP. APRIL 24, 1761. See Hampshire County.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Adams	Oct. 15, 1778,	East Hoosuck. See <i>Cheshire</i> .
Alford	Feb. 16, 1773,	Westerly part of Great Barrington. Part of Great Barrington annexed to Alford, Feb. 18, 1819. See <i>Egremont</i> .
Becket	June 21, 1765,	"No. 4." Several grants of land annexed to Becket, Feb. 3, 1798. Part of Loudon (Bethlehem) annexed to Becket, Mar. 1, 1810. See <i>Middlefield</i> .
<i>Boston Corner (Dist.)</i>	Apr. 14, 1838,	Incorporated as a District from unincorporated land. Boundary line between Mount Washington and Boston Corner estab. Mar. 12, 1847. Boston Corner (940 acres and 73 inhabitants) ceded to State of New York, May 14, 1853.
Cheshire	Mar. 14, 1793,	From parts of Lanesborough, Windsor, Adams, and New Ashford. Part of New Ashford annexed to Cheshire, Feb. 6, 1798. See <i>Windsor</i> .
Clarksburg	Mar. 2, 1798,	From a gore of unincorporated land lying north of Adams. See <i>Florida</i> .
Dalton	Mar. 20, 1784,	Ashuelot Equivalent. Part of Windsor annexed to Dalton, Feb. 28, 1795.

Egremont . . .	Feb. 13, 1760,	From lands lying west of Sheffield. Boundary line between Egremont and Alford estab. Feb. 6, 1790. Parts of Sheffield annexed to Egremont, Feb. 22, 1790, and Feb. 16, 1824 ; and part of Mount Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line between it and Sheffield estab. 1869. See <i>Mt. Washington</i> .
Florida . . .	June 15, 1805,	From Bernardstone's (Barnardston's) Grant, and a part of Bullock's Grant (unincorporated lands). Part of Clarksburg annexed to Florida, May 2, 1848.
Great Barrington . . .	June 30, 1761,	North Parish of Sheffield. Upper Hoosatonnuck. See <i>Alford</i> .
Hancock . . .	July 2, 1776,	Jericho. See <i>New Ashford</i> .
Hinsdale . . .	June 21, 1804,	Westerly Parish of Partridgefield.
Lanesborough . . .	June 21, 1865,	New Framingham. See <i>Cheshire</i> .
Lee . . .	Oct. 21, 1777,	From the south-westerly part of Washington, north-easterly part of Great Barrington (or Hopeland's, so called), the Glass Works Grant, and part of Williams Grant. See <i>Lenox</i> .
Lenox. . . .	Feb. 26, 1767,	East part of Richmond. Parts of Washington annexed to Lenox, Jan. 31, 1795, and Feb. 18, 1802. Boundary line between Lenox and Lee estab. Feb. 7, 1820.
Monterey . . .	Apr. 12, 1847,	Part of Tyringham. Part of New Marlborough annexed to Monterey, May 24, 1851. Part of Sandisfield annexed to, Apr. 24, 1875.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Mt. Washington.	June 21, 1779,	Tauconnock (Taconic) Mountain. Part of Egremont annexed to Mount Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line estab. March 12, 1847. See <i>Egremont</i> and <i>Boston Corner</i> .
New Ashford . . .	Feb. 26, 1781,	Incorp. as a District, Feb. 26, 1781, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. Part of Hancock annexed to New Ashford, June 26, 1798. See <i>Cheshire</i> .
New Marlborough . . .	June 15, 1759,	"No. 2." Parts of Sheffield annexed to New Marlborough, June 10, 1796, and Feb. 7, 1798, and Apr. 19, 1871; and parts of Tyringham, Feb. 27, 1811. See <i>Monterey</i> and <i>Tyringham</i> .
Otis	June 13, 1810,	Town of London and District of Bethlehem united as the Town of Loudon, June 19, 1809, and the name changed to Otis, June 13, 1810. Part of East, 11,000 acres of unincorporated land, annexed to Otis, and part to Sandisfield, Apr. 9, 1838. See <i>Bethlehem</i> .
<i>Bethlehem (Dist.)</i> . . .	June 24, 1789,	North, 11,000 acres. See <i>Otis</i> .
<i>Loudon</i>	Feb. 24, 1773,	Tyringham Equivalent. See <i>Becket</i> and <i>Otis</i> .
Peru	July 5, 1771,	Partridgefield incorp. July 4, 1771, and name changed to Peru, June 19, 1806.

<i>Partridgefield</i>	.	July 4, 1771,	See <i>Peru</i> , <i>Hinsdale</i> , and <i>Middlefield</i> .
<i>Pittsfield</i>	.	Apr. 21, 1761,	Indian name, Pontoosuck.
<i>Richmond</i>	.	June 21, 1765,	Yokum and Mount Ephraim. Name changed from Richmond in 1785. Boundary line between Richmond and West Stockbridge estab. Mar. 24, 1834. See <i>Lenox</i> .
<i>Sandisfield</i>	.	Mar. 6, 1762,	"No. 3." District of Southfield united with Sandisfield, Feb. 8, 1819. Portion of boundary line between Sandisfield and Tolland defined May 4, 1853. See <i>Otis</i> and <i>Southfield</i> . Part of, annexed to Monterey, Apr. 24, 1875.
<i>Southfield (District)</i>	.	June 19, 1797,	South, 11,000 acres. See <i>Sandisfield</i> .
<i>Savoy</i>	.	Feb. 20, 1797,	"No. 6."
<i>Sheffield</i>	.	June 22, 1733,	Lower Housatonnuc. See <i>Egremont</i> and <i>New Marlborough</i> . Parts of, annexed to New Marlborough, June 10, 1795, and Apr. 19, 1871.
<i>Stockbridge</i>	.	June 22, 1739,	Housatonnuc or Housetonc. Boundary line between Stockbridge and West Stockbridge changed Feb. 6, 1830. See <i>West Stockbridge</i> .
<i>Tyringham</i>	.	Mar. 6, 1762,	"No. 1." Part of New Marlborough annexed to Tyringham, Feb. 11, 1812. See <i>New Marlborough</i> , and <i>Monterey</i> .
<i>Washington</i>	.	Apr. 12, 1777,	Hartwood. See <i>Egremont</i> , <i>Middlefield</i> , and <i>Lenox</i> .

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
West Stockbridge .	Feb. 23, 1774,	West part of Stockbridge. Gore of land annexed to West Stockbridge, Mar. 2, 1793. Part of Stockbridge annexed to West Stockbridge, Feb. 12, 1824. See <i>Richmond</i> and <i>Stockbridge</i> .
Williamstown .	June 21, 1765,	West Hoosuck. A tract of unincorporated land, bounded west by State of New York, annexed to Williamstown, Apr. 9, 1838.
Windsor . . .	July 2, 1771,	Gageborough, or "No. 4." Part of Cheshire annexed to Windsor, Feb. 26, 1794. See <i>Cheshire</i> and <i>Dalton</i> .

BRISTOL COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 21, 1685.

Acushnet . . .	Feb. 13, 1860,	Northerly part of Fairhaven. Part of, annexed to New Bedford, Apr. 9, 1875.
Attleborough .	Oct. 19, 1694,	North Purchase. Boundary line between Attleborough and Wrentham estab. Feb. 18, 1819.
Berkley . . .	Apr. 18, 1735,	From parts of Taunton and Dighton. Part of Dighton annexed to Berkley, Feb. 26, 1799, and parts of Taunton, Feb. 6, 1810, and Mar. 3, 1842. See <i>Freetown</i> .

Dartmouth . . .	June 8, 1664,	Indian names, Apponeganset, Acushena, and Coakset. Boundary line between Dartmouth and Westport changed Feb. 20, 1828. See <i>Westport</i> .
Dighton . . .	May 30, 1712,	South Precinct of Taunton. Wellington set off from north part of Dighton, June 9, 1814. Boundary line between Dighton and Wellington estab. Feb. 12, 1824. Wellington and Dighton united as one town, Feb. 22, 1826, and Mar. 3, 1827. See <i>Berkley, Somerset, and Freetown</i> .
Wellington. . .	June 8, 1814,	North part of Dighton. See <i>Dighton</i> .
Easton . . .	Dec. 21, 1725,	Indian name, Hockamock. Part of Norton.
Fairhaven. . .	Feb. 22, 1812,	Easterly part of New Bedford. Part of Freetown annexed to Fairhaven, June 15, 1815. See <i>Acushnet and Rochester</i> .
Fall River. . .	Feb. 26, 1803,	Southerly part of Freetown. Name of Fall River changed to Troy, June 18, 1804. Name of Troy changed to Fall River, Feb. 12, 1834. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 12, 1854. Act accepted Apr. 23, 1854. Part of Fall River, R.I., annexed to Fall River, Mass., 1861. See <i>Freetown and Pawtucket</i> .
Freetown . . .	July -, 1683,	The Free Men's land at Fall River. Centre of main ship channel in Taunton Great River estab. as boundary line of Berkley, Dighton, Freetown, Fall River, and Somerset, Mar. 17, 1847. See <i>Fairhaven and Fall River</i> .
Mansfield . . .	Apr. 26, 1770,	North Precinct of Norton. Inc. as a District. See note, p. 103.

BRISTOL COUNTY — Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
New Bedford . . .	Feb. 23, 1787,	Easterly part of Dartmouth. Indian name, Acushnet, or Akushenet. Part of Dartmouth annexed to New Bedford, Mar. 20, 1845. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 9, 1847. Act accepted Mar. 18, 1847. See <i>Dartmouth</i> and <i>Fairhaven</i> . Part of Acushnet annexed to, Apr. 9, 1875.
Norton . . .	June 12, 1711,	North Precinct of Taunton. See <i>Easton</i> and <i>Mansfield</i> .
<i>Pawtucket</i> (R.I.) . .	Mar. 1, 1828,	Part of Seekonk. By change of the boundary line between Massachusetts and Rhode Island, in 1861, all of Pawtucket, except that part lying easterly of Seven-Mile River, was annexed to Rhode Island. The excepted part was the same year annexed to the town of Seekonk. [established 1866.
Raynham . . .	Apr. 2, 1731,	Part of Taunton. Boundary line between the two places
Rehoboth . . .	June 4, 1645,	Indian name, Seconet. See <i>Seekonk</i> .
Seekonk . . .	Feb. 26, 1812,	Westerly part of Rehoboth. Part of Seekonk annexed to Rhode Island, 1861. See <i>Pawtucket</i> .
Somerset . . .	Feb. 20, 1790,	Indian name, Shewamnet. A part of Swansea. Part of Dighton annexed to Somerset, Apr. 4, 1854. See <i>Freetown</i> .

Swanzey . . .	Oct. 30, 1667,	Indian names, Mattapoiset, Wannamoiset, and Ashuelot. See <i>Somerset</i> .
Taunton . . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian name, Tecticut, or Cohannet. See <i>Berkley</i> . Act of incorp. as a City granted Mar. 31, 1860; refused by the town, Apr., 1850. Act again granted May 13, 1864, and accepted. See <i>Lakeville</i> (in Plymouth County); also <i>Raynham</i> .
Westport . . .	July 2, 1787,	Indian name, Acoakset. Parts of Dartmouth annexed to Westport, Feb. 28, 1785, Feb. 25, 1793, and Mar. 4, 1805. Part of Portsmouth, R.I., annexed to Westport in 1861. See <i>Dartmouth</i> and <i>Pawtucket</i> .

DUKES COUNTY. INCORP. NOV. 1, 1683.

(Indian name, Cappawock, or Capawack. Martha's Vineyard.)

Edgartown . . .	July 8, 1671,	Indian name, Chappequidick. Boundary line between Edgartown and Tisbury estab. Feb. 5, 1830; also Apr. 23, 1862.
Chilmark . . .	Oct. 30, 1714,	Indian name, Nashuakemmink. Manor of Tisbury. In 1820, Chilmark included the Elizabeth Isles. Boundary line between Chilmark and the Indians of Gay Head estab. Mar. 9, 1855. See <i>Gay Head</i> and <i>Gosnold</i> .
Gay Head . . .	Apr. 30, 1870,	Part of Chilmark.
Gosnold . . .	Mar. 17, 1864,	That part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands.
Tisbury . . .	July 8, 1671,	Indian name, Chappaquonsett. In 1810, Tisbury included the Elizabeth Isles. See <i>Chilmark</i> and <i>Edgartown</i> .

ESSEX COUNTY. INCORP. MAY 10, 1643. See *Norfolk County*.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Amesbury . . .	Apr. 29, 1668,	New Salisbury, or Salisbury New-town; a part of Salisbury. Part of Salisbury annexed to Amesbury, Mar. 15, 1844. Author'd by Acts of Apr. 30, 1864, and Apr. 2, 1870, to unite with Salisbury and become a new town, called Merrimac; both Acts rej. Part of, inc. as Town of Merrimac by Act of Apr. 11, '76.
Andover . . .	May 6, 1646,	Indian name, Cochichavick, or Quichichehek. See <i>North Andover</i> , <i>Middleton</i> , and <i>Lawrence</i> .
Boxford . . .	Aug. 12, 1685,	Rowley Village. Part of Rowley annexed to Boxford, June 10, 1808; and part of Ipswich, Mar. 7, 1846. Boundary line between Boxford and Rowley estab. June 18, 1825. See <i>Groveland</i> and <i>Middleton</i> .
Beverly . . .	Oct. 14, 1668,	Bass River. See <i>Danvers</i> .
Bradford . . .	— —, 1675,	Merrimack. Union of, with Haverhill authorized June 12, 1869; Act rejected. Union again authorized in 1872, and again rejected. See <i>Groveland</i> and <i>Newbury</i> .
Danvers . . .	June 16, 1757,	Village and Middle Parishes of Salem. A District, Jan. 28, 1752. Boundary line between Danvers and Salem changed Mar. 17, 1840. May 18, 1855, Danvers was divided into two towns; that part known as North Danvers received the name of Danvers, and the remaining portion the name of So. Danvers. Boundary line between Danvers and South Danvers estab. May 31, 1856. Part of Beverly annexed to Danvers, Apr. 27, 1857.

Essex . . .	Feb. 18, 1819,	Chebacco. Second Parish of Ipswich.
Georgetown . . .	Apr. 21, 1838,	New Rowley. Part of Rowley.
Gloucester . . .	May 22, 1639,	Cape Ann. Indian name, Wyngersheek and Tragabirzanda. See <i>Rockport</i> . Incorp. as a City, May 26, 1871; Act rejected by the voters. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 28, 1873, and Act accepted by the people.
Groveland . . .	Mar. 8, 1850,	East Parish of Bradford. Part of Boxford, annexed to Groveland, March 21, 1856.
Hamilton . . .	June 21, 1792,	Ipswich Hamlet. A Parish of Ipswich.
Haverhill . . .	—, 1645,	Indian name, Pentucket. Haverhill originally included a large part of the territory of the present Towns of Salem, Plaistow, Atkinson, and Hampstead, in New Hampshire, and Methuen and Lawrence, Massachusetts. Made a City by Act approved Mar. 10, 1869, and vote of the people. See <i>Bradford</i> .
Ipswich . . .	Aug. 5, 1634,	Indian name, Agawam. See <i>Boxford</i> , <i>Essex</i> , and <i>Hamilton</i> .
Lawrence . . .	Apr. 17, 1847,	From parts of Andover and Methuen. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 21, 1853. Act accepted Mar. 29, 1853. Small portion of Methuen annexed to Lawrence, Apr. 4, 1854. See <i>Haverhill</i> .
Lynn . . .	Nov. —, 1637,	Indian name, Sagus or Saugus. Boundary line between Lynn and Chelsea defined July 21, 1830. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 10, 1850. Act accepted May 14, 1850. See <i>Chelsea</i> , <i>Lynnfield</i> , <i>Nahant</i> , and <i>Saugus</i> .

ESSEX COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Lynnfield . . .	July 3, 1782,	Set off from Lynn, and incorp. as a District, July 3, 1782. Incorp. as a Town, Feb. 28, 1814. Boundary line between Lynnfield and Reading estab. Apr. 20, 1854. Line between it and Wakefield defined 1870. See <i>North Reading</i> .
Manchester . . .	May 14, 1645,	Jeffry's Creek.
Marblehead . . .	May 2, 1649,	Marble-harbor.
Merrimac . . .	Apr. 11, 1876,	Part of Amesbury.
Methuen . . .	Dec. 8, 1725,	Part of Haverhill. See <i>Lawrence and Haverhill</i> .
Middleton . . .	June 20, 1728,	From parts of Salem, Topsfield, Boxford, and Andover.
Nahant . . .	Mar. 29, 1853,	Set off from Lynn.
Newbury . . .	May 6, 1635,	Indian names, Quascacunquen and Wessacucous. Boundary line between Newbury and Bradford estab. June 16, 1809. See <i>Newburyport</i> and <i>West Newbury</i> .
Newburyport . . .	Jan. 28, 1764,	Part of Newbury. Part of Newbury annexed to Newburyport, April 17, 1851.

North Andover	.	Apr. 7, 1855,	North Parish of Andover.
Peabody	.	May 18, 1855,	See <i>South Danvers</i> .
Rockport	.	Feb. 27, 1840,	Part of Gloucester.
Rowley	.	Sept. 4, 1639,	See <i>Boxford</i> and <i>Georgetown</i> .
Salem	.	June 24, 1629,	Indian name, Naumkeag, or Naumkeake. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 23, 1836. Act accepted Apr. 4, 1836. Part of, annexed to Swampscott, Apr. 3, 1867. See <i>Danvers</i> , <i>South Danvers</i> , and <i>Middleton</i> .
Salisbury	.	Oct. 7, 1640,	Colchester. See <i>Amesbury</i> .
Saugus	.	Feb. 17, 1815,	[1841. See <i>Lynn</i> . Part of Chelsea annexed to Saugus, Feb. 22,
<i>South Danvers</i>	.	May 18, 1855,	See <i>Danvers</i> . Boundary line between South Danvers and Salem changed Apr. 30, 1856. Name changed to Peabody by Act of Apr. 13, 1868; approved by the people.
Swampscott	.	May 21, 1852,	Easterly part of Lynn. See <i>Salem</i> .
Topsfield	.	Oct. 18, 1650,	New Meadows. See <i>Middleton</i> .
Wenham	.	May 10, 1643,	Enon, or Salem Village.
West Newbury	.	June 14, 1820,	Parsons, a part of Newbury. See <i>Parsons</i> .
<i>Parsons</i>	.	Feb. 18, 1819,	Part of Newbury. Name changed to West Newbury, June [14, 1820.

FRANKLIN COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 24, 1811. See *Hampshire County*.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Ashfield . . .	June 21, 1765,	Huntstown.
Bernardston . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	Falltown. Part of Deerfield annexed to Bernardston, Apr. 1838. See <i>Leyden</i> .
Buckland . . .	Apr. 14, 1779,	"No-town." Part of Conway annexed to Buckland, Apr. 14, 1838.
Charlemont . .	June 21, 1765,	Plantation of Charlemont. See <i>Rowe, Heath, and Shelburne</i> .
Zoar	-	See <i>Rowe</i> .
Colrain	June 30, 1761,	Colrain.
Conway	June 16, 1767,	South-west part of Deerfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Conway, June 17, 1791. Boundary line between Conway, Deerfield, and Whately defined June 21, 1811. See <i>Buckland</i> .
Deerfield . . .	May 24, 1682,	Indian name, Paucomtuck, or Pocumtuk. See <i>Bernardston, Conway, Shelburne, and Whately</i> .
Erving	Apr. 17, 1838,	Erving's Grant. Part of Northfield — known as Hack's Grant — ann'd to Erving, Feb. 10, 1860. See <i>New Salem and Orange</i> .

Gill . . .	Sept. 28, 1793,	Easterly part of Greenfield. Part of Northfield annexed to Gill, Feb. 28, 1795, and Great Island, in Connecticut River, Mar. 14, 1805.
Greenfield. . .	June 9, 1753,	North-easterly part of Deerfield. See <i>Gill</i> .
Hawley . . .	Feb. 7, 1792,	Plantation, "No. 7." See <i>Plainfield</i> .
Heath . . .	Feb. 14, 1785,	North-easterly part of Charlemont.
Leverett . . .	May 5, 1774,	Part of Sunderland.
Leyden . . .	Feb. 22, 1809,	Part of Bernardston. District of Leyden.
Monroe . . .	Feb. 21, 1822,	From a part of Rowe, and the gore north of Florida.
Montague . . .	Dec. 22, 1753,	North Parish of Sunderland. See <i>Wendell</i> .
New Salem . . .	June 15, 1753,	Part of Shutesbury annexed to New Salem, Feb. 20, 1824. See <i>Prescott</i> , <i>Athol</i> , and <i>Orange</i> .
Northfield . . .	Feb. 22, 1713,	Indian name, Squakeag. See <i>Erving</i> and <i>Gill</i> .
Orange . . .	Feb. 24, 1810,	District of Orange. Parts of Erving's Grant and New Salem annexed to Orange, Mar. 16, 1837. Boundary line between Orange and Erving estab. Feb. 27, 1841. See <i>Athol</i> .
Rowe. . . .	Feb. 9, 1785,	Myrfield, and several tracts of land. Part of Zoar, in Berkshire County, annexed to Rowe, and part to Charlemont, Apr. 2, 1838. See <i>Monroe</i> and <i>Zoar</i> .

FRANKLIN COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Shelburne. . .	June 21, 1768,	North-westerly part of Deerfield. Gore of land annexed to Shelburne and Charlemont, Mar. 19, 1703.
Shutesbury . .	June 30, 1761,	Roads-town. See <i>New Salem</i> .
Sunderland . .	Nov. 12, 1714,	Swampfield. See <i>Leverett and Montague</i> .
Warwick . . .	Feb. 17, 1763,	Roxbury Canada.
Wendell . . .	May 8, 1781,	Part of Shutesbury and Erving-shire. Part of Montague and a gore of land annexed to Wendell, Feb. 28, 1803.
Whately . . .	Apr. 24, 1771,	North part of Hatfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Whately, Mar. 5, 1810. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Whately estab. Feb. 2, 1849. See <i>Conway</i> .

HAMPDEN COUNTY. INCORP. FEB. 20, 1812. See *Hampshire County*.

Agawam . . .	May 17, 1835,	Part of West Springfield, — the parishes of Feeding Hills and Agawam.
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Blandford . . .	Apr. 10, 1741,	Glasgow. Boundary line between Blandford and Chester estab. Feb. 22, 1809, and June 13, 1810, and between Blandford and Russell, Feb. 23, 1809. See <i>Norwich</i> .
Brimfield . . .	July 14, 1731,	- - - - -
Chester . . .	Oct. 31, 1765,	Murrayfield. Name changed to Chester in 1783. See <i>Blandford, Norwich, Middleford, and Worthington</i> .
Chicopee . . .	Apr. 29, 1848,	Northerly part of Springfield.
Granville . . .	Jan. 25, 1754,	Bedford. First incorp. as a District. See <i>Tolland</i> .
Holland . . .	July 5, 1785,	East Parish of South Brimfield. Incorp. as a District, July 5, 1785, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. See <i>Wales</i> .
Holyoke . . .	Mar. 14, 1850,	Parish of West Springfield. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 7, 1873.
Longmeadow . . .	Oct. 17, 1783,	Indian name, Masacsick. Second Parish of Springfield.
Ludlow . . .	Feb. 28, 1774,	Stony Hill. See <i>Springfield</i> .
Monson . . .	Apr. 25, 1760,	Westerly part of Brimfield. Boundary line between Monson and Palmer estab. Feb. 8, 1828.
Montgomery . . .	Nov. 28, 1780,	Easterly part of "No. 5." Part of Norwich and Southampton annexed to Montgomery, Mar. 6, 1792. See <i>Russell</i> .
Palmer . . .	Jan. 30, 1752,	The Elbows. Part of Western annexed to Palmer, Feb. 7, 1831. See <i>Monson</i> .

HAMPDEN COUNTY — Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Russell . . .	Feb. 25, 1792,	North-westerly part of Westfield, and part of Montgomery. See <i>Blandford</i> .
<i>South Brimfield</i> . .	Sept. 18, 1762,	See <i>Wales</i> .
Southwick . . .	Nov. 17, 1770,	[<i>Westfield</i> . Southerly part of Westfield. First incorp. as a District. See
Springfield . . .	May 14, 1636,	Indian name, Agawam. Organized as a Town, May 14, 1636, O. S. Boundary line between Springfield and Ludlow estab. June 5, 1830. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 12, 1852. Act accepted Apr. 21, 1852. See <i>West Springfield</i> , <i>Wilbraham</i> , <i>Longmeadow</i> , [and <i>Chicopee</i> .]
Tolland . . .	June 14, 1810,	West Parish of Granville. See <i>Sandisfield</i> .
Wales . . .	Sept. 18, 1762,	South Brimfield incorp. as a District, Sept. 18, 1762, and as the Town of Wales, Feb. 20, 1828. See <i>Holland</i> .
Westfield . . .	May 16, 1669,	Indian name, Woronoack, or Waranoke. Boundary line between Westfield and Southwick changed Mar. 20, 1837. See <i>Southwick</i> , <i>Russell</i> , and <i>West Springfield</i> .
West Springfield . .	Feb. 23, 1774,	West part of Springfield. Part of Westfield annexed to West Springfield, Mar. 3, 1802. See <i>Agawam</i> and <i>Holyoke</i> .

Wilbraham . .	June 15, 1763,	Fourth Parish of Springfield. A tract of land called the Elbows annexed to Wilbraham, June 11, 1799.
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HAMPSHIRE COUNTY. INCORP. MAY 7, 1662.

[Apr. 27, 1761, the County of Hampshire was divided into two Counties, the westerly part taking the name of Berkshire. June 24, 1811, the northerly part of Hampshire was erected into a new County by the name of Franklin; and Feb. 20, 1812, the southerly portion of the remaining part was incorporated as the County of Hampden.]

Amherst . . .	Feb. 13, 1759,	Second Precinct of Hadley. Parts of Hadley annexed to Amherst, Feb. 28, 1811, Feb. 18, 1812, and Feb. 17, 1814.
Belchertown . .	June 30, 1761,	Cold Stream. See <i>Enfield</i> .
Chesterfield . .	June 11, 1762,	New Hingham. Part of Norwich annexed to Chesterfield, Feb. 22, 1794. Boundary line between Chesterfield and Goshen estab. Feb. 7, 1797; and betw'n Chesterfield, Goshen, and Williamsburg, Feb. 16, 1810. See <i>Williamsburg</i> .
Cummington . .	June 23, 1779,	Easterly part of "No. 5, W." See <i>Plainfield</i> .
Easthampton . .	June 17, 1785,	Indian name, Pasacomuck. Parts of South and North Hampton. Incorp. as a District, June 17, 1785, and as a Town, June 16, 1809. Boundary line between Easthampton and Southampton estab. Feb. 1, 1828. Changed Feb. 21, 1862. Parts of Southampton annexed to Easthampton, Mar. 13, 1841, and Apr. 4, 1850. Boundary line between Easthampton and Northampton estab. Mar. 26, 1855. See <i>Southampton</i> and <i>Westhampton</i> .

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Enfield . . .	Feb. 16, 1816,	Parts of Greenwich and Belchertown.
Goshen . . .	May 14, 1781,	[<i>Chesterfield.</i> Chesterfield Gore and northerly part of Chesterfield. See
Granby . . .	June 11, 1768,	Second Parish of South Hadley. Part of South Hadley annexed to Granby, Mar. 6, 1792. Boundary line between Granby and South Hadley changed June 12, 1824, June 20, 1826, and June 16, 1827.
Greenwich . . .	Apr. 20, 1754,	Indian name, Quabin. See <i>Dana, Enfield, and Petersham.</i>
Hadley . . .	May 20, 1661,	Indian name, Norwottock. Boundary line between Hadley and Amherst changed Mar. 1, 1815. See <i>South Hadley, Amherst, and Northampton.</i>
Hatfield . . .	May 11, 1670,	Boundary line betw'n Hatfield and Williamsburg, estab. Mar. 14, 1845, and Mar. 19, 1847. See <i>Whately and Williamsburg.</i>
Huntington . . .	June 29, 1773,	See <i>Norwich.</i>
Norwich . . .	June 20, 1773,	Easterly part of Murrayfield. Parts of Chester and Blandford annexed to Norwich, Apr. 23, 1853. Name changed to Huntington, Mar. 9, 1855. See <i>Chesterfield and Montgomery.</i>

Middlefield . . .	Mar. 12, 1783,	From parts of Worthington, Chester, Becket, Partridgefield, Washington, and all of Prescott's Grant.
Northampton . . .	Oct. 18, 1654,	Indian names, Nanotuck, Nonotuck, or Norwotock. Hockanum Meadows set off from Hadley and annexed to Northampton, Apr. 15, 1850. See <i>Easthampton, Southampton, and Westhampton</i> .
Pelham . . .	Jan. 15, 1742,	New Lisburne. See <i>Prescott</i> .
Plainfield . . .	Mar. 16, 1785,	Inc. as a District, Mar. 16, 1785, and as a Town, June 15, 1807.
Prescott . . .	Jan. 28, 1822,	East Parish of Pelham and south part of New Salem.
South Hadley . . .	Apr. 12, 1753,	Second Precinct of Hadley. See <i>Granby</i> .
Southampton . . .	Jan. 5, 1753,	Southampton. Second Precinct of Northampton. Part of Easthampton annexed to Southampton, Mar. 13, 1841. See <i>Easthampton, Montgomery, and Westhampton</i> .
Ware . . .	Nov. 25, 1761,	Ware River Parish. Parts of Brookfield and Western annexed to Ware, Feb. 8, 1823.
Westhampton . . .	Sept. 29, 1778,	West part of Northampton. Boundary line between Northampton Westhampton, Easthampton, and Southampton changed Mar. 12, 1872.
Williamsburg . . .	Apr. 24, 1771,	West part of Hatfield. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Chesterfield estab. June 24, 1795. See <i>Chesterfield, Hatfield, and Whately</i> .

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Worthington . .	June 30, 1768,	"No. 3, W." Part of Chester annexed to Worthington, June 21, 1799. See <i>Middlefield</i> .

MIDDLESEX COUNTY. INCORP. MAY 10, 1643. See *Norfolk County*.

Acton . . .	July 3, 1735,	Part of Concord. See <i>Carlisle</i> .
Arlington . .	Feb. 27, 1807,	See <i>West Cambridge</i> .
Ashby . . .	Mar. 5, 1767,	From parts of Townsend, Fitchburg, and Ashburnham. Part of Ashburnham annexed to Ashby, Nov. 16, 1792, and part to Fitchburg, Mar. 3, 1829.
Ashland . .	Mar. 16, 1746,	From parts of Hopkinton, Framingham, and Holliston. See <i>Hopkinton</i> .
Ayer . . .	Feb. 14, 1871,	Parts of Groton and Shirley.
Bedford . .	Sept. 23, 1729,	From parts of Billerica and Concord.
Belmont . .	Mar. 18, 1859,	From parts of West Cambridge, Watertown, and Waltham. Boundaries defined, 1862.

Billerica . . .	May 29, 1655,	Indian name, Shawshin. See <i>Bedford</i> and <i>Carlisle</i> .
Boxborough . . .	Feb. 25, 1783,	From parts of Stow, Harvard, and Littleton. Incorp. as a District, Feb. 25, 1783, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. See <i>Littleton</i> .
Brighton . . .	Feb. 24, 1807,	Southerly part of Cambridge; "Little Cambridge." Part of Cambridge annexed to Brighton, Jan. 27, 1816. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 21, 1873, and by vote of City and Town.
Burlington . . .	Feb. 28, 1799,	Part of Woburn. See <i>Lexington</i> .
Cambridge . . .	Sept. 8, 1633,	"New-town." Parts of Charlestown annexed to Cambridge, Mar. 6, 1802, Feb. 12, 1818, and June 17, 1820. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 17, 1846. Act accepted Mar. 30, 1846. Part of Watertown annexed to Cambridge, Apr. 27, 1855. Boundary line between Somerville and Cambridge changed Apr. 30, 1856, and Apr. 29, 1862. See <i>Belmont</i> , <i>Brighton</i> , <i>Lexington</i> , and <i>West Cambridge</i> .
Carlisle . . .	Apr. 28, 1780,	Parts of Concord, Acton, Chelmsford, and Billerica incorp. as the District of Carlisle, Apr. 28, 1780; and as a Town, Feb. 18, 1805. See <i>Chelmsford</i> .
Charlestown . . .	June 24, 1629,	Indian name, Mishaum. Part of Medford annexed to Charlestown, June 21, 1811. Incorp. as a City, Feb. 22, 1847. Act accepted Mar. 10, 1847. See <i>Cambridge</i> , <i>West Cambridge</i> , <i>Stonham</i> , <i>Woburn</i> , and <i>Somerville</i> . Annexed to Boston by Act of May 14, 1873, and by votes of the two cities.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Chelmsford . . .	May 29, 1655,	Part of, annexed to Carlisle, Feb. 17, 1865. Part of, annexed to Lowell, May 18, 1874. See <i>Lowell, Carlisle, and Westford.</i>
Concord . . .	Sept. 2, 1635,	Indian name, Musquetequid. See <i>Acton, Bedford, Lincoln, and Carlisle.</i>
Dracut . . .	Feb. 26, 1701,	Part of, annexed to Lowell, May 18, 1874. See <i>Lowell.</i>
Dunstable. . .	Oct. 15, 1673,	Boundary line between Dunstable and Tyngsborough estab. Jan. 29, 1798. Parts of Groton annexed to Dunstable, Feb. 25, 1793, Jan. 26, 1796, and June 10, 1803. See <i>Groton and Tyngsborough.</i>
Everett . . .	Mar. 9, 1870,	Southerly part of Malden. Part of, annexed to Medford, Apr. 20, 1875.
Framingham . .	June 25, 1700,	Part of Holliston annexed to Framingham, Feb. 11, 1833. Part of Natick annexed, 1871. See <i>Ashland, Holliston, Hopkinton, and Marlborough.</i>
Groton . . .	May 29, 1655,	Indian name, Petapawag. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, Feb. 3, 1803. Boundary line between Groton and Dunstable estab. Feb. 15, 1820. See <i>Pepperell, Dunstable, Harvard, Shirley, and Ayer.</i>

Holliston . . .	Dec. 3, 1724,	Part of Sherburne. Boundary line between Holliston and Medway changed Mar. 3, 1829; and estab. between Holliston, Hopkinton, and Medway, Mar. 27, 1835. See <i>Ashland, Framingham, and Milford</i> .
Hopkinton . . .	Dec. 13, 1715,	Indian name, Moguncoy. See <i>Ashland, Holliston, and Upton</i> .
Hudson . . .	Mar. 19, 1866,	From parts of Marlborough and Stow. Part of Bolton annexed Mar. 20, 1868.
Lexington . . .	Mar. 29, 1712,	Part of Cambridge. Part of Burlington annexed to Lexington, [Jan. 10, 1810. See <i>Lincoln</i> .
Lincoln . . .	Apr. 19, 1754,	From parts of Concord, Lexington, and Weston.
Littleton . . .	Dec. 3, 1715,	Indian name, Nashoba. Boundary line between Littleton and Boxborough estab. Feb. 20, 1794. See <i>Boxborough</i> .
Lowell . . .	Mar. 1, 1826,	Par. of Chelmsford. Incorp. as a Town, Mar. 1, 1826, and as a City, Aug. 5, 1836. Act accepted Apr. 11, 1836. Parts of Tewksbury annexed to Lowell, Mar. 22, 1832, Mar. 29, 1834, and June 5, 1874; and part of Dracut (Centralville), Feb. 28, 1851, and May 18, 1874. Part of Chelmsford annexed to, May 18, 1874.
Malden . . .	May 2, 1649,	See <i>Medford, Melrose, and Everett</i> . Part of Medford annexed to, April 20, 1877.
Marlborough . . .	May 31, 1660,	Indian names, Okommakamesitt, Whipsufferage. Part of Framingham annexed to Marlborough, Feb. 23, 1791; and part of Southborough, Mar. 24, 1843. See <i>Bolton, Northborough, Southborough, and Hudson</i> .

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Maynard . . .	Apr. 19, 1871,	Parts of Stow and Sudbury.
Medford . . .	Sept. 28, 1630,	Indian name, Mistick, or Mystic. Declared "a peculiar town," Oct. 15, 1684. Part of Malden annexed to Medford, June 10, 1817. See <i>Charlestown</i> and <i>Winchester</i> . Part of Everett annexed to, Apr. 20, 1875.
Melrose . . .	May 3, 1850,	Part of Malden.
Natick . . .	—, 1762,	The Society and Parish of Natick. Incorp. as a District in 1762, and as a Town, Feb. 10, 1781. Part of Sherburne annexed to Natick, Feb. 7, 1820. Boundary line between Natick and Wayland estab. Apr. 26, 1850. Part of, annexed to Framingham, 1871. See <i>Needham</i> . Part of annexed to Malden, April 20, 1877.
Newton . . .	Dec. 15, 1791,	New Cambridge. An island between Needham and Newton, annexed to Newton, June 21, 1803. Part of Waltham annexed to Newton, Apr. 16, 1849. See <i>Roxbury</i> . Incorp. as a City by Act of June 2, 1873, and Act accepted by the people. Part of the City of Boston annexed to, May 5, 1875.
North Reading . .	Mar. 22, 1853,	Northern part of Reading. Boundary line between Lynnfield and North Reading changed May 27, 1857.

Pepperell . . .	Apr. 6, 1753,	Incorp. as a District from Second Precinct of Groton. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, Feb. 3, 1803. See <i>Groton</i> .
Reading . . .	May 29, 1644,	Lynn Village. See <i>Lynnfield</i> , <i>Wilmington</i> , and <i>South Reading</i> .
Sherborn . . .	May 27, 1674,	Boggestown. Name changed from Sherburne to Sherborn, May 3, 1852. See <i>Holliston</i> , <i>Natick</i> , and <i>Medway</i> .
Shirley . . .	Jan. 5, 1753,	South-west part of Groton. Part of Groton annexed to Shirley, Feb. 6, 1798. See <i>Lunenburg</i> and <i>Ayer</i> .
Somerville . . .	Mar. 3, 1842,	Part of Charlestown. Incorp. as a City by Act of Apr. 14, 1871; accepted by the voters. See <i>Cambridge</i> .
<i>South Reading</i> . . .	Feb. 25, 1812,	Second Parish of Reading. Part of Stoneham annexed to South Reading, Apr. 5, 1856. Name changed to Wakefield, June 30, 1868.
Stoneham . . .	Dec. 17, 1725,	Part of Charlestown. See <i>South Reading</i> .
Stow . . .	May 16, 1683,	Indian name, Pomposetticut. See <i>Boxborough</i> , <i>Harvard</i> , and <i>Maynard</i> .
Sudbury . . .	Sept. 4, 1639,	See <i>Maynard</i> .
Tewksbury . . .	Dec. 23, 1734,	Indian name, Wamesit. Northerly part of Billerica. Part of, annexed to Lowell, June 5, 1874. See <i>Lowell</i> .
Townsend . . .	June 29, 1732,	Townshend. North part of Turkey Hill. See <i>Ashby</i> .

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Tyngsborough . .	June 22, 1789,	South and easterly part of Dunstable. Incorp. as a District, June 22, 1789, and as a Town, Feb. 23, 1809. Part of Dunstable annexed to Tyngsborough, Mar. 3, 1792. Boundary line between Tyngsborough and Dunstable estab. June 10, 1814. See <i>Dunstable</i> .
Wakefield . .	Feb. 25, 1812,	See <i>South Reading</i> and <i>Lynnfield</i> . Boundary line between Wakefield and Lynnfield defined, Apr. 2, 1870.
Waltham . .	Jan. 4, 1737,	Westerly Precinct of Watertown. See <i>Belmont</i> and <i>Newton</i> .
Watertown . .	Sept. 7, 1630,	Indian name, Pigsgusset. See <i>Belmont</i> , <i>Weston</i> , and <i>Cambridge</i> .
Wayland . .	Apr. 10, 1780,	See <i>East Sudbury</i> and <i>Natick</i> .
East Sudbury . .	Apr. 10, 1780,	East part of Sudbury. Name changed to Wayland, Mar. 11, [1835.
West Cambridge . .	Feb. 27, 1807,	Westerly Parish of Cambridge. Part of Charlestown annexed to West Cambridge, Feb. 25, 1842. Name changed to Arlington, Apr. 30, 1867. See <i>Winchester</i> , <i>Belmont</i> , and <i>Cambridge</i> .
Westford . .	Sept. 23, 1729,	Westerly Precinct of Chelmsford.
Weston . .	Jan. 1, 1712,	Part of Watertown. See <i>Lincoln</i> .

Wilmington . . .	Sept. 25, 1730,	From parts of Woburn and Reading.
Winchester . . .	Apr. 30, 1850,	From parts of Woburn, Medford, and West Cambridge. Part of, annexed to Woburn by Act of May 12, 1873.
Woburn . . .	May 18, 1642,	Charlestown Village. See <i>Burlington, Wilmington, and Winches-</i> <i>ter.</i>

NANTUCKET COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 20, 1695. (Indian name, NAUTICAN.)

Nantucket . . .	June 27, 1687,	See <i>Sherburn</i> .
<i>Sherburn</i> . . .	June 27, 1687,	Name changed to Nantucket, June 8, 1795.

NORFOLK COUNTY. INCORP. MARCH 26, 1793.

[Norfolk County, as incorporated, included all the original territory of Suffolk, except the towns of Boston and Chelsea. May 10, 1643, the colony was divided into four counties; viz., Essex, Middlesex, Suffolk, and Norfolk. The latter was composed of the towns of Haverhill, Salisbury, Hampton, Exeter, Dover, and Strawberry Bank (Portsmouth). The four last-named towns having been "taken off" upon the separation of New Hampshire from Massachusetts, in 1680, the others were set back to Essex, Feb. 4, 1680, and the original county of Norfolk ceased to exist.]

Bellingham . . .	Nov. 27, 1719,	From parts of Dedham, Wrentham, and Mendon. Boundary line between Bellingham, Franklin, and Medway estab. Feb. 23, 1832; line between Bellingham and Mendon estab. Mar. 7, 1872.
Braintree . . .	May 13, 1640,	Mount Wollaston, Merry Mount, Mount Dagan. See <i>Quincy</i> [and <i>Randolph</i> .]

NORFOLK COUNTY — Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Brookline . . .	Nov. 13, 1705,	Muddy River. Brooklyn. Part of Roxbury annexed to Brookline, Feb. 24, 1844. Part of, annexed to Boston, 1870. Part of, annexed to Boston, May 8, 1874. See <i>Boston</i> . Line between Brookline and City of Boston changed Apr. 27, 1872.
Canton . . .	Feb. 23, 1797,	Northerly part of Stoughton. See <i>Stoughton</i> .
Cohasset . . .	Apr. 26, 1770,	Indian name, Conahasset. Second Precinct of Hingham.
Dedham . . .	Sept. 8, 1636,	Boundary line between Dedham and Dover defined Mar. 7, 1791. See <i>Bellingham</i> , <i>Dover</i> , <i>Dorchester</i> , <i>Needham</i> , <i>Medfield</i> , <i>Walpole</i> , <i>West Roxbury</i> , <i>Hyde Park</i> , and <i>Norwood</i> .
Dorchester . . .	Sept. 7, 1630,	Indian name, Mattapan. Boundary line between Dorchester and Quincy changed July 10, 1814, and estab. Feb. 21, 1820. Part of Dedham annexed to Dorchester, June 17, 1831. Annexed to Boston by Act of June 4, 1869, and vote of the people of the City and Town. See <i>Boston</i> , <i>Quincy</i> , <i>Stoughton</i> , and <i>Hyde Park</i> .
Dover . . .	July 7, 1784,	Part of Dedham. Incorp. as a District, July 7, 1784; and as a Town, Mar. 31, 1836. Boundary line between Dover and Dedham defined Mar. 7, 1791. Line between Dover and Walpole changed Feb. 27, 1872.

Foxborough . . .	June 10, 1778,	From parts of Wrentham, Walpole, Stoughton, and Stoughtonham (Sharon). Parts of Stoughton and Sharon annexed to Foxborough, Mar. 12, 1796; part of Wrentham, Feb. 7, 1831; and part of Sharon, Feb. 28, 1850. See <i>Sharon, Walpole, Wrentham, and Everett</i> .
Franklin . . .	Mar. 2, 1778,	Westerly part of Wrentham. Part of Medway annexed to Franklin, June 27, 1792. Boundary line between Franklin and Medway estab. Nov. 3, 1792, and Feb. 23, 1832. See <i>Bellingham and Norfolk</i> .
Holbrook . . .	Feb. 29, 1872,	Part of Randolph.
Hyde Park . . .	Apr. 22, 1868,	From parts of Dorchester, Dedham, and Milton.
Medfield . . .	May 23, 1651,	Dedham Village. See <i>Medway</i> .
Medway . . .	Oct. 24, 1713,	Part of Medfield. Boundary line between Medway and Sherborn estab. Mar. 3, 1792. See <i>Bellingham, Franklin, Holliston, and Norfolk</i> .
Milton . . .	May 7, 1662,	Indian name, Uncataguisset, or Unquety. See <i>Hyde Park</i> .
Needham . . .	Nov. 5, 1711,	Part of Dedham. Boundary line between Needham and Natick changed June 22, 1797. See <i>Newton</i> .
Norfolk . . .	Feb. 23, 1870,	From parts of Wrentham, Franklin, Medway, and Walpole. Boundary line between it and Wrentham changed in 1871.

NORFOLK COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Norwood . . .	Feb. 23, 1872,	From parts of Dedham and Walpole.
Quincy . . .	Feb. 33, 1792,	North Precinct of Braintree. Parts of Dorchester annexed to Quincy, Feb. 12, 1819, and May 2, 1855, and a part of Braintree, Apr. 24, 1856. See <i>Dorchester</i> .
Randolph . . .	Mar. 9, 1793,	Part of Braintree. Portion of boundary line defined June 22, 1811. Part set off into a new Town, Feb. 29, 1872. See <i>Holbrook</i> .
Roxbury . . .	Sept. 28, 1630,	Part of Newton annexed to Roxbury, Apr. 23, 1838. Incorp. as a City, March 12, 1846. Act accepted March 25, 1846. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury estab. May 3, 1850, and changed Apr. 3, 1860. Annexed to Boston by Act of June 1, 1867, and vote of the people of the two Cities on the second Monday of September following. See <i>Boston</i> and <i>West Roxbury</i> .
Sharon . . .	June 20, 1765,	Indian name, Mashapoag. Stoughtonham. Second Precinct of Stoughton. Part of Stoughton annexed to Sharon, Feb. 12, 1792; also, Mar. 26, 1864. Boundary line between Sharon and Foxborough estab. Jan. 30, 1833. Part of, annexed to Walpole, May 1, 1874. See <i>Foxborough</i> and <i>Walpole</i> .

Stoughton . . .	Dec. 22, 1726,	Indian name, Punkapoag. Part of Dorchester. Part of Canton annexed to Stoughton, Mar. 31, 1847. See <i>Canton, Foxborough, and Sharon</i> .
Walpole . . .	Dec. 10, 1724,	Part of Dedham. Parts of Sharon annexed to Walpole, Feb. 28, 1804, and June 21, 1811; part of Dedham, June 21, 1811; and parts of Foxborough, Mar. 27, 1833, and Mar. 28, 1834. Line between Dover and Walpole changed Feb. 27, 1872. See <i>Foxborough, Norfolk, and Norwood</i> .
West Roxbury . .	May 24, 1851,	Part of Roxbury. Part of Dedham annexed to West Roxbury, Apr. 21, 1852. Boundary line between it and Boston changed, 1870. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 29, 1873, and by votes of City and Town. Mount Hope Cemetery in, annexed to the City of Boston, Apr. 12, 1872.
Weymouth . . .	Sept. 2, 1635,	Indian name, Wessaguscut, or Wessaguson. Boundary line between Weymouth and Abington estab. Mar. 31, 1847.
Wrentham . . .	Oct. 15, 1673,	Indian name, Wallonopaug. Boundary line between Wrentham and Foxborough estab. Feb. 3, 1819. Boundary line between it and Norfolk changed in 1871. See <i>Attleborough, Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin, and Norfolk</i> .

PLYMOUTH COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 2, 1685.

Abington . . .	June 10, 1712,	Indian name, Maramooskeagin. Easterly part of Bridge-water. See <i>Weymouth, Rockland, and South Abington</i> .
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PLYMOUTH COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Bridgewater . . .	June 3, 1656,	Indian name, Nunketst. Duxboro' Plantation. Boundary line between Bridgewater and East Bridgewater estab., Feb. 23, 1838, and Mar. 20, 1846. See <i>East Bridgewater</i> , <i>Halifax</i> , <i>North Bridgewater</i> , and <i>West Bridgewater</i> .
Brockton . . .	Mar. 28, 1874,	Name changed from North Bridgewater to Brockton. Part of, annexed to South Abington, Apr. 24, 1875. Part of South Abington annexed to, Apr. 24, 1875.
Carver . . .	June 9, 1790,	South part of Plympton. Boundary line between Middleborough and Carver estab., Mar. 24, 1849. See <i>Plympton</i> .
Duxbury . . .	June 7, 1637,	Indian name, Mattakeeset. Duxboro'. Boundary line between Duxbury and Marshfield estab., June 14, 1813. See <i>Kingston</i> and <i>Pembroke</i> .
East Bridgewater . . .	June 14, 1823,	Part of Bridgewater. Part of Halifax annexed to East Bridgewater, Apr. 11, 1857. See <i>Bridgewater</i> and <i>South Abington</i> . Part of, annexed to Brockton, Apr. 24, 1875.
Hanson . . .	Feb. 22, 1820,	Westerly part of Pembroke.

Halifax . . .	July 4, 1734,	Indian name, Monoponset. From parts of Plympton, Middleborough, and Pembroke. Part of Bridgewater annexed to Halifax, Feb. 20, 1824, and part of Plympton, Mar. 16, 1830. Boundary line between it and Plympton estab. Feb. 6, 1863. See <i>East Bridgewater</i> .
Hanover . . .	June 14, 1727,	Boundary line between Hanover and South Scituate determined May 15, 1857, under Resolves of May 31, 1856.
Hingham . . .	Sept. 2, 1635,	Barecove. Hingham and Hull taken from Suffolk County, June 18, 1803. See <i>Cohasset</i> .
Hull . . .	May 29, 1644,	Nantasket. See <i>Hingham</i> .
Kingston . . .	June 16, 1726,	Part of Plymouth. Part of Duxbury annexed to Kingston, Apr. 14, 1857.
Lakeville . . .	May 13, 1853,	South-westerly part of Middleborough. Boundary line between it and Taunton defined 1867.
Marion . . .	May 14, 1852,	South-easterly part of Rochester. Boundary line between Marion and Wareham estab. Feb. 18, 1859, and Feb. 13, 1866.
Marshfield . . .	Mar. 2, 1640,	Green Harbor. Rexham. See <i>Duxbury</i> .
Mattapoisett . . .	May 20, 1857,	Mattapoisett Precinct; — a part of Rochester.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Middleborough .	June -, 1669,	Indian names, Assawampsit, or Assawonit, and Nemesket. See <i>Carver</i> and <i>Lakeville</i> .
North Bridgewater .	June 15, 1821,	Part of Bridgewater, Boundary line between North and West Bridgewater estab. Jan. 22, 1825. In 1871 the name of the Town was changed to Standish, subject to the approval of the voters. The Act was not approved. Name changed to Brockton, Mar. 28, 1874.
Pembroke . . .	Mar. 21, 1711,	Westerly part of Duxbury, or Mattakeeset. See <i>Hanson</i> .
Plymouth . . .	Dec. 11, 1620,	Indian names, Accomack, Apaum, or Unpame, and Patuxet. See <i>Kingston</i> , <i>Wareham</i> , and <i>Plympton</i> .
Plympton . . .	June 4, 1707,	Indian name, Wenatukset. South-westerly part of Plymouth. Boundary line between Plymouth and Carver estab. Feb. 8, 1793. See <i>Carver</i> and <i>Halifax</i> .
Rochester . . .	June 4, 1686,	Indian name, Seipican, or Sippican. Boundary line between Rochester and Fairhaven estab. Apr. 9, 1836. See <i>Marion</i> and <i>Mattapoisett</i> .

Rockland . . .	Mar. 9, 1874,	North and east part of Abington.
Scituate . . .	Oct. 5, 1636,	Indian name, Satuit, from Satuit Brook in the eastern part of the Town. See <i>Cohasset</i> and <i>South Scituate</i> .
South Abington .	Mar. 4, 1875,	Parts of Abington and East Bridgewater. Part of, annexed to Brockton, Apr. 24, 1875.
South Scituate .	Feb. 14, 1849,	Part of Scituate. See <i>Hanover</i> .
Wareham . . .	July 10, 1739,	Plantation of Agawam, or Agowaywam. Part of Plymouth annexed to Wareham, Jan. 20, 1827. Boundary line between it and Rochester defined 1864 and 1866. See <i>Marion</i> .
West Bridgewater .	Feb. 16, 1822,	Part of Bridgewater. See <i>North Bridgewater</i> .

SUFFOLK COUNTY. INCORP. MAY 10, 1643. See *Norfolk County*.

Chelsea . . .	Jan. 10, 1738,	Indian name, Winnisimmet. Rumney Marsh. See <i>Saugus</i> and <i>North Chelsea</i> .
North Chelsea . .	Mar. 19, 1848,	Part of Chelsea. See <i>Winthrop</i> . Name changed to Revere by Act of Mar. 24, 1871, approved by the Town.
Revere . . .	Mar. 19, 1848,	See <i>North Chelsea</i> .
Winthrop . . .	Mar. 27, 1852,	Easterly part of North Chelsea.

SUFFOLK COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Boston . . .	Sept. 7, 1630,	<p>Indian name, Shawmut. Tri-Mountain. Noddle's Island (East Boston) granted to Samuel Maverick, Apr. 1, 1633, and annexed to Boston, Mar. 9, 1636-8. Long, Spectacle, Deer, and Hog Islands granted to Boston, Mar. 4, 1634. Dorchester Point (South Boston) annexed to Boston, Mar. 6, 1804. Boston incorp. as a City, Feb. 23, 1822. Act accepted Mar. 4, 1822. Boundary line between Boston and Brookline estab., and part of Brookline annexed to Boston, Feb. 22, 1825; annexed portion joined to Ward 6, Mar. 3, 1826; Thompson's Island granted to Dorchester, Mar. 4, 1634, and annexed to Boston from Dorchester, Mar. 25, 1834. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury estab. Mar. 16, 1836; changed Apr. 19, 1837; estab. May 3, 1850; and changed Apr. 3, 1860. Part of Dorchester, known as Washington Village, annexed to Boston, May 21, 1859. Dorchester annexed 1869. Part of Brookline annexed 1870. Line changed between, and West Roxbury, Apr. 2, 1870. Boundary line between Brookline and Boston changed Apr. 27, 1872. Mount Hope Cemetery in W. Roxbury annexed to, Apr. 12, 1872. See <i>Roxbury, Dorchester</i>, and <i>West Roxbury</i>. Brighton, West Roxbury, and Charlestown annexed by chaps. 303, 314, and 286 of the Acts of 1873. Part of, annexed to the City of Newton, May 5, 1875.</p>

WORCESTER COUNTY. INCORP. APR. 2, 1731.

Ashburnham . . .	Feb. 22, 1765,	Dorchester Canada. Part of Gardner annexed to Ashburnham, Feb. 16, 1815; and part of Westminster, Jan. 28, 1824. See <i>Ashby</i> and <i>Gardner</i> .
Athol . . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	Indian name, Payguage, or Poquaig. Part of Gerry annexed to Athol, Feb. 28, 1806; part of Orange, Feb. 7, 1816; and parts of New Salem, Feb. 5, 1830, and Mar. 16, 1837. Land confirmed to Athol, June 11, 1829. See <i>Royalston</i> , <i>Gerry</i> , and <i>Boylston</i> .
Auburn . . .	Apr. 10, 1778,	See <i>Ward</i> .
Ward . . .	Apr. 10, 1778,	From parts of Worcester, Sutton, Oxford and Leicester. Name changed to Auburn, Feb. 7, 1837.
Barre . . .	Mar. 28, 1753,	North-westerly part of Rutland incorp. as Rutland District, Mar. 28, 1753. Rutland District incorp. as Town of Hutchinson, June -, 1774. Name changed to Barre, Nov. -, 1776.
Hutchinson . . .	June -, 1774,	See <i>Barre</i> .
Berlin . . .	Mar. 16, 1784,	South Parish of Bolton incorp. as District of Berlin, Mar. 16, 1784; and as a Town, Feb. 6, 1812. Part of Lancaster annexed to Berlin, Feb. 8, 1791, and a part of Northborough, Feb. 14, 1806.
Blackstone . . .	Mar. 25, 1845,	Part of Mendon.

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Bolton . . .	June 24, 1738,	Part of Lancaster. Part of Marlborough annexed to Bolton, Feb. 11, 1829. Boundary line between Bolton and Westborough estab. Mar. 16, 1838. See <i>Berlin</i> ; also <i>Hudson</i> , in Middlesex County.
Boylston . . .	Mar. 1, 1786,	North Parish of Shrewsbury. See <i>West Boylston</i> .
Brookfield . . .	Nov. 12, 1718,	Indian name, Quaboag, Quobog, or Quobage. Boundary line between Brookfield and New Braintree estab. June 10, 1791, and Mar. 8, 1792. Part of New Brookfield annexed to Brookfield, Apr. 15, 1854. See <i>North Brookfield</i> and <i>Ware</i> .
Charlton . . .	Nov. 2, 1754,	West part of Oxford. See <i>Oxford</i> , <i>Southbridge</i> , and <i>Sturbridge</i> .
Clinton . . .	Mar. 14, 1850,	Part of Lancaster.
Dana . . .	Feb. 18, 1801,	From parts of Petersham, Hardwick, and Greenwich. Boundary line estab. Feb. 12, 1803. Boundary line between Dana and Greenwich estab. June 19, 1811. Parts of Petersham and Hardwick annexed to Dana, Feb. 4, 1842.
Douglas . . .	—, 1746,	Incorp. as a District. (See note on page 103.) Boundary line between it and Uxbridge estab. Apr. 25, 1864. See <i>Webster</i> .

Dudley . . .	Feb. 2, 1731,	Indian name, Chabanakongmum. From lands between Woodstock and Oxford. Middlesex Gore annexed to Dudley and Sturbridge, June 25, 1794. See <i>Southbridge</i> and <i>Webster</i> .
Fitchburg . . .	Feb. 3, 1764,	West part of Lunenburg. See <i>Ashby</i> and <i>Westminster</i> . Incorp. as a City by Act of Mar. 8, 1872, accepted by the people.
Gardner . . .	June 27, 1785,	From parts of Westminster, Ashburnham, Winchendon and Templeton. See <i>Ashburnham</i> , <i>Ashby</i> , and <i>Westminster</i> .
Grafton . . .	Apr. 18, 1735,	Indian name, Hassanamisco. Gore of land annexed to Grafton, June 14, 1823; part of Shrewsbury annexed Mar. 3, 1826; and part of Sutton, Mar. 3, 1842. See <i>Worcester</i> .
Hardwick . . .	Jan. 10, 1738,	Lambstown. Part of New Braintree annexed to Hardwick, June 10, 1814; and gores of land, Feb. 7, 1831, and Feb. 6, 1833. See <i>Dana</i> and <i>Petersham</i> .
Harvard . . .	June 29, 1732,	From parts of Lancaster, Groton, and Stow. See <i>Borborough</i> .
Holden . . .	Jan. 9, 1740,	North part of Worcester. Boundary line between Holden and Paxton estab. Mar. 27, 1793. Part of Paxton annexed to Holden, Mar. 19, 1831. See <i>Paxton</i> and <i>West Boylston</i> .
Hubbardston . . .	June 13, 1767,	North-easterly part of Rutland. See <i>Princeton</i> .
Lancaster . . .	May 18, 1653,	Indian name, Nashwash, or Nashawog. Boundary line between Lancaster and Sterling estab. Mar. 7, 1837. See <i>Berlin</i> , <i>Holden</i> , and <i>Sterling</i> .

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Leicester . . .	Feb. 15, 1713,	Indian name, Towtaid. See <i>Ward, Spencer, and Paxton.</i>
Leominster . . .	June 23, 1740,	Part of Lancaster. Part of No-town annexed to Leominster, Apr. 13, 1838.
Lunenburg . . .	Aug. 1, 1728,	So. part of Turkey Hills. Boundary line between Lunenburg and Shirley estab. Mar. 3, 1846. See <i>Fitchburg</i> and <i>Townsend.</i>
Mendon . . .	May 15, 1667,	Indian name, Qunshapauge, or Squunshopog. See <i>Bellingham, Blackstone, and Milford.</i>
Milford . . .	Apr. 11, 1780,	Indian name, Wopowage. East Precinct of Mendon. Part of Holliston annexed to Milford, Apr. 1, 1859.
Millbury . . .	June 11, 1813,	North Parish in Sutton.
New Braintree . . .	Jan. 31, 1751,	Indian name, Wenimasset. See <i>Brookfield</i> and <i>Hardwick.</i>
Northborough . . .	Jan. 24, 1766,	North Precinct of Westborough. Part of Middleborough annexed to Northborough, June 20, 1807. See <i>Berlin.</i>
Northbridge . . .	July 14, 1772,	North part of Uxbridge. Parts of Sutton annexed to Northbridge, Feb. 17, 1801, and Mar. 16, 1844. See <i>Sutton</i> and <i>Uxbridge.</i>

North Brookfield	Feb. 28, 1812,	North Parish in Brookfield. See <i>Brookfield</i> .
Oakham	June 11, 1762,	West wing of Rutland. Incorp. as District of Oakham, June [17, 1762.
Oxford	—, 1813,	Part of Sutton annexed to Oxford, Feb. 18, 1793; Oxford South Gore annexed Feb. 6, 1807; part of Charlton, Feb. 3, 1809; and Oxford North Gore, Mar. 22, 1838. See <i>Charlton, Ward, and Webster</i> .
Paxton	Feb. 12, 1765,	South part of Rutland and north part of Leicester incorp. as District of Paxton, Feb. 12, 1775. Parts of Holden annexed to Paxton, Feb. 13, 1804, and Apr. 9, 1838; and part of Rutland, May 24, 1851. See <i>Holden and Rutland</i> .
Petersham	Apr. 20, 1754,	Indian name, Nitchawog. See <i>Dana</i> .
Phillipston	Oct. 20, 1786,	See <i>Gerry</i> . Boundary line between Phillipston and Royalston changed Mar. 29, 1837. See <i>Royalston</i> .
Gerry	Oct. 20, 1786,	From parts of Templeton and Athol. Name changed to Phillipston, Feb. 5, 1814. See <i>Athol and Royalston</i> .
Princeton	Apr. 24, 1771,	Indian name, Wachusett. East wing of Rutland. Part of Hubbardston annexed to Princeton, Feb. 16, 1810; and part of No-town, Apr. 4, 1838. Part of Westminster annexed to, Apr. 22, 1870. See <i>Westminster</i> .
Royalston	Feb 17, 1765,	Royalstonshire. Parts of Athol and Gerry annexed to Royalston, Feb. 26, 1799, and part of Athol, Mar. 7, 1803. See <i>Phillipston</i> .

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Rutland . . .	Feb. 23, 1713,	Indian name, Nagueag. Boundary line between Rutland and Paxton estab. Feb. 20, 1829. See <i>Hubbardston, Oakland</i> , and [<i>Paxton</i> .]
Shrewsbury . .	Dec. 19, 1727,	See <i>Boylston</i> and <i>Grafton</i> .
Southborough .	July 6, 1727,	Part of Marlborough. Boundary line between Southborough and Westborough estab. Mar. 5, 1835. See <i>Marlborough</i> .
Southbridge . .	Feb. 15, 1816,	From parts of Sturbridge, Charlton, and Dudley. Part of Dudley annexed to Southbridge, Feb. 23, 1822, and part of Sturbridge, Apr. 6, 1839. Boundary line between it and Sturbridge changed in 1871.
Spencer . . .	Apr. 3, 1753,	Second Precinct of Leicester.
Sterling . . .	Apr. 26, 1781,	Second Precinct of Lancaster. See <i>Lancaster</i> and <i>W. Boylston</i> .
Sturbridge . .	June 24, 1738,	New Medfield. Part of Charlton annexed to Sturbridge, June 27, 1792. See <i>Dudley</i> and <i>Southbridge</i> . Boundary line between it and Southbridge changed in 1871.
Sutton . . .	June 21, 1715,	Nipmug Country. Part of Northbridge annexed to Sutton, June 15, 1831. Boundary line between Sutton and Northbridge changed Mar. 7, 1837. See <i>Ward, Grafton, Millbury, Northbridge</i> , and <i>Oxford</i> .

Templeton . . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	Narragansett, "No. 6." See <i>Gerry and Gardner</i> .
Upton . . .	June 14, 1735,	From parts of Mendon, Sutton, Uxbridge, and Hopkinton.
Uxbridge . . .	June 27, 1727,	Indian name, Waeuntug. Part of Mendon. Boundary line between Uxbridge and Northbridge changed Apr. 30, 1856. [See <i>Douglas</i> .]
Warren . . .	Jan. 16, 1741,	See <i>Western</i> .
Webster . . .	Mar. 6, 1832,	From parts of Dudley and Oxford. Boundary line between Webster and Douglas estab. Feb. 27, 1841.
Westborough . . .	Nov. 18, 1717,	Chauncy. See <i>Bolton and Southborough</i> .
West Boylston . . .	Jan. 30, 1808,	From parts of Boylston, Holden, and Sterling. Part of Boylston annexed to West Boylston, Feb. 10, 1820, and June 17, [1820. See <i>Bolton</i> .]
West Brookfield . . .	Mar. 3, 1848,	Part of Brookfield.
Western . . .	Jan. 16, 1741,	From parts of Brookfield, Brimfield, and easterly part of Kingsfield. Name changed to Warren, Mar. 13, 1834. See <i>Palmer and Ware</i> .
Westminster . . .	Apr. 26, 1770,	Narragansett, "No. 2." Parts of Fitchburg annexed to Westminster, Feb. 12, 1796, and Feb. 16, 1813; and part of Northtown, Apr. 10, 1838. Part of, annexed to Princeton, Apr. 22, 1870. See <i>Ashburnham and Gardner</i> .
Winchendon . . .	June 14, 1764,	Ipswich Canada. See <i>Gardner</i> .
Worcester . . .	Oct. 15, 1684,	Indian name, Quansigamond. Grafton Gore annexed to Worcester, Mar. 22, 1838. See <i>Holden and Ward</i> .

CITIES IN THE COMMONWEALTH,
WITH THE DATE OF THEIR ORGANIZATION.

NAME.	INCORPORATED.
Boston	Feb. 22, 1822.
Salem	March 23, 1836.
Lowell	April 1, 1836.
Cambridge	March 17, 1846.
New Bedford	March 9, 1847.
Worcester	Feb. 29, 1848.
Lynn	April 9, 1849.
Newburyport	May 24, 1851.
Springfield	April 12, 1852.
Lawrence	March 21, 1853.
Fall River	April 12, 1854.
Chelsea	March 13, 1857.
Taunton	May 11, 1864.
Haverhill	May 10, 1869.
Somerville	April 14, 1871.
Fitchburg	March 8, 1872.
Holyoke	April 17, 1873.
Gloucester	April 28, 1873.
Newton	June 2, 1873.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

[Established by Chapter 300, Acts of 1872, and Chapter 113, Acts of 1876.]

DISTRICT No. 1.

TOWNS.	Population, 1875.	TOWNS.	Population, 1875.
<i>Barnstable Co.</i>		<i>Bristol Co.</i>	
Barnstable . . .	4,302	Acushnet . . .	1,059
Brewster . . .	1,219	Dartmouth . . .	3,434
Chatham . . .	2,274	Fairhaven . . .	2,768
Dennis . . .	3,369	Fall River . . .	45,340
Eastham . . .	639	Freetown . . .	1,396
Falmouth . . .	2,211	New Bedford . . .	25,895
Harwich . . .	3,355	Somerset . . .	1,940
Mashpee . . .	278	Swansey . . .	1,308
Orleans . . .	1,373	Westport . . .	2,912
Provincetown . . .	4,357		
Sandwich . . .	3,417	<i>Plymouth Co.</i>	
Truro . . .	1,098	Carver . . .	1,127
Wellfleet . . .	1,988	Duxbury . . .	2,245
Yarmouth . . .	2,264	Halifax, . . .	568
		Kingston . . .	1,569
<i>Dukes Co.</i>		Lakeville . . .	1,061
Chilmark . . .	508	Marion . . .	862
Edgartown . . .	1,707	Marshfield . . .	1,817
Gay Head . . .	216	Mattapoisett . . .	1,361
Gosnold . . .	115	Middleborough . . .	5,023
Tisbury . . .	1,525	Pembroke . . .	1,399
		Plymouth . . .	6,370
<i>Nantucket Co.</i>		Plympton . . .	755
Nantucket . . .	3,201	Rochester . . .	1,001
		Wareham . . .	2,874
		Total . . .	153,500

DISTRICT No. 2.

TOWNS.	Population, 1875.	TOWNS.	Population, 1875.
<i>Bristol Co.</i>		<i>Norfolk Co. — Con.</i>	
Attleborough . . .	9,224	Sharon . . .	1,330
Berkley . . .	781	Stoughton . . .	4,842
Dighton . . .	1,755	Walpole . . .	2,290
Easton . . .	3,898	Weymouth . . .	9,819
Mansfield . . .	2,656	Wrentham . . .	2,395
Norton . . .	1,595		
Raynham . . .	1,687	<i>Plymouth Co.</i>	
Rehoboth . . .	1,827	Abington . . .	3,241
Seekonk . . .	1,167	Bridgewater . . .	3,969
Taunton . . .	20,445	Brockton . . .	10,578
		East Bridgewater . . .	2,808
<i>Norfolk Co.</i>		Hanover . . .	1,801
Braintree . . .	4,156	Hanson . . .	1,265
Canton . . .	4,192	Hingham . . .	4,654
Cohasset . . .	2,197	Hull . . .	316
Foxborough . . .	3,168	Rockland . . .	4,203
Holbrook . . .	1,726	Scituate, . . .	2,463
Hyde Park . . .	6,316	South Abington . . .	2,456
Milton . . .	2,738	South Scituate . . .	1,818
Norfolk . . .	920	West Bridgewater . . .	1,758
Quincy . . .	9,155		
Randolph . . .	4,064	Total . . .	145,673

DISTRICT No. 3.

<i>Suffolk Co.</i>		<i>Suffolk Co. — Con.</i>	
Boston, Ward 13 . . .	10,534	Boston, Ward 19 . . .	6,200
Ward 14 . . .	16,363	Ward 20 . . .	10,111
Ward 15 . . .	23,532	Ward 21 . . .	11,589
Ward 16 . . .	15,788	Ward 24 . . .	13,462*
Ward 17 . . .	11,783		
Ward 18 . . .	13,055*	Total . . .	132,417

DISTRICT No. 4.

<i>Suffolk Co.</i>		<i>Suffolk Co. — Con.</i>	
Boston, Ward 1 . . .	29,347	Boston, Ward 6 . . .	14,707
Ward 2 . . .	23,855	Ward 7 . . .	31,101

* See NOTE, p. 155.

DISTRICT No. 4—*Continued.*

TOWNS.	Population, 1875.	TOWNS.	Population, 1875.
<i>Suffolk Co. — Con.</i>		<i>Suffolk Co. — Con.</i>	
Boston, Ward 8 . . .	11,350	Chelsea	20,737
Ward 9	16,811	Revere	1,603
Ward 10	16,738	Winthrop	627
Ward 11	18,463		
Ward 12	30,200	Total	215,539

DISTRICT No. 5.

<i>Essex Co.</i>		<i>Middlesex Co. — Con.</i>	
Lynn	32,600	Somerville	21,868
Nahant	766	Stoneham	4,984
Saugus	2,578	Wakefield	5,349
Swampscott	2,128	Waltham	9,967
		Winchester	3,099
<i>Middlesex Co.</i>		Woburn	9,568
Arlington	3,906		
Belmont	1,937	<i>Suffolk Co.</i>	
Burlington	650	Boston, Ward 3 . . .	14,501
Everett	3,651	Ward 4	9,472
Lexington	2,505	Ward 5	7,618
Malden	10,843		
Medford	6,267	Total	158,607
Melrose	3,990		

DISTRICT No. 6.

<i>Essex Co.</i>		<i>Essex Co. — Con.</i>	
Amesbury	3,816	Merrimac	2,171
Beverly	7,271	Middleton	1,092
Boxford	834	Newbury	1,426
Bradford	2,347	Newburyport	13,323
Danvers	6,024	North Andover	2,981
Essex	1,713	Peabody	8,066
Georgetown	2,214	Rockport	4,480
Gloucester	16,754	Rowley	1,162
Groveland	2,084	Salem	25,958
Hamilton	797	Salisbury	4,078
Haverhill	14,628	Topsfield	1,221
Ipswich	3,674	Wenham	911
Lynnfield	769	West Newbury	2,021
Manchester	1,560		
Marblehead	7,677	Total	141,052

DISTRICT No. 7.

TOWNS.	Population, 1875.	TOWNS.	Population, 1875.
<i>Essex Co.</i>		<i>Essex Co. — Con.</i>	
Andover . . .	5,097	Marlborough . . .	8,424
Lawrence . . .	34,916	Maynard . . .	1,965
Methuen . . .	4,205	North Reading . . .	979
		Pepperell . . .	1,927
		Reading . . .	3,186
		Shirley . . .	1,352
		Stow . . .	1,022
		Sudbury . . .	1,177
		Tewksbury . . .	1,977
		Townsend . . .	2,196
		Tyngsborough . . .	665
		Westford . . .	1,933
		Wilmington . . .	879
<i>Middlesex Co.</i>		<i>Worcester Co.</i>	
Acton . . .	1,708	Berlin . . .	987
Ashby . . .	962	Bolton . . .	987
Ayer . . .	1,872	Harvard . . .	1,304
Bedford . . .	900	Lancaster . . .	1,957
Billerica . . .	1,881		
Boxborough . . .	318		
Carlisle . . .	548		
Chelmsford . . .	2,372		
Concord . . .	2,676		
Dracut . . .	1,116		
Dunstable . . .	452		
Groton . . .	1,908		
Hudson . . .	3,493		
Lincoln . . .	834		
Littleton . . .	950		
Lowell . . .	49,688		
		Total . . .	138,813

DISTRICT No. 8.

<i>Middlesex Co.</i>		<i>Norfolk Co. — Con.</i>	
Ashland . . .	2,211	Franklin . . .	2,963
Cambridge . . .	47,838	Medfield . . .	1,163
Framingham . . .	5,167	Medway . . .	4,242
Holliston . . .	3,399	Needham . . .	4,548
Hopkinton . . .	4,503	Norwood . . .	1,749
Natick . . .	7,419		
Newton . . .	16,105		
Sherborn . . .	999		
Watertown . . .	5,099		
Wayland . . .	1,766		
Weston . . .	1,282		
		<i>Suffolk Co.</i>	
		Boston, Ward 22 . . .	11,856
		Ward 23 . . .	12,316*
		Ward 25 . . .	6,200*
		<i>Worcester Co.</i>	
		Milford . . .	9,818
		Southborough . . .	1,986
		Total . . .	165,729
<i>Norfolk Co.</i>			
Brookline . . .	6,675		
Dedham . . .	5,756		
Dover . . .	650		

* See NOTE, p. 155.

DISTRICT No. 9.

TOWNS.	Population, 1875.	TOWNS.	Population, 1875.
<i>Worcester Co.</i>		<i>Worcester Co.—Con.</i>	
Auburn . . .	1,233	Paxton . . .	600
Barre . . .	2,460	Princeton . . .	1,063
Blackstone . . .	4,640	Rutland . . .	1,030
Boylston . . .	895	Shrewsbury . . .	1,524
Brookfield . . .	2,660	Southbridge . . .	5,740
Charlton . . .	1,852	Spencer . . .	5,451
Douglas . . .	2,202	Sturbridge . . .	2,213
Dudley . . .	2,653	Sutton . . .	3,051
Grafton . . .	4,442	Upton . . .	2,125
Hardwick . . .	1,992	Uxbridge . . .	3,029
Holden . . .	2,180	Warren . . .	3,260
Hubbardston . . .	1,440	Webster . . .	5,064
Leicester . . .	2,770	Westborough . . .	5,141
Mendon . . .	1,176	West Boylston . . .	2,902
Millbury . . .	4,529	West Brookfield . . .	1,903
New Braintree . . .	606	Worcester . . .	49,317
Northborough . . .	1,398		
Northbridge . . .	4,030	<i>Norfolk Co.</i>	
North Brookfield . . .	3,749	Bellingham . . .	1,247
Oakham . . .	873		
Oxford . . .	2,938	Total . . .	145,378

DISTRICT No. 10.

<i>Franklin Co.</i>		<i>Franklin Co.—Con.</i>	
Ashfield . . .	1,190	Shutesbury . . .	558
Bernardston . . .	991	Sunderland . . .	860
Buckland . . .	1,921	Warwick . . .	744
Charlemont . . .	1,029	Wendell . . .	503
Colrain . . .	1,699	Whately . . .	958
Conway . . .	1,452		
Deerfield . . .	3,414	<i>Hampden Co.</i>	
Erving . . .	794	Holyoke . . .	16,260
Gill . . .	673		
Greenfield . . .	3,540	<i>Hampshire Co.</i>	
Hawley . . .	588	Amherst . . .	3,937
Heath . . .	545	Belchertown . . .	2,315
Leverett . . .	831	Chesterfield . . .	746
Leyden . . .	524	Cummington . . .	916
Monroe . . .	190	Easthampton . . .	3,972
Montague . . .	3,380	Enfield . . .	1,065
New Salem . . .	923	Goshen . . .	349
Northfield . . .	1,641	Granby . . .	812
Orange . . .	2,497	Greenwich . . .	606
Rowe . . .	661	Hadley . . .	2,125
Shelburne . . .	1,590	Hatfield . . .	1,600

DISTRICT No. 10—Continued.

TOWNS.	Population, 1875.	TOWNS.	Population, 1875.
<i>Hampshire Co.—Con.</i>		<i>Worcester Co.—Con.</i>	
Huntington . . .	1,095	Clinton . . .	6,781
Middlefield . . .	603	Dana . . .	760
Northampton . . .	11,108	Fitchburg . . .	12,289
Pelham . . .	633	Gardner . . .	3,730
Plainfield . . .	481	Leominster . . .	5,201
Prescott . . .	493	Lunenburg . . .	1,153
South Hadley . . .	3,370	Petersham . . .	1,203
Southampton . . .	1,050	Phillipston . . .	666
Ware . . .	4,142	Royalston . . .	1,260
Westhampton . . .	556	Sterling . . .	1,569
Williamsburg . . .	2,029	Templeton . . .	2,764
Worthington . . .	818	Westminster . . .	1,712
		Winchendon . . .	3,762
<i>Worcester Co.</i>			
Ashburnham . . .	2,141	Total . . .	143,902
Athol . . .	4,134		

DISTRICT No. 11.

<i>Berkshire Co.</i>		<i>Berkshire Co.—Con.</i>	
Adams . . .	15,760	Sheffield . . .	2,233
Alford . . .	389	Stockbridge . . .	2,089
Becket . . .	1,329	Tyringham . . .	517
Cheshire . . .	1,693	Washington . . .	603
Clarksburg . . .	670	West Stockbridge . . .	1,981
Dalton . . .	1,759	Williamstown . . .	3,683
Egremont . . .	890	Windsor . . .	624
Florida . . .	572		
Great Barrington . . .	4,385	<i>Hampden Co.</i>	
Hancock . . .	730	Agawam . . .	2,248
Hinsdale . . .	1,571	Blandford . . .	964
Lanesborough . . .	1,357	Brimfield . . .	1,201
Lee . . .	3,900	Chester . . .	1,396
Lenox . . .	1,845	Chicopee . . .	10,335
Monterey . . .	703	Granville . . .	1,240
Mt. Washington . . .	182	Holland . . .	334
New Ashford . . .	160	Longmeadow . . .	1,467
New Marlborough . . .	2,037	Ludlow . . .	1,222
Otis . . .	855	Monson . . .	3,733
Peru . . .	443	Montgomery . . .	304
Pittsfield . . .	12,267	Palmer . . .	4,572
Richmond . . .	1,141	Russell . . .	643
Sandisfield . . .	1,172	Southwick . . .	1,114
Savoy . . .	730		

DISTRICT No. 11—*Continued.*

TOWNS.	Population, 1875.	TOWNS.	Population, 1875.
<i>Hampden Co.—Con.</i>		<i>Hampden Co.—Con.</i>	
Springfield . . .	31,053	West Springfield . .	3,739
Tolland	452	Wilbraham	2,576
Wales	1,020		
Westfield	8,431	Total,	146,314

NOTE.—At the time of the taking of the Census of 1875, the City of Boston had not been divided into twenty-four wards, neither had Ward 22 been divided into Wards 22 and 25. The population of Wards 18, 22, 23, 24, and 25 is compiled from an enumeration taken by the City of Boston subsequent to the State Census.

SENATE DISTRICTS.

AS ESTABLISHED BY CHAP. 190 OF THE ACTS OF 1876.

[Average ratio for the State, 8,776+.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY — *Eight Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 9,220+.]

First District. — Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Wards Nos. 1 and 2, Boston. Legal voters, 10,310.

Second District. — Wards Nos. 3, 4, and 5, Boston. Legal voters, 7,924.

Third District. — Wards Nos. 6, 7, and 8, Boston. Legal voters, 8,567.

Fourth District. — Wards Nos. 9, 10, 11, and 12, Boston. Legal voters, 11,757.

Fifth District. — Wards Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Boston. Legal voters, 8,629.

Sixth District. — Wards Nos. 16, 17, and 18, Boston. Legal voters, 9,035.

Seventh District. — Wards Nos. 19, 20, and 21, Boston. Legal voters, 9,012.

Eighth District. — Wards Nos. 22, 23, 24, and 25, Boston. Legal voters, 8,527.

ESSEX COUNTY — *Six Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 9,726.]

First District. — Lynn, Nahant, Saugus, and Swampscott. Legal voters, 9,067.

Second District. — Lynnfield, Marblehead, Peabody, and Salem. Legal voters, 9,103.

Third District. — Beverly, Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Manchester, Rockport, and Wenham. Legal voters, 7,594.

Fourth District. — Amesbury, Ipswich, Merrimac, Newbury, Newburyport, Rowley, Salisbury, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 7,489.

Fifth District. — Boxford, Bradford, Danvers, Georgetown, Groveland, Haverhill, Middleton, and Topsfield. Legal voters, 7,401.

Sixth District. — Andover, Lawrence, Methuen, and North Andover. Legal voters, 7,976.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Seven Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 8,434+.]

First District. — Everett, Malden, Medford, and Somerville. Legal voters, 9,103.

Second District. — Arlington, Belmont, Lexington, Newton, Waltham, and Watertown. Legal voters, 7,993.

Third District. — Cambridge. Legal voters, 9,213.

Fourth District. — Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Marlborough, Natick, Sherborn, Wayland, and Weston. Legal voters, 7,772.

Fifth District. — Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Boxborough, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Draut, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, and Westford. Legal voters, 7,384.

Sixth District. — Bedford, Billerica, Burlington, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Tewksbury, Wakefield, Wilmington, Winchester, and Woburn. Legal voters, 8,537.

Seventh District. — Lowell. Legal voters, 9,061.

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Five Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 8,978+.]

First District. — Worcester. Legal voters, 10,853.

Second District. — Blackstone, Boylston, Douglas, Grafton, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough. Legal voters, 8,647.

Third District. — Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Dudley, Leicester, Millbury, Oxford, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren, Webster, and West Brookfield. Legal voters, 8,349.

Fourth District. — Athol, Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Holden, Hubbardston, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Rutland, Templeton, and Winchendon. Legal voters, 7,968.

Fifth District. — Ashburnham, Berlin, Bolton, Clinton, Fitchburg, Harvard, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston, and Westminster. Legal voters, 9,074.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — *One Senator.*

Hampshire District. — Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Enfield, Goshen, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley, Southampton, Ware, Westhampton, Williamsburg, and Worthington. Legal voters, 9,253.

HAMPDEN COUNTY — *Two Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 9,456+.]

First District. — Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales, and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 9,483.

Second District. — Agawam, Blandford, Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Holyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 9,429.

FRANKLIN COUNTY — *One Senator.*

Franklin District. — Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately. Legal voters, 8,516.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — *Two Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 7,067+.]

North Berkshire District. — Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, New Ashford, Peru, Pittsfield, Savoy, Williamstown, and Windsor. Legal voters, 8,330.

South Berkshire District. — Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Richmond, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, and West Stockbridge. Legal voters, 5,805.

NORFOLK COUNTY — *Two Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 9,357+.]

First District. — Braintree, Canton, Holbrook, Milton, Quincy, Randolph, Stoughton, and Weymouth. Legal voters, 9,355.

Second District. — Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Hyde Park, Medfield, Medway, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Walpole, and Wrentham. Legal voters, 9,360.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — *Two Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 8,968.]

First District. — Carver, Duxbury, Halifax, Hanson, Kingston, Lakeville, Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, Scituate, South Scituate, and Wareham. Legal voters, 8,950.

Second District. — Abington, Bridgewater, Brockton, Cohasset, East Bridgewater, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Rockland, South Abington, and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 8,986.

BRISTOL COUNTY — *Three Senators.*

[Ratio for one Senator, 8,958+.]

First District. — Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham, Seekonk, and Taunton. Legal voters, 8,909.

Second District. — Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Rehoboth, Somerset, and Swanzey. Legal voters, 8,945.

Third District. — Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford, and Westport. Legal voters, 9,022.

BARNSTABLE, DUKES, AND NANTUCKET COUNTIES — *One Senator.*

Cape District. — Barnstable, Brewster, Chatham, Chilmark, Dennis, Eastham, Edgartown, Falmouth, Gay Head, Gosnold, Harwich, Mashpee, Nantucket, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Tisbury, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth. Legal voters, 10,444.

COUNCIL DISTRICTS.

AS ESTABLISHED BY CHAP. 222 OF THE ACTS OF 1876.

[Each District consists of five Senatorial Districts.]

- I. — The Cape, First and Second Plymouth, and the Second and Third Bristol Districts.
- II. — The First Bristol, First and Second Norfolk, Eighth Suffolk, and the Second Worcester Districts.
- III. — The First and Second Suffolk, and the First, Second, and Third Middlesex Districts.
- IV. — The Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Suffolk Districts.
- V. — The First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Essex Districts.
- VI. — The Sixth Essex, and the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Middlesex Districts.
- VII. — The First, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Worcester, and the First Franklin Districts.
- VIII. — The Hampshire, First and Second Hampden, and the North and South Berkshire Districts.

REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.

ESTABLISHED UNDER CHAPTER 15, ACTS OF 1876.

 [Average ratio for the State, 1,462 + voters.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY — *Fifty Representatives.*

DISTRICT

I. — Boston, 1st Ward.	Legal voters, 2,719.	Two representatives.
II. — Boston, 2d Ward.	Legal voters, 2,645.	Two representatives.
III. — Boston, 3d Ward.	Legal voters, 2,652.	Two representatives.
IV. — Boston, 4th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,612.	One representative.
V. — Boston, 5th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,660.	Two representatives.
VI. — Boston, 6th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,860.	Two representatives.
VII. — Boston, 7th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,799.	Two representatives.
VIII. — Boston, 8th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,908.	Two representatives.
IX. — Boston, 9th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,910.	Two representatives.
X. — Boston, 10th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,950.	Two representatives.
XI. — Boston, 11th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,936.	Two representatives.
XII. — Boston, 12th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,961.	Two representatives.
XIII. — Boston, 13th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,888.	Two representatives.
XIV. — Boston, 14th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,126.	Two representatives.
XV. — Boston, 15th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,615.	Two representatives.
XVI. — Boston, 16th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,958.	Two representatives.
XVII. — Boston, 17th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,077.	Two representatives.
XVIII. — Boston, 18th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,000.	Two representatives.
XIX. — Boston, 19th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,221.	Two representatives.
XX. — Boston, 20th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,913.	Two representatives.
XXI. — Boston, 21st Ward.	Legal voters, 2,878.	Two representatives.
XXII. — Boston, 22d Ward.	Legal voters, 1,601.	One representative.
XXIII. — Boston, 23d Ward.	Legal voters, 2,639.	Two representatives.
XXIV. — Boston, 24th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,872.	Two representatives.
XXV. — Boston, 25th Ward.	Legal voters, 1,415.	One representative.
XXVI. — Chelsea, Revere, and Winthrop.	Legal voters, 4,946.	Three representatives.

ESSEX COUNTY — *Thirty-three Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I. — Rockport, and Gloucester, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,596. One representative.
- II. — Gloucester, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,611. Two representatives.
- III. — Gloucester, 8th Ward, Essex, Manchester, and Hamilton. Legal voters, 1,388. One representative.
- IV. — Wenham and Danvers. Legal voters, 1,441. One representative.
- V. — Beverly. Legal voters, 1,748. One representative.
- VI. — Salem, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,821. Two representatives.
- VII. — Salem, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,477. Two representatives.
- VIII. — Marblehead and Swampscott. Legal voters, 2,440. Two representatives.
- IX. — Lynn, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,560. One representative.
- X. — Lynn, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 7th Ward, and Nahant. Legal voters, 4,633. Three representatives.
- XI. — Lynn, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,689. One representative.
- XII. — Peabody. Legal voters, 1,720. One representative.
- XIII. — Saugus, Lynnfield, Middleton, and Topsfield. Legal voters, 1,446. One representative.
- XIV. — Andover and North Andover. Legal voters, 1,446. One representative.
- XV. — Boxford, Rowley, and Ipswich. Legal voters, 1,519. One representative.
- XVI. — Newbury, Newburyport, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,229. Two representatives.
- XVII. — Georgetown, Groveland, and Bradford. Legal voters, 1,668. One representative.
- XVIII. — West Newbury, Salisbury, Amesbury, and Merrimac. Legal voters, 2,962. Two representatives.
- XIX. — Haverhill, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and Methuen. Legal voters, 4,633. Three representatives.
- XX. — Lawrence, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,780. Two representatives.
- XXI. — Lawrence, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,823. Two representatives.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — *Forty Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I. — Cambridge, 1st Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,704. Two representatives.
- II. — Cambridge, 2d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 4,789. Three representatives.
- III. — Cambridge, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,720. One representative.
- IV. — Somerville, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,538. One representative.
- V. — Somerville, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 1,396. One representative.
- VI. — Somerville, 3d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,531. One representative.
- VII. — Medford. Legal voters, 1,512. One representative.
- VIII. — Malden and Everett. Legal voters, 3,126. Two representatives.
- IX. — Melrose. Legal voters, 1,035. One representative.
- X. — Stoneham. Legal voters, 1,281. One representative.
- XI. — Wakefield. Legal voters, 1,218. One representative.
- XII. — Reading, North Reading, and Wilmington. Legal voters, 1,319. One representative.
- XIII. — Woburn. Legal voters, 1,958. One representative.
- XIV. — Arlington and Winchester. Legal voters, 1,425. One representative.
- XV. — Watertown and Belmont. Legal voters, 1,457. One representative.
- XVI. — Newton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 3,278. Two representatives.
- XVII. — Waltham. Legal voters, 1,897. One representative.
- XVIII. — Lexington, Burlington, Bedford, and Billerica. Legal voters, 1,359. One representative.
- XIX. — Tewksbury, Chelmsford, Tyngsborough, and Dracut. Legal voters, 1,258. One representative.
- XX. — Lowell, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,617. One representative.
- XXI. — Lowell, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 1,528. One representative.
- XXII. — Lowell, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,484. One representative.
- XXIII. — Lowell, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,554. One representative.
- XXIV. — Lowell, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,377. One representative.
- XXV. — Lowell, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,501. One representative.
- XXVI. — Concord, Acton, Carlisle, and Lincoln. Legal voters, 1,407. One representative.

DISTRICT

- XXVII. — Weston, Wayland, Sudbury, and Maynard. Legal voters, 1,396. One representative.
- XXVIII. — Natick. Legal voters, 1,716. One representative.
- XXIX. — Holliston and Sherborn. Legal voters, 1,105. One representative.
- XXX. — Hopkinton and Ashland. Legal voters, 1,470. One representative.
- XXXI. — Framingham. Legal voters, 1,054. One representative.
- XXXII. — Marlborough. Legal voters, 1,645. One representative.
- XXXIII. — Hudson, Stow, Boxborough, and Littleton. Legal voters, 1,256. One representative.
- XXXIV. — Westford, Groton, Dunstable, and Pepperell. Legal voters, 1,518. One representative.
- XXXV. — Ayer, Shirley, Townsend, and Ashby. Legal voters, 1,614. One representative.

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Thirty-one Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I. — Blackstone and Uxbridge. Legal voters, 1,399. One representative.
- II. — Mendon, Milford, and Upton. Legal voters, 2,870. Two representatives.
- III. — Northbridge and Grafton. Legal voters, 1,513. One representative.
- IV. — Westborough and Southborough. Legal voters, 1,545. One representative.
- V. — Clinton, Berlin, Bolton, Sterling, Lancaster, Harvard, and Lunenburg. Legal voters, 3,098. Two representatives.
- VI. — Fitchburg. Legal voters, 2,815. Two representatives.
- VII. — Winchendon, Ashburnham, Gardner, Westminster, and Princeton. Legal voters, 3,030. Two representatives.
- VIII. — Athol and Royalston. Legal voters, 1,405. One representative.
- IX. — Petersham, Phillipston, Templeton, and Hubbardston. Legal voters, 1,547. One representative.
- X. — Dana, Hardwick, Barre, Oakham, and New Braintree. Legal voters, 1,584. One representative.
- XI. — Rutland, Holden, Paxton, and Leicester. Legal voters, 1,437. One representative.
- XII. — West Brookfield, Warren, Brookfield, North Brookfield, and Sturbridge. Legal voters, 2,932. Two representatives.
- XIII. — Spencer, Charlton, Southbridge, and Oxford. Legal voters 2,908. Two representatives.

DISTRICT

- XIV.—Douglas, Webster, and Dudley. Legal voters, 1,679. One representative.
- XV.—Auburn, Millbury, and Sutton. Legal voters, 1,485. One representative.
- XVI.—Shrewsbury, Northborough, Boylston, and West Boylston. Legal voters, 1,400. One representative.
- XVII.—Leominster. Legal voters, 1,391. One representative.
- XVIII.—Worcester, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,342. One representative.
- XIX.—Worcester, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 1,315. One representative.
- XX.—Worcester, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,359. One representative.
- XXI.—Worcester, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,368. One representative.
- XXII.—Worcester, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,374. One representative.
- XXIII.—Worcester, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,396. One representative.
- XXIV.—Worcester, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,346. One representative.
- XXV.—Worcester, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 1,353. One representative.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — *Six Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Easthampton, Northampton, and Southampton. Legal voters, 3,125. Two representatives.
- II.—Hadley, Hatfield, Westhampton, and Williamsburg. Legal voters, 1,312. One representative.
- III.—Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, and Worthington. Legal voters, 1,326. One representative.
- IV.—Amherst, Pelham, Prescott, and South Hadley. Legal voters, 1,706. One representative.
- V.—Belchertown, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, and Ware. Legal voters, 1,734. One representative.

HAMPDEN COUNTY — *Thirteen Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Monson, Brimfield, Holland, and Wales. Legal voters, 1,349. One representative.

DISTRICT

- II. — Palmer, Wilbraham, and Ludlow. Legal voters, 1,630. One representative.
- III. — Chicopee. Legal voters, 1,686. One representative.
- IV. — Springfield, 1st Ward and 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,589. Two representatives.
- V. — Springfield, 3d Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,481. One representative.
- VI. — Springfield, 4th Ward, 7th Ward, and Longmeadow. Legal voters, 1,455. One representative.
- VII. — Springfield, 5th and 8th Ward. Legal voters, 1,568. One representative.
- VIII. — Holyoke, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,592. One representative.
- IX. — Holyoke, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 1,463. One representative.
- X. — Westfield, Agawam, and Montgomery. Legal voters, 2,620. Two representatives.
- XI. — Southwick, Granville, Tolland, Blandford, Chester, and Russell. Legal voters, 1,479. One representative.

FRANKLIN COUNTY — *Six Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I. — Erving, Warwick, Orange, and New Salem. Legal voters, 1,416. One representative.
- II. — Montague, Sunderland, Leverett, Shutesbury, and Wendell. Legal voters, 1,467. One representative.
- III. — Greenfield, Gill, and Shelburne. Legal voters, 1,417. One representative.
- IV. — Deerfield, Conway, and Whately. Legal voters, 1,382. One representative.
- V. — Northfield, Bernardston, Leyden, Colrain, and Heath. Legal voters, 1,368. One representative.
- VI. — Ashfield, Buckland, Charlemont, Hawley, Rowe, and Monroe. Legal voters, 1,466. One representative.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — *Ten Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I. — Hancock, Lanesborough, New Ashford, Williamstown, and Clarksburg. Legal voters, 1,346. One representative.
- II. — Adams. Legal voters, 2,820. Two representatives.
- III. — Pittsfield and Dalton. Legal voters, 2,863. Two representatives.

DISTRICT

- IV. — Florida, Savoy, Cheshire, Windsor, Washington, Peru, and Hinsdale. Legal voters, 1,423. One representative.
- V. — Becket, Lee, Otis, and Tyringham. Legal voters, 1,446. One representative.
- VI. — Richmond, Lenox, Stockbridge, and West Stockbridge. Legal voters, 1,477. One representative.
- VII. — Alford, Egremont, Great Barrington, and Monterey. Legal voters, 1,457. One representative.
- VIII. — Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Sandisfield, and Sheffield. Legal voters, 1,303. One representative.

NORFOLK COUNTY — *Thirteen Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I. — Dedham and Norwood. Legal voters, 1,514. One representative.
- II. — Brookline. Legal voters, 1,247. One representative.
- III. — Hyde Park. Legal voters, 1,237. One representative.
- IV. — Milton and Canton. Legal voters, 1,312. One representative.
- V. — Quincy and Weymouth. Legal voters, 4,400. Three representatives.
- VI. — Braintree and Holbrook. Legal voters, 1,433. One representative.
- VII. — Randolph, Stoughton, Sharon, and Walpole. Legal voters, 3,046. Two representatives.
- VIII. — Franklin, Foxborough, Wrentham, Bellingham, and Medway. Legal voters, 2,972. Two representatives.
- IX. — Needham, Dover, Medfield, and Norfolk. Legal voters, 1,554. One representative.

BRISTOL COUNTY — *Eighteen Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I. — Attleborough, Norton, and Mansfield. Legal voters, 2,894. Two representatives.
- II. — Easton and Raynham. Legal voters, 1,301. One representative.
- III. — Taunton and Berkley. Legal voters, 4,628. Three representatives.
- IV. — Acushnet, Fairhaven, and Freetown. Legal voters, 1,396. One representative.
- V. — New Bedford, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,000. Two representatives.

DISTRICT

- VI. — New Bedford, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,004. Two representatives.
- VII. — Westport and Dartmouth. Legal voters, 1,622. One representative.
- VIII. — Fall River, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 4,670. Three representatives.
- IX. — Fall River, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and Somerset. Legal voters, 2,788. Two representatives.
- X. — Seekonk, Swanzey, Rehoboth, and Dighton. Legal voters, 1,573. One representative.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — *Twelve Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I. — Hingham and Hull. Legal voters, 1,147. One representative.
- II. — Cohasset, Scituate, and South Scituate. Legal voters, 1,610. One representative.
- III. — Marshfield, Pembroke, Hanson, and Halifax. Legal voters, 1,443. One representative.
- IV. — Duxbury, Kingston, Plympton, and Carver. Legal voters, 1,565. One representative.
- V. — Plymouth. Legal voters, 1,656. One representative.
- VI. — Wareham, Rochester, Marion, and Mattapoisett. Legal voters, 1,502. One representative.
- VII. — Middleborough and Lakeville. Legal voters, 1,671. One representative.
- VIII. — Bridgewater and East Bridgewater. Legal voters, 1,516. One representative.
- IX. — Rockland and Hanover. Legal voters, 1,509. One representative.
- X. — Brockton and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 2,804. Two representatives.
- XI. — Abington and South Abington. Legal voters, 1,513. One representative.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY — *Six Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I. — Sandwich and Falmouth. Legal voters, 1,519. One representative.
- II. — Barnstable and Mashpee. Legal voters, 1,268. One representative.
- III. — Yarmouth and Dennis. Legal voters, 1,502. One representative.

DISTRICT

IV. — Harwich and Chatham. Legal voters, 1,468. One representative.

V. — Brewster, Orleans, Eastham, and Wellfleet. Legal voters, 1,457. One representative.

VI. — Truro and Provincetown. Legal voters, 1,223. One representative.

DUKES COUNTY — *One Representative.*

DISTRICT

I. — Chilmark, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, and Tisbury. Legal voters, 1,117. One representative.

NANTUCKET COUNTY — *One Representative.*

DISTRICT

I. — Nantucket. Legal voters, 890. One representative.

A LIST

Of the Counties, Towns, and Cities in the Commonwealth,
with the Census of Inhabitants in 1870 and 1875, and
of Legal Voters in 1875.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1875.
	1870.	1875.	
BARNSTABLE.			
Barnstable	4,793	4,302	1,204
Brewster	1,259	1,219	307
Chatham	2,411	2,274	603
Dennis	3,269	3,369	921
Eastham	668	639	172
Falmouth	2,237	2,211	632
Harwich	3,080	3,355	865
Mashpee *.	348	278	64
Orleans	1,323	1,373	400
Provincetown	3,865	4,357	948
Sandwich	3,694	3,417	887
Truro	1,269	1,098	275
Wellfleet	2,135	1,988	578
Yarmouth	2,423	2,264	581
Totals	32,774	32,144	8,437
BERKSHIRE.			
Adams	12,090	15,760	2,820
Alford	430	389	106
Becket	1,346	1,329	280
Cheshire	1,758	1,693	401
Clarksburg	686	670	159
Dalton	1,252	1,759	342
Egremont	931	890	233
Florida	1,322	572	122
Great Barrington	4,320	4,385	944
Hancock	882	730	178
Hinsdale	1,695	1,571	317
Lanesborough	1,393	1,357	265
Lee	3,866	3,900	821
Lenox	1,965	1,845	409
Monterey	653	703	174
Mount Washington	256	182	46
New Ashford	208	160	42
New Marlborough	1,855	2,037	464

* Incorporated May 28, 1870.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS,	POPULATION.		Voters in 1875.
	1870.	1875.	
BERKSHIRE — <i>Con.</i>			
Otis	960	855	212
Peru	455	443	97
Pittsfield	11,112	12,267	2,521
Richmond	1,091	1,141	193
Sandisfield	1,482	1,172	306
Savoy	861	730	199
Sheffield	2,535	2,233	487
Stockbridge	2,003	2,089	456
Tyringham	557	517	133
Washington	694	603	122
West Stockbridge	1,924	1,981	419
Williamstown	3,559	3,683	702
Windsor	686	624	165
Totals	64,826	68,270	14,135
BRISTOL.			
Acushnet	1,132	1,059	288
Attleborough	6,769	9,224	1,884
Berkley	744	781	227
Dartmouth	3,367	3,434	814
Dighton	1,817	1,755	416
Easton	3,668	3,898	873
Fairhaven	2,626	2,768	760
Fall River	26,766	45,340	7,024
Freetown	1,372	1,396	348
Mansfield	2,432	2,656	622
New Bedford	21,320	25,895	6,004
Norton	1,821	1,595	388
Raynham	1,713	1,687	428
Rehoboth	1,895	1,827	524
Seekonk	1,021	1,167	313
Somerset	1,776	1,940	434
Swansey	1,294	1,308	320
Taunton	18,629	20,445	4,401
Westport	2,724	2,912	808
Totals	102,886	131,087	26,876
DUKES.			
Chilmark	476	508	158
Edgartown	1,516	1,707	466
Gay Head *	160	216	58
Gosnold	99	115	31
Tisbury	1,536	1,525	404
Totals	3,787	4,071	1,117

* Incorporated April 30, 1870.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1875.
	1870.	1875.	
ESSEX.			
Amesbury	5,581	3,816	746
Andover	4,873	5,097	804
Beverly	6,507	7,271	1,748
Boxford	847	834	221
Bradford	2,014	2,347	546
Danvers	5,600	6,024	1,190
Essex	1,614	1,713	484
Georgetown	2,088	2,214	631
Gloucester	15,389	16,754	3,440
Groveland	1,766	2,084	491
Hamilton	790	797	213
Haverhill	12,092	14,628	3,706
Ipswich	3,720	3,674	917
Lawrence	28,921	34,916	5,603
Lynn	28,233	32,600	7,713
Lynnfield	818	769	186
Manchester	1,665	1,560	402
Marblehead	7,703	7,677	1,899
Merrimac *	-	2,171	612
Methuen	2,959	4,205	927
Middleton	1,010	1,092	260
Nahant	475	766	169
Newbury	1,430	1,426	402
Newburyport	12,595	13,323	2,827
North Andover	2,549	2,981	642
Peabody †	7,343	8,066	1,720
Rockport	3,904	4,490	1,056
Rowley	1,157	1,162	381
Salem	24,117	25,955	5,298
Salisbury	3,776	4,078	1,093
Saugus	2,247	2,578	644
Swampscott	1,846	2,128	541
Topsfield	1,213	1,221	356
Wenham	985	911	251
West Newbury	2,006	2,021	511
Totals	200,843	223,349	48,630
FRANKLIN.			
Ashfield	1,180	1,190	342
Bernardston	961	991	261
Buckland	1,946	1,921	430
Charlemont	1,005	1,029	306
Colrain	1,742	1,699	421
Conway	1,460	1,452	40
Deerfield	3,632	3,414	801
Erving	579	794	218

* Incorporated April 11, 1876.

† Formerly South Danvers.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1875.
	1870.	1875.	
FRANKLIN — <i>Con.</i>			
Gill	653	673	189
Greenfield	3,589	3,540	835
Hawley	672	588	164
Heath	613	545	142
Leverett	877	831	249
Leyden	518	524	114
Monroe	201	190	49
Montague	2,224	3,380	707
New Salem	987	923	258
Northfield	1,720	1,641	430
Orange	2,091	2,497	722
Rowe	581	661	175
Shelburne	1,582	1,590	393
Shutesbury	614	558	157
Sunderland	832	860	201
Warwick	769	744	218
Wendell	539	503	153
Whately	1,068	958	241
Totals	32,635	33,696	8,516
HAMPDEN.			
Agawam	2,001	2,248	432
Blandford	1,020	964	259
Brimfield	1,288	1,201	298
Chester	1,253	1,396	355
Chicopee	9,607	10,335	1,686
Granville	1,293	1,240	295
Holland	344	334	83
Holyoke	10,733	16,260	2,225
Longmeadow	1,342	1,467	335
Ludlow	1,136	1,222	254
Monson	3,204	3,733	714
Montgomery	318	304	82
Palmer	3,631	4,572	761
Russell	635	643	146
Southwick	1,100	1,114	306
Springfield	26,703	31,053	6,758
Tolland	509	452	118
Wales	831	1,020	254
Westfield	6,519	8,431	2,106
West Springfield	2,606	3,739	830
Wilbraham	2,330	2,576	615
Totals	78,409	94,304	18,912

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1875.
	1870.	1875.	
HAMPSHIRE.			
Amherst	4,035	3,937	847
Belchertown	2,428	2,315	553
Chesterfield	811	746	208
Cummington	1,037	916	247
Easthampton	3,620	3,972	634
Enfield	1,023	1,065	273
Goshen	368	349	96
Granby	863	812	199
Greenwich	665	606	80
Hadley	2,301	2,125	428
Hatfield	1,594	1,600	294
Huntington	1,156	1,095	261
Middlefield	728	603	129
Northampton	10,160	11,108	2,231
Pelham	673	633	146
Plainfield	521	481	156
Prescott	541	493	144
South Hadley	2,840	3,370	569
Southampton	1,159	1,050	260
Ware	4,257	4,142	679
Westhampton	587	556	124
Williamsburg	2,159	2,029	466
Worthington	860	818	229
Totals	44,388	44,821	9,253
MIDDLESEX.			
Acton	1,593	1,708	447
Arlington	3,261	3,906	794
Ashby	994	962	255
Ashland	2,186	2,211	522
Ayer *	-	1,872	464
Bedford	849	900	224
Belmont	1,513	1,937	337
Billerica	1,833	1,881	419
Boxborough	338	318	87
Brighton †	4,967	-	-
Burlington	626	650	149
Cambridge	39,634	47,838	9,213
Carlisle	569	548	163
Charlestown ‡	28,323	-	-
Chelmsford	2,374	2,372	528
Concord	2,412	2,676	624
Dracut	2,078	1,116	294
Dunstable	471	452	131

* Incorporated Feb. 14, 1871. † Annexed to Boston, May 21, 1873.

‡ Annexed to Boston, May 14, 1873.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1875.
	1870.	1875.	
MIDDLESEX — <i>Con.</i>			
Everett	2,220	3,651	806
Framingham	4,968	5,167	1,054
Groton	3,584	1,908	414
Holliston	3,073	3,399	833
Hopkinton	4,419	4,503	948
Hudson	3,389	3,493	699
Lexington	2,277	2,505	567
Lincoln	791	834	173
Littleton	983	950	209
Lowell	40,928	49,688	9,061
Malden	7,367	10,843	2,320
Marlborough	8,474	8,424	1,645
Maynard *	—	1,965	310
Medford	5,717	6,627	1,512
Melrose	3,414	3,990	1,035
Natick	6,404	7,419	1,716
Newton	12,825	16,105	3,278
North Reading	942	979	264
Pepperell	1,842	1,927	494
Reading	2,664	3,186	829
Sherborn	1,062	999	272
Shirley	1,451	1,352	325
Somerville	14,685	21,868	4,465
Stoneham	4,513	4,984	1,281
Stow	1,813	1,022	261
Sudbury	2,091	1,177	304
Tewksbury	1,944	1,997	283
Townsend	1,962	2,196	570
Tyngsborough	629	665	153
Wakefield	4,135	5,349	1,218
Waltham	9,065	9,967	1,897
Watertown	4,326	5,099	1,120
Wayland	1,240	1,766	447
Westford	1,803	1,933	479
Weston	1,261	1,282	335
Wilmington	866	879	226
Winchester	2,645	3,099	631
Woburn	8,560	9,568	1,958
Totals	274,353	284,112	59,043
NANTUCKET.			
Nantucket	4,123	3,201	890
NORFOLK.			
Bellingham	1,282	1,247	295

* Incorporated April 19, 1871.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1875.
	1870.	1875.	
NORFOLK — <i>Con.</i>			
Braintree	3,948	4,156	1,005
Brookline	6,650	6,675	1,247
Canton	3,879	4,192	733
Cohasset	2,130	2,197	497
Dedham	7,342	5,756	1,115
Dover	645	650	148
Foxborough	3,057	3,168	695
Franklin	2,562	2,983	568
Holbrook	—	1,726	428
Hyde Park	4,136	6,316	1,237
Medfield	1,142	1,163	295
Medway	3,721	4,242	865
Milton	2,683	2,738	579
Needham	3,607	4,548	915
Norfolk	1,081	920	196
Norwood *	—	1,749	399
Quincy	7,442	9,155	1,976
Randolph	5,642	4,064	1,059
Sharon	1,508	1,330	315
Stoughton	4,914	4,842	1,151
Walpole	2,137	2,290	521
West Roxbury †	8,683	—	—
Weymouth	9,010	9,819	2,424
Wrentham	2,292	2,395	549
Totals	89,493	88,321	19,212
PLYMOUTH.			
Abington	9,308	3,241	832
Bridgewater	3,660	3,969	785
Brockton †	8,007	10,578	2,434
Carver	1,092	1,127	301
Duxbury	2,341	2,245	641
East Bridgewater	3,017	2,808	731
Halifax	619	568	169
Hanover	1,628	1,801	505
Hanson	1,219	1,265	351
Hingham	4,422	4,654	1,064
Hull	261	316	83
Kingston	1,604	1,569	414
Lakeville	1,159	1,061	295
Marion	896	862	232
Marshfield	1,659	1,817	516
Mattapoisett	1,361	1,361	389

* Incorporated Feb. 23, 1872. † Annexed to Boston, May 29, 1873.

‡ Name changed from North Bridgewater, March 28, 1874.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1875.
	1870.	1875.	
PLYMOUTH— <i>Con.</i>			
Middleborough	4,687	5,023	1,376
Pembroke	1,447	1,399	407
Plymouth	6,238	6,370	1,656
Plympton	804	755	209
Rochester	1,024	1,001	286
Rockland *	—	4,203	1,004
Scituate	2,350	2,463	611
South Scituate	1,661	1,818	502
South Abington †	—	2,456	681
Wareham	3,008	2,874	595
West Bridgewater	1,803	1,758	370
Totals	65,365	69,362	17,439
SUFFOLK.			
Boston	250,526	341,919	68,815
Chelsea	18,547	20,737	4,480
Revere †	1,197	1,603	308
Winthrop	532	627	158
Totals	270,802	364,886	73,761
WORCESTER.			
Ashburnham	2,172	2,141	513
Athol	3,517	4,134	1,073
Auburn	1,178	1,233	219
Barre	2,572	2,460	639
Berlin	1,016	987	259
Blackstone	5,421	4,640	799
Bolton	1,014	987	245
Boylston	800	895	201
Brookfield	2,527	2,660	645
Charlton	1,878	1,852	470
Clinton	5,429	6,781	1,151
Dana	758	760	223
Douglas	2,182	2,202	430
Dudley	2,388	2,653	356
Fitchburg	11,260	12,289	2,815
Gardner	3,333	3,730	881
Grafton	4,594	4,442	850
Hardwick	2,219	1,992	336
Harvard	1,341	1,304	302
Holden	2,062	2,180	467

* Incorporated March 9, 1874.

† Incorporated March 4, 1875.

‡ Name changed from North Chelsea, March 24, 1871.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1875.
	1870.	1875.	
WORCESTER — <i>Con.</i>			
Hubbardston	1,654	1,440	398
Lancaster	1,845	1,957	396
Leicester	2,768	2,770	545
Leominster	3,894	5,201	1,391
Lunenburg	1,121	1,153	299
Mendon	1,175	1,176	259
Milford	9,890	9,818	2,128
Millbury	4,397	4,529	755
New Braintree	640	606	164
Northborough	1,504	1,398	317
Northbridge	3,774	4,030	663
North Brookfield	3,343	3,749	770
Oakham	860	873	222
Oxford	2,669	2,938	686
Paxton	646	600	159
Petersham	1,335	1,203	326
Phillipston	693	666	177
Princeton	1,279	1,063	279
Royalston	1,354	1,260	332
Rutland	1,024	1,030	266
Shrewsbury	1,610	1,524	372
Southborough	2,135	1,986	417
Southbridge	5,208	5,740	876
Spencer	3,952	5,451	876
Sterling	1,670	1,569	446
Sturbridge	2,101	2,213	467
Sutton	2,699	3,051	511
Templeton	2,802	2,764	646
Upton	1,989	2,125	483
Uxbridge	3,058	3,029	600
Warren	2,625	3,260	651
Webster	4,763	5,064	893
Westborough	3,601	5,141	1,128
West Boylston	2,862	2,905	510
West Brookfield	1,842	1,903	399
Westminster	1,770	1,712	468
Winchendon	3,398	3,762	889
Worcester	41,105	49,317	10,854
Totals	192,716	210,295	44,892

RECAPITULATION.

COUNTIES.	Number of Cities and Towns.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1875.
		1870.	1875.	
Barnstable	14	32,774	32,144	8,437
Berkshire	31	64,826	68,270	14,135
Bristol	19	102,886	131,087	26,876
Dukes	5	3,787	4,071	1,117
Essex	35	200,843	223,349	48,630
Franklin	26	32,635	33,696	8,516
Hampden	21	78,409	94,304	18,912
Hampshire	23	44,388	44,821	9,253
Middlesex	54	274,353	284,112	59,043
Nantucket	1	4,123	3,201	890
Norfolk	24	89,493	88,321	19,212
Plymouth	27	65,365	69,362	17,439
Suffolk	4	270,802	364,886	73,761
Worcester	58	192,718	210,295	44,892
Totals	342	1,457,402	1,651,919	351,113

VALUATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

ESTABLISHED BY CHAPTER 189 OF THE ACTS OF 1876.*

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at one tenth of mill each.
Barnstable	1,100	\$2,863,099 00	\$1 56
Brewster	279	748,160 00	41
Chatham	542	881,632 00	50
Dennis	792	1,646,437 00	92
Eastham	177	212,633 00	13
Falmouth	672	2,561,805 00	1 37
Harwich	858	1,103,508 00	65
Mashpee	73	97,502 00	06
Orleans	378	520,679 00	30
Provincetown	1,101	1,943,982 00	1 10
Sandwich	756	1,442,201 00	81
Truro	319	294,363 00	18
Wellfleet	516	960,940 00	54
Yarmouth	522	1,558,494 00	84
Total	8,085	\$16,835,435 00	\$9 37

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

Adams	2,937	\$6,685,060 00	\$3 69
Alford	111	292,863 00	16
Becket	363	472,518 00	28
Cheshire	436	1,117,018 00	61
Clarksburg	152	261,850 00	15
Dalton	324	1,371,426 00	73
Egremont	254	613,063 00	34
Florida	242	191,874 00	12
Great Barrington	1,113	3,541,601 00	1 91
Hancock	165	459,607 00	25
Hinsdale	468	858,134 00	48
Lanesborough	423	781,820 00	44
Lee	899	2,027,731 00	1 12

* This schedule constitutes the basis of apportionment for State and County taxes until the year 1885, unless hereafter changed by law.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Lenox	475	\$1,477,811 00	\$0 80
Monterey	197	280,736 00	16
Mount Washington	77	78,989 00	05
New Ashford	48	94,201 00	05
New Marlborough	470	847,278 00	48
Otis	212	279,926 00	16
Peru	128	151,765 00	09
Pittsfield	2,841	9,402,059 00	5 06
Richmond	304	593,554 00	33
Sandisfield	306	432,851 00	25
Savoy	187	213,764 00	13
Sheffield	540	1,215,178 00	67
Stockbridge	520	2,993,700 00	1 57
Tyringham	137	265,444 00	15
Washington	161	248,026 00	14
West Stockbridge	513	881,894 00	50
Williamstown	741	1,894,373 00	1 04
Windsor	162	224,014 00	13
Total	15,906	\$40,250,128 00	\$22 04

BRISTOL COUNTY.

Acushnet	268	\$623,980 00	\$0 34
Attleborough	2,366	4,627,974 00	2 59
Berkley	207	316,967 00	18
Dartmouth	750	1,909,515 00	1 05
Dighton	433	846,659 00	47
Eastham	993	3,063,753 00	1 66
Fairhaven	714	1,608,404 00	89
Fall River	11,118	50,382,058 00	26 71
Freetown	316	770,047 00	42
Mansfield	671	1,187,158 00	67
New Bedford	5,930	27,528,048 00	14 58
Norton	432	875,357 00	49
Raynham	426	1,290,699 00	70
Rehoboth	450	820,551 00	46
Seekonk	262	641,638 00	35
Somerset	478	1,083,109 00	60
Swansey	307	702,963 00	39
Taunton	5,352	17,773,864 00	9 57
Westport	702	1,483,918 00	82
Total	32,175	\$117,536,662 00	\$62 94

DUKES COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Chilmark	166	\$297,423 00	\$0 17
Edgartown	511	1,816,506 00	97
Gay Head	32	11,834 00	01
Gosnold	36	184,925 00	10
Tisbury	419	710,558 00	40
Total	1,164	\$3,021,246 00	\$1 65

ESSEX COUNTY.

Amesbury	988	\$1,802,007 00	\$1 02
Andover	1,105	4,009,874 00	2 15
Beverly	2,202	8,931,663 00	4 76
Boxford	241	617,568 00	34
Bradford	567	1,423,243 00	78
Danvers	1,398	3,928,544 00	2 14
Essex	464	982,931 00	55
Georgetown	651	1,047,714 00	60
Gloucester	3,390	9,166,267 00	5 00
Groveland	540	874,444 00	50
Hamilton	200	543,936 00	30
Haverhill	4,226	10,984,538 00	6 00
Ipswich	880	2,211,187 00	1 21
Lawrence	7,728	23,329,454 00	12 63
Lynn	8,419	27,713,391 00	14 92
Lynnfield	200	841,885 00	45
Manchester	471	1,830,385 00	98
Marblehead	2,130	4,247,711 00	2 37
Merrimac	705	968,845 00	56
Methuen	1,038	2,429,809 00	1 34
Middleton	237	475,582 00	27
Nahant	169	8,119,833 00	4 14
Newbury	312	1,062,203 00	57
Newburyport	3,208	7,975,814 00	4 37
North Andover	796	2,278,826 00	1 24
Peabody	2,168	6,763,364 00	3 65
Rockport	1,097	2,184,509 00	1 22
Rowley	309	562,950 00	32
Salem	6,271	27,674,630 00	14 69
Salisbury	1,200	2,189,333 00	1 23
Saugus	632	1,888,960 00	1 02
Swampscott	612	2,695,681 00	1 43
Topsfield	307	783,413 00	43
Wenham	232	609,392 00	33
West Newbury	532	1,122,416 00	62
Total	55,625	\$174,272,302 00	\$94 13

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Ashfield	342	\$544,556 00	\$0 31
Bernardston	243	426,528 00	24
Buckland	461	593,489 00	35
Charlemont	260	356,808 00	21
Colrain	397	695,501 00	39
Conway	378	836,555 00	46
Deerfield	808	1,710,340 00	95
Erving	249	346,218 00	20
Gill	193	502,043 00	27
Greenfield	929	3,300,622 00	1 77
Hawley	159	157,354 00	10
Heath	149	191,401 00	11
Leverett	224	333,626 00	19
Leyden	111	228,748 00	13
Monroe	44	43,214 00	03
Montague	803	2,100,063 00	1 15
New Salem	262	325,395 00	19
Northfield	433	757,180 00	43
Orange	860	1,584,615 00	89
Rowe	147	174,826 00	10
Shelburne	380	973,093 00	53
Shutesbury	144	166,806 00	10
Sunderland	217	482,846 00	27
Warwick	224	298,435 00	17
Wendell	133	171,910 00	10
Whately	283	820,401 00	44
Total	8,833	\$18,122,573 00	\$10 08

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

Agawam	595	\$1,277,089 00	\$0 71
Blandford	253	407,798 00	23
Brimfield	302	593,247 00	33
Chester	374	533,469 00	31
Chicopee	2,522	5,861,559 00	3 23
Granville	322	404,157 00	24
Holland	80	122,299 00	07
Holyoke	3,559	10,631,605 00	5 76
Longmeadow	402	1,417,694 00	76
Ludlow	307	548,863 00	31
Monson	755	1,441,257 00	81
Montgomery	84	141,298 00	08
Palmer	1,006	1,854,962 00	1 04
Russell	163	430,520 00	23
Southwick	300	635,669 00	35

HAMPDEN COUNTY — CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Springfield	8,160	\$41,742,118 00	\$22 03
Tolland	128	236,400 00	13
Wales	276	429,799 00	25
Westfield	2,439	7,337,548 00	3 97
West Springfield	970	3,081,937 00	1 66
Wilbraham	591	964,845 00	55
Total	23,588	\$80,094,133 00	\$43 05

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

Amherst	937	\$2,588,314 00	\$1 41
Belchertown	573	1,069,399 00	60
Chesterfield	207	320,022 00	18
Cummington	261	428,422 00	24
Easthampton	793	2,623,493 00	1 41
Enfield	304	772,795 00	42
Goshen	95	124,888 00	07
Granby	219	518,965 00	29
Greenwich	186	307,347 00	17
Hadley	582	1,473,127 00	81
Hatfield	409	1,323,563 00	71
Huntington	250	519,007 00	29
Middlefield	158	386,722 00	21
Northampton	2,423	7,857,455 00	4 23
Pelham	157	160,807 00	10
Plainfield	158	216,125 00	13
Prescott	132	195,335 00	11
South Hadley	713	1,921,344 00	1 05
Southampton	274	497,224 00	28
Ware	950	1,926,153 00	1 07
Westhampton	116	294,347 00	16
Williamsburg	565	1,378,175 00	76
Worthington	220	342,834 00	20
Total	10,682	\$27,245,863 00	\$14 90

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

Acton	472	\$1,325,424 00	\$0 72
Arlington	1,009	6,377,689 00	3 34
Ashby	280	545,364 00	30
Ashland	669	1,468,016 00	81
Ayer	537	1,092,883 00	61

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Bedford	253	\$760,901 00	\$0 41
Belmont	535	4,305,961 00	2 24
Billerica	490	1,771,662 00	95
Boxborough	86	271,701 00	15
Burlington	195	530,794 00	29
Cambridge	11,983	66,081,126 00	34 77
Carlisle	164	381,350 00	21
Chelmsford	642	1,504,912 00	83
Concord	713	3,157,531 00	1 68
Dracut	335	1,045,853 00	56
Dunstable	138	340,832 00	19
Everett	927	4,380,269 00	2 32
Framingham	1,448	4,845,885 00	2 61
Groton	467	2,306,032 00	1 22
Holliston	932	1,863,695 00	1 04
Hopkinton	1,056	2,319,537 00	1 28
Hudson	953	1,687,492 00	95
Lexington	731	3,067,692 00	1 63
Lincoln	235	881,382 00	47
Littleton	245	775,066 00	42
Lowell	11,336	39,300,500 00	21 10
Malden	2,570	9,731,455 00	5 20
Marlborough	2,082	3,285,860 00	1 88
Maynard	518	1,336,342 00	73
Medford	1,785	9,736,661 00	5 13
Melrose	1,039	4,473,067 00	2 38
Natick	1,864	3,708,110 00	2 07
Newton	3,917	30,867,560 00	16 08
North Reading	265	449,198 00	25
Pepperell	551	1,457,142 00	80
Reading	882	2,377,630 00	1 30
Sherborn	281	927,158 00	50
Shirley	318	975,348 00	53
Somerville	5,341	29,334,350 00	15 44
Stoneham	1,350	3,129,181 00	1 72
Stow	274	714,050 00	39
Sudbury	337	1,043,080 00	56
Tewksbury	286	929,408 00	50
Townsend	613	776,758 00	46
Tyngsborough	161	309,502 00	17
Wakefield	1,484	4,706,056 00	2 54
Waltham	2,552	10,257,698 00	5 47
Watertown	1,285	8,170,369 00	4 28
Wayland	452	1,131,363 00	62
Westford	517	1,115,088 00	62
Weston	345	1,737,649 00	92
Wilmington	255	542,091 00	30
Winchester	849	4,781,527 00	2 51
Woburn	2,924	8,767,630 00	4 75
Total	71,928	\$299,160,880 00	\$159 20

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Nantucket	837	\$2,446,936 00	\$1 33
Total	837	\$2,446,936 00	\$1 33

NORFOLK COUNTY.

Bellingham	329	\$531,926 00	\$0 30
Braintree	1,077	2,733,625 00	1 50
Brookline	1,728	30,769,194 00	15 81
Canton	958	3,242,254 00	1 74
Cohasset	563	2,411,466 00	1 23
Dedham	1,542	6,250,090 00	3 33
Dover	170	444,801 00	24
Foxborough	781	1,761,058 00	97
Franklin	717	1,486,788 00	83
Holbrook	496	1,598,675 00	86
Hyde Park	1,609	6,545,203 00	3 49
Medfield	310	1,043,036 00	56
Medway	974	1,825,077 00	1 02
Milton	731	8,275,712 00	4 28
Needham	1,166	4,576,394 00	2 44
Norfolk	330	539,881 00	31
Norwood	503	1,759,652 00	94
Quincy	2,414	7,203,329 00	3 90
Randolph	1,169	2,471,764 00	1 37
Sharon	384	966,313 00	53
Stoughton	1,264	2,487,872 00	1 39
Walpole	556	1,533,404 00	83
Weymouth	2,729	6,119,045 00	3 38
Wrentham	580	1,160,069 00	65
Total	23,080	\$97,736,628 00	\$51 95

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

Abington	1,018	\$1,657,879 00	\$0 94
Bridgewater	989	2,620,298 00	1 43
Brockton	2,894	5,590,721 00	3 13
Carver	265	597,290 00	33
Duxbury	680	1,340,538 00	75
East Bridgewater	787	1,367,826 00	77
Halifax	169	291,943 00	17
Hanover	469	985,625 00	55
Hanson	363	572,791 00	33

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Hingham	1,234	\$3,590,222 00	\$1 95
Hull	78	617,251 00	32
Kingston	452	1,748,679 00	93
Lakeville	305	572,735 00	32
Marion	232	489,064 00	27
Marshfield	502	978,188 00	55
Mattapoisett	343	1,266,062 00	68
Middleborough	1,388	2,556,523 00	1 44
Pembroke	398	714,449 00	40
Plymouth	1,633	4,565,865 00	2 48
Plympton	197	310,817 00	18
Rochester	289	493,931 00	28
Rockland	1,152	2,030,697 00	1 15
Scituate	654	1,461,254 00	81
South Abington	686	1,393,904 00	78
South Scituate	475	1,129,694 00	62
Wareham	761	1,124,248 00	65
West Bridgewater	461	923,115 00	52
Total	18,874	\$40,991,609 00	\$22 73

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Boston	84,684	\$795,638,935 00	\$412 74
Chelsea	5,374	18,270,619 00	9 82
Revere	404	1,971,955 00	1 04
Winthrop	167	1,074,126 00	56
Total	90,629	\$816,955,635 00	\$424 16

WORCESTER COUNTY.

Ashburnham	650	\$1,112,682 00	\$0 63
Athol	1,179	2,855,548 00	1 57
Auburn	284	590,426 00	33
Barre	698	1,956,812 00	1 06
Berlin	283	489,691 00	28
Blackstone	1,049	2,143,923 00	1 19
Bolton	283	556,372 00	31
Boylston	214	581,669 00	32
Brookfield	745	1,411,318 00	79
Charlton	501	1,003,629 00	56
Clinton	1,591	4,548,192 00	2 47
Dana	206	290,184 00	17

WORCESTER COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Douglas	607	\$922,375 00	\$0 53
Dudley	619	1,039,645 00	59
Fitchburg	3,733	13,217,220 00	7 09
Gardner	1,135	2,103,023 00	1 18
Grafton	1,000	1,950,459 00	1 09
Hardwick	501	1,093,452 00	61
Harvard	348	1,131,722 00	61
Holden	520	982,204 00	55
Hubbardston	420	883,049 00	49
Lancaster	423	2,412,592 00	1 27
Leicester	713	2,194,297 00	1 19
Leominster	1,473	3,941,878 00	2 15
Lunenburg	307	785,049 00	43
Mendon	316	659,572 00	37
Milford	2,700	5,107,290 00	2 86
Millbury	1,050	2,680,798 00	1 47
New Braintree	154	501,115 00	27
Northborough	385	1,321,153 00	71
Northbridge	900	2,282,544 00	1 25
North Brookfield	1,048	1,848,489 00	1 04
Oakham	230	347,879 00	20
Oxford	800	1,529,756 00	86
Paxton	174	321,911 00	18
Petersham	290	713,469 00	39
Phillipston	189	317,555 00	18
Princeton	314	932,909 00	51
Royalston	345	760,525 00	42
Rutland	254	460,895 00	26
Shrewsbury	426	1,157,279 00	63
Southborough	545	1,401,967 00	77
Southbridge	1,235	3,210,879 00	1 75
Spencer	1,262	2,786,234 00	1 54
Sterling	439	1,166,371 00	64
Sturbridge	575	1,140,047 00	64
Sutton	688	1,469,105 00	82
Templeton	755	1,314,781 00	74
Upton	503	859,936 00	49
Uxbridge	686	1,872,254 00	1 02
Warren	796	1,557,419 00	87
Webster	1,359	2,486,999 00	1 40
Westborough	1,049	2,448,983 00	1 35
West Boylston	665	1,161,436 00	66
West Brookfield	442	848,347 00	48
Westminster	443	874,917 00	49
Winchendon	1,041	2,245,237 00	1 24
Worcester	13,341	53,488,687 00	28 51
Total	54,881	\$151,474,149 00	\$82 47

TOWNS IN MASSACHUSETTS,

WITH THE

POST-OFFICES THEREIN.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Abington</i>	{ Abington. North Abington.	<i>Ashland</i>	. Ashland.
<i>Acton</i>	{ Acton. South Acton. West Acton. Ellsworth.	<i>Athol</i>	{ Athol. Athol Depot. South Athol.
<i>Acushnet</i>	{ Acushnet. Long Plain.	<i>Attleborough</i>	{ Attleborough. Attleboro' Falls. N. Attleborough. S. Attleborough. Hebronville. Dodgeville.
<i>Adams</i>	{ Adams. North Adams. Blackinton.	<i>Auburn</i>	. Auburn.
<i>Agawam</i>	{ Agawam. Feeding Hills.	<i>Ayer</i>	. Ayer.
<i>Alford</i>	. Alford.	<i>Barnstable</i>	{ Barnstable. West Barnstable. Centreville. Marston's Mills. Hyannis. Cotuit. Osterville.
<i>Amesbury</i> *	. Amesbury.	<i>Barre</i>	{ Barre. Barre Plains. Smithville. Coldbrook Spr'gs.
<i>Amherst</i>	{ Amherst. North Amherst. South Amherst.	<i>Becket</i>	{ Becket. North Becket. West Becket. Becket Centre.
<i>Andover</i>	{ Andover. Ballard Vale.	<i>Bedford</i>	. Bedford.
<i>Arlington</i>	{ Arlington. Arlington Heights.	<i>Belchertown</i>	. Belchertown.
<i>Ashburnham</i>	{ Ashburnham. Ashburnh'm Dep't. Burrageville.	<i>Bellingham</i>	{ Bellingham. N. Bellingham. Caryville.
<i>Ashby</i>	. Ashby.		
<i>Ashfield</i>	{ Ashfield. South Ashfield.		

* See Merrimac.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Belmont.</i>	{ Belmont. Waverly.	<i>Brewster</i>	{ Brewster. East Brewster. West Brewster. South Brewster.
<i>Berkley .</i>	. Berkley.	<i>Bridgewater .</i>	{ Bridgewater. Scotland.
<i>Berlin .</i>	{ Berlin. West Berlin.	<i>Brimfield .</i>	{ Brimfield. East Brimfield.
<i>Bernardston .</i>	Bernardston.	<i>Brockton .</i>	{ Brockton. Campello.
<i>Beverly .</i>	{ Beverly. Beverly Farms. North Beverly.	<i>Brookfield .</i>	{ Brookfield. East Brookfield. West Brookfield.
<i>Billerica .</i>	{ Billerica. North Billerica.	<i>Brookline .</i>	. Brookline.
<i>Blackstone .</i>	{ Blackstone. East Blackstone. Millville.	<i>Buckland .</i>	. Buckland.
<i>Blandford .</i>	{ Blandford. North Blandford.	<i>Burlington .</i>	. Burlington.
<i>Bolton .</i>	. Bolton.	<i>Cambridge</i>	{ Cambridge.* Cambridgeport.* N. Cambridge.* East Cambridge.*
<i>Boston .</i>	{ Boston. South Boston. East Boston. Station A. Roxbury. West Roxbury. Jamaica Plain. Boylston Station. Roslindale. Brighton. Allston. Dorchester. Mattapan. Charlestown.	<i>Canton .</i>	{ Canton. Punkapoag.
<i>Boxborough .</i>	West Acton P. O.	<i>Carlisle .</i>	. Carlisle.
<i>Boxford .</i>	{ Boxford. West Boxford.	<i>Carver .</i>	{ Carver. North Carver. South Carver.
<i>Boylston .</i>	{ Boylston. Boylston Centre.	<i>Charlemont .</i>	{ Charlemont. East Charlemont. Zoar.
<i>Bradford .</i>	. Bradford.	<i>Charlton .</i>	{ Charlton. Charlton City. Charlton Depot.
<i>Braintree .</i>	{ Braintree. South Braintree.	<i>Chatham .</i>	{ Chatham. Chatham Port. North Chatham. South Chatham. West Chatham.

* Sub-office to Boston. Postage 2 cents from Boston.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Chelmsford</i>	{ Chelmsford. N. Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. Middlesex Village. So. Chelmsford.	<i>Danvers</i>	{ Danvers. Danvers Centre. Danvers Port. Tapleyville.
<i>Chelsea</i>	. Chelsea Station.*	<i>Dartmouth</i>	{ Dartmouth. North Dartmouth. South Dartmouth.
<i>Cheshire</i>	. Cheshire.	<i>Dedham</i>	{ Dedham. West Dedham.
<i>Chester</i>	{ Chester. Chester Centre. North Centre.	<i>Deerfield</i>	{ Deerfield. South Deerfield.
<i>Chesterfield</i>	{ Chesterfield. West Chesterfield.	<i>Dennis</i>	{ Dennis. Dennis Port. East Dennis. South Dennis. West Dennis.
<i>Chicopee</i>	{ Chicopee. Chicopee Falls. Willimanset.	<i>Dighton</i>	{ Dighton. North Dighton.
<i>Chilmark</i>	{ Chilmark. Gay Head.	<i>Douglas</i>	{ Douglas. East Douglas.
<i>Clarksburg</i>	{ Clarksburg. (N. Adams P. O.)	<i>Dover</i>	{ Dover. Chas. Riv. Village.
<i>Clinton</i>	. Clinton.	<i>Dracut</i>	. Dracut.
<i>Cohasset</i>	{ Cohasset. Nantasket. Beechwood.	<i>Dudley</i>	{ Dudley. West Dudley.
<i>Colrain</i>	{ Colrain. Adamsville. Elm Grove. Griswoldville. Shattucksville.	<i>Dunstable</i>	. Dunstable.
<i>Concord</i>	{ Concord. Westvale. Ellsworth.	<i>Duxbury</i>	{ Duxbury. West Duxbury. South Duxbury.
<i>Conway</i>	. Conway.	<i>East Bridge- water</i>	{ Elmwood. E. Bridgewater. Matfield.
<i>Cummington</i>	{ Cummington. Cummington Village. Swift River.	<i>Eastham</i>	{ Eastham. North Eastham.
<i>Dalton</i>	. Dalton.	<i>Easthampton</i>	. Easthampton.
<i>Dana</i>	{ Dana. North Dana.	<i>Easton</i>	{ Easton. North Easton. South Easton.

* Postage 2 cents from Boston and its stations.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Edgartown</i>	{ Edgartown. Vineyard Grove.
<i>Egremont</i>	{ Egremont. North Egremont. South Egremont.
<i>Enfield</i> .	. Enfield.
<i>Erving</i> .	. Erving.
<i>Essex</i> .	. Essex.
<i>Everett</i> .	. Everett.
<i>Fairhaven</i> .	. Fairhaven.
<i>Fall River</i>	{ Fall River. Steep Brook.
<i>Falmouth</i>	{ Falmouth. East Falmouth. North Falmouth. West Falmouth. Wood's Hole.
<i>Fitchburg</i>	{ Fitchburg. West Fitchburg.
<i>Florida</i> .	{ Florida. Hoosac Tunnel.
<i>Foxborough</i>	{ Foxborough. East Foxborough. West Foxborough.
<i>Framingham</i>	{ Framingham. S. Framingham. Saxonville.
<i>Franklin</i>	{ Franklin. Franklin City. South Franklin.
<i>Freetown</i>	{ Freetown. East Freetown.
<i>Gardner</i>	{ Gardner. South Gardner.
<i>Georgetown</i> .	. Georgetown.
<i>Gill</i> .	. Gill.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Gloucester</i>	{ Bay View. Gloucester. East Gloucester. West Gloucester. Lanesville. Annisquam.
<i>Goshen</i> .	. Goshen.
<i>Gosnold</i> .	{ Gosnold. (Wood's Hole P.O.)
<i>Grafton</i> .	{ Grafton. New Eng. Village. Saundersville. Farnumsville.
<i>Granby</i> .	. Granby.
<i>Granville</i>	{ Granville Corner. East Granville. West Granville.
<i>Great Barrington</i>	{ Great Barrington. Housatonic. Van Dusen ville.
<i>Greenfield</i>	{ Greenfield. Factory Village.
<i>Greenwich</i>	{ Greenwich. Greenw'h Village.
<i>Groton</i> .	{ Groton. West Groton.
<i>Groveland</i>	{ Groveland. South Groveland.
<i>Hadley</i> .	{ Hadley. North Hadley.
<i>Halifax</i> .	. Halifax.
<i>Hamilton</i>	. Hamilton.
<i>Hancock</i>	. Hancock.
<i>Hanover</i>	{ Hanover. South Hanover. West Hanover.
<i>Hanson</i> .	{ Hanson. South Hanson.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Hardwick</i>	. { Hardwick. Gilbertville.	<i>Huntington</i>	. { Huntington. Norwich.
<i>Harvard</i>	. { Harvard. Still River.	<i>Hyde Park</i>	. { Hyde Park. Readville.
<i>Harwich</i>	. { Harwich. Harwich Port. East Harwich. North Harwich. South Harwich. West Harwich.	<i>Ipswich</i>	. Ipswich.
<i>Hatfield</i>	. { Hatfield. North Hatfield.	<i>Kingston</i>	. Kingston.
<i>Haverhill</i>	. { Haverhill. East Haverhill. Ayer's Village.	<i>Lakeville</i>	. Lakeville.
<i>Hawley</i>	. { Hawley. South Hawley. West Hawley.	<i>Lancaster</i>	. { Lancaster. South Lancaster.
<i>Heath</i>	. Heath.	<i>Lanesborough</i>	. { Lanesborough. Berkshire.
<i>Hingham</i>	. { Hingham. Hingham Centre. South Hingham.	<i>Lawrence</i>	. Lawrence.
<i>Hinsdale</i>	. Hinsdale.	<i>Lee</i>	. { Lee. East Lee. South Lee.
<i>Holden</i>	. { Holden. Jeffersonville.	<i>Leicester</i>	. { Leicester. Cherry Valley. Rochdale.
<i>Holbrook</i>	. Holbrook.	<i>Lenox</i>	. { Lenox. Lenox Furnace. New Lenox.
<i>Holland</i>	. Holland.	<i>Leominster</i>	. { Leominster. N. Leominster.
<i>Holliston</i>	. { Holliston. East Holliston. Braggville.	<i>Leverett</i>	. { Leverett. North Leverett.
<i>Holyoke</i>	. { Holyoke. Ireland.	<i>Lexington</i>	. { Lexington. East Lexington.
<i>Hopkinton</i>	. { Hopkinton. Woodville. Hayden Row.	<i>Leyden</i>	. Leyden.
<i>Hubbardston</i>	. { Hubbardston. E. Hubbardston.	<i>Lincoln</i>	. { Lincoln. South Lincoln.
<i>Hudson</i>	. Hubson.	<i>Littleton</i>	. Littleton.
<i>Hull</i>	. Hull.	<i>Longmeadow</i>	. { Longmeadow. E. Longmeadow.
		<i>Lowell</i>	. Lowell.
		<i>Ludlow</i>	. { Ludlow. Ludlow Centre.
		<i>Lunenburg</i>	. Lunenburg.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Lynn</i> .	Lynn.	<i>Middlefield</i> .	{ Middlefield. Bancroft.
<i>Lynnfield</i> .	{ Lynnfield. Lynnfield Centre.	<i>Middleton</i> .	Middleton.
<i>Malden</i> .	{ Malden. Maplewood. Linden.	<i>Milford</i> .	{ Milford. South Milford. Hopedale.
<i>Manchester</i> .	{ Manchester. Magnolia.	<i>Millbury</i> .	{ Millbury. West Millbury.
<i>Mansfield</i> .	{ Mansfield. West Mansfield.	<i>Milton</i> .	{ Milton. East Milton. Blue Hill.
<i>Marblehead</i> .	Marblehead.	<i>Monroe</i> .	Monroe.
<i>Marion</i> .	Marion.	<i>Monson</i> .	Monson.
<i>Marlborough</i> .	Marlborough.	<i>Montague</i> .	{ Montague. Locks Village. Montague City. Turner's Falls. Miller's Falls. Riverside.
<i>Marshfield</i> .	{ Marshfield. North Marshfield. East Marshfield.	<i>Monterey</i> .	Monterey.
<i>Mattapoisett</i> .	Mattapoisett.	<i>Montgomery</i> .	Montgomery.
<i>Maynard</i> .	Maynard.	<i>Mt. Wash'gt'n</i> .	Mt. Washington.
<i>Medfield</i> .	Medfield.	<i>Nahant</i> .	Nahant.
<i>Medford</i> .	{ Medford. West Medford. College Hill. Glenwood.	<i>Nantucket</i> .	{ Nantucket. Siasconset.
<i>Medway</i> .	{ Medway. East Medway. West Medway. Rockville.	<i>Natick</i> .	{ Natick. South Natick. Cochituate.
<i>Melrose</i> .	{ Melrose. Melrose Highl'ds.	<i>Needham</i> .	{ Needham. Wellesley. Grantvills. Highlandville.
<i>Mendon</i> .	Mendon.	<i>New Ashford</i> .	New Ashford.
<i>Merrimac</i> .	{ Merrimac. Merrimac Port.	<i>New Bedford</i> .	New Bedford.
<i>Methuen</i> .	Methuen.	<i>N. Braintree</i> .	New Braintree.
<i>Middleboro'</i> .	{ Middleborough. E. Middleborough. N. Middleborough. S. Middleborough. Rock.		

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>N. Marlboro'</i>	{ New Marlboro'. Hartsville. Mill River. Southfield.	<i>Oakham</i>	. Oakham.
<i>New Salem</i>	{ Cooleyville. New Salem. N. New Salem. Millington.	<i>Orange</i>	. { Orange. North Orange.
<i>Newbury</i>	{ Newbury Old Town. Byfield. South Byfield.	<i>Orleans</i>	. { Orleans. East Orleans. South Orleans.
<i>Newburyport</i>	. Newburyport.	<i>Otis</i>	. { Otis. East Otis. Cold Spring.
<i>Newton</i>	{ Newton. Newtonville. Auburndale. West Newton. Newton Centre. Newton L. Falls. Newton U. Falls. Chestnut Hill. Newton Highl'ds.	<i>Oxford</i>	. { Oxford. North Oxford.
<i>Norfolk</i>	. Norfolk.	<i>Palmer</i>	. { Palmer. Bond's Village. Thorndike. Three Rivers.
<i>N. Andover</i>	{ North Andover. N. Andover Dep't.	<i>Paxton</i>	. Paxton.
<i>N. Brookfield</i>	. North Brookfield.	<i>Peabody</i>	. { Peabody. West Danvers.
<i>N. Reading</i>	. North Reading.	<i>Pelham</i>	. Pelham.
<i>Northampton</i>	{ Northampton. Florence. Leeds. Loudville.	<i>Pembroke</i>	. { Pembroke. North Pembroke. East Pembroke.
<i>Northboro'</i>	. Northborough.	<i>Pepperell</i>	. { Pepperell. East Pepperell.
<i>Northbridge</i>	{ Northbridge. Northb'dge Centre. Whitinsville.	<i>Peru</i>	. Peru.
<i>Northfield</i>	{ Northfield. Northfield Farms. West Northfield.	<i>Petersham</i>	. Petersham.
<i>Norton</i>	{ Norton. Barrowsville.	<i>Phillipston</i>	. Phillipston.
<i>Norwood</i>	. Norwood.	<i>Pittsfield</i>	. { Pittsfield. West Pittsfield. Coltsville.
		<i>Plainfield</i>	. Plainfield.
		<i>Plymouth</i>	. { Plymouth. South Plymouth. Chiltonville. North Plymouth.
		<i>Plympton</i>	. { Plympton. Plympton Station. North Plympton.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Prescott</i> .	{ Prescott. North Prescott.	<i>Salem</i> .	Salem.
<i>Princeton</i> .	{ Princeton. East Princeton. Wachusett V'lage. Mt. Wachusett.	<i>Salisbury</i> .	{ Salisbury. East Salisbury.
<i>Provincetown</i> ,	Provincetown.	<i>Sandisfield</i> .	{ Sandisfield. New Boston. Montville. South Sandisfield.
<i>Quincy</i> .	{ Atlantic. Wollaston. Quincy. Quincy Point. West Quincy.	<i>Sandwich</i> .	{ Sandwich. East Sandwich. North Sandwich. South Sandwich. West Sandwich. Monument. Pocasset. Waquoit. Spring Hill. Hatchville. Mashpee.
<i>Randolph</i> .	{ Randolph. Brooksville.	<i>Saugus</i> .	{ Saugus. Saugus Centre. Clifton Dale.
<i>Raynham</i> .	{ Raynham. North Raynham.	<i>Savoy</i> .	Savoy.
<i>Reading</i> .	Reading.	<i>Scituate</i> .	{ Scituate. Scituate Centre. North Scituate
<i>Rehoboth</i> .	{ Rehoboth. North Rehoboth.	<i>Seekonk</i> .	{ Seekonk. (East Providence, R. I.) South Seekonk.
<i>Revere</i> .	Revere.*	<i>Sharon</i> .	{ Sharon. East Sharon.
<i>Richmond</i> .	{ Richmond. Rich'nd Furnace.	<i>Sheffield</i> .	{ Sheffield. Ashley Falls. Clayton.
<i>Rochester</i> .	{ Rochester. North Rochester.	<i>Shelburne</i> .	{ Bardwell's Ferry. Shelburne. Shelburne Falls. East Shelburne.
<i>Rockland</i> .	Rockland.	<i>Sherborn</i> .	Sherborn.
<i>Rockport</i> .	{ Rockport. Pigeon Cove.	<i>Shirley</i> .	{ Shirley. Shirley Village.
<i>Rowe</i> .	Rowe.		
<i>Rowley</i> .	Rowley.		
<i>Royalston</i> .	{ Royalston. South Royalston.		
<i>Russell</i> .	Russell.		
<i>Rutland</i> .	{ Rutland. West Rutland. North Rutland.		

* Sub-office to Boston.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Shrewsbury</i>	Shrewsbury.	<i>Sturbridge</i>	{ Sturbridge. Fiskdale.
<i>Shutesbury</i>	Shutesbury.	<i>Sudbury</i>	{ Sudbury. South Sudbury. North Sudbury.
<i>Somerset</i>	Somerset.	<i>Sunderland</i>	Sunderland.
<i>Somerville</i>	{ Somerville.* East Somerville.* N. Somerville.* West Somerville.*	<i>Sutton</i>	{ Sutton. West Sutton. Manchaug. Wilkinsonville.
<i>So. Abington</i>	So. Abington.	<i>Swampscott</i>	Swampscott.
<i>So. Hadley</i>	{ South Hadley. S. Hadley Falls.	<i>Swansey</i>	{ Swansey. North Swansey.
<i>So. Scituate</i>	{ West Scituate. South Scituate.	<i>Taunton</i>	{ Taunton. East Taunton. Myricksville.
<i>Southampton</i>	Southampton.	<i>Templeton</i>	{ Templeton. East Templeton. Baldwinsville. Otter River.
<i>Southboro'</i>	{ Southborough. Cordaville. Fayville.	<i>Tewksbury</i>	Tewksbury.
<i>Southbridge</i>	{ Southbridge. Globe Village.	<i>Tisbury</i>	{ Vineyard Haven. West Tisbury. North Tisbury.
<i>Southwick</i>	Southwick.	<i>Tolland</i>	Tolland.
<i>Spencer</i>	{ Spencer. North Spencer.	<i>Topsfield</i>	Topsfield.
<i>Springfield</i>	{ Springfield. Indian Orchard. Ashley Falls.	<i>Townsend</i>	{ Townsend. Townsend Harbor. West Townsend.
<i>Sterling</i>	{ Sterling. West Sterling. Pratt's Junction.	<i>Truro</i>	{ Truro. North Truro. South Truro.
<i>Stockbridge</i>	{ Stockbridge. State Line. Glen Dale. Curtisville.	<i>Tyngsboro'</i>	Tyngsborough.
<i>Stoneham</i>	Stoneham.	<i>Tyringham</i>	Tyringham.
<i>Stoughton</i>	{ Stoughton. East Stoughton. North Stoughton.	<i>Upton</i>	{ Upton. West Upton.
<i>Stow</i>	{ Stow. Rock Bottom.		

* Sub-office to Boston.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Uxbridge</i>	{ Uxbridge. North Uxbridge.	<i>West Springfield</i>	{ West Springfield. Ashleyville. Mittineague. Agawam.
<i>Wakefield</i>	{ Greenwood. Wakefield.	<i>West Stockbridge</i>	{ State Line. W. Stockbridge. West Stockbridge Centre.
<i>Wales</i>	. Wales.	<i>Westborough</i>	. Westborough.
<i>Walpole</i>	{ Walpole. East Walpole. South Walpole.	<i>Westfield</i>	. Westfield.
<i>Waltham</i>	. Waltham.	<i>Westford</i>	{ Westford. Forge Village. Graniteville.
<i>Ware</i>	. Ware.	<i>Westhampton</i>	. Westhampton.
<i>Wareham</i>	{ Wareham. East Wareham. West Wareham. Cohasset Narrows,	<i>Westminster</i>	{ Westminster. Westmin'r Depot. So. Westminster.
<i>Warren</i>	{ Warren. West Warren.	<i>Weston</i>	. Weston.
<i>Warwick</i>	. Warwick.	<i>Westport</i>	{ Westport. Westport Point. South Westport. Central Village. Westport Harbor.
<i>Washington</i>	. Washington.	<i>Weymouth</i>	{ Weymouth. East Weymouth. North Weymouth. South Weymouth.
<i>Watertown</i>	{ Watertown. Mount Auburn.*	<i>Whately</i>	{ Whately. East Whately.
<i>Wayland</i>	. Wayland.	<i>Wilbraham</i>	{ Wilbraham. Collins Depot. So. Wilbraham.
<i>Webster</i>	. Webster.	<i>Williamsb'rg</i>	{ Williamsburg. Haydenville.
<i>Wellfleet</i>	{ Wellfleet. South Wellfleet.	<i>Williamstown</i>	{ Williamstown. S. Williamstown.
<i>Wendell</i>	{ Wendell. Wendell Depot.	<i>Wilmington</i>	{ Wilmington. N. Wihnington.
<i>Wenham</i>	. Wenham.		
<i>W. Boylston</i>	{ West Boylston. Oakdale.		
<i>West Bridge- water</i>	{ Cohasset. W. Bridgewater.		
<i>W. Brookfield</i>	. W. Brookfield.		
<i>W. Newbury</i>	. West Newbury.		

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
<i>Winchendon</i> .	Winchendon.		
<i>Winchester</i> .	Winchester.	<i>Worthington</i> .	{ Worthington. W. Worthington. Ringville. So. Worthington.
<i>Windsor</i> .	{ Windsor. East Windsor.		
<i>Winthrop</i> .	Winthrop.*	<i>Wrentham</i> .	{ Wrentham. W. Wrentham. Plainville. Sheldonville.
<i>Woburn</i> .	{ Woburn. East Woburn. North Woburn.		
<i>Worcester</i> .	Worcester.	<i>Yarmouth</i> .	{ Yarmouth. Yarmouth Port. South Yarmouth. West Yarmouth.

* Sub-office to Boston.

ABRIDGMENT OF U. S. POSTAL REGULATIONS.

POSTAGE.

TO ANY PART OF THE U. S. AND THE TERRITORIES; AND TO THE
DOMINION OF CANADA.

Three cents for each half ounce, or fraction thereof, on letters, sealed packages, mail-matter wholly or partly in writing, except local or drop-letters.

Two cents per half ounce, or fraction thereof, on drop-letters where free delivery by carriers is established: where such free delivery is not established the rate is one cent.

One cent for two ounces, or fraction thereof, on almanacs, books (printed), calendars, catalogues, corrected proofs, hand-bills, magazines, newspapers, pamphlets, posters, and proof-sheets.

One cent for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on blank books, blank cards, book manuscript, card boards and other flexible material, circulars, engravings, envelopes, letter envelopes, merchandise, photographic views, printed blanks, printed cards, sample cards, samples of ores, metals, minerals, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, and scions.

POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES, SEE
"POSTAGE ON FOREIGN LETTERS."

REGISTRATION OF DOMESTIC LETTERS.

The Post-Office Department or its revenue is not by law liable for the loss of any registered mail-matter.

Only letters, or other mail-matter on which letter rate of postage is fully prepaid, can be registered for transmission between post-offices in the United States or Territories.

The fee for registering a *domestic* letter, *i.e.*, a letter mailed at any

post-office in the United States or Territories, and addressed to any other office in the United States or Territories, is fixed at ten cents, *in addition to the regular letter-rate of postage.*

When a "domestic" letter is presented for registration, *the postmaster must require the name and post-office address of the sender to be indorsed on the face of the envelope*, which must bear stamps of sufficient value to prepay both postage and registry fee.

MONEY-ORDERS.

Postal conventions for the exchange of money-orders have been concluded with the following foreign countries; viz., Switzerland, Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, and Italy; also with the Dominion of Canada.

The exchange of money-orders between the United States and each of the countries mentioned is effected through the agency of "International Exchange Offices," of which New York is the office on the part of the United States. Hence, an international money-order cannot be drawn by a postmaster in either country directly upon a postmaster in the other, but must be drawn upon the international exchange office.

The postmaster at any foreign money-order office in the United States—the same being designated by the Postmaster-General—will furnish a blank form of application, on which the sender must enter all the particulars of the amount (in United States money), names, address, etc., and must state the *full name* and *exact residence* of the person to whom the order is to be made payable. The postmaster will then issue an international order on the postmaster at New York, giving all the particulars furnished in the application, and transmit the same, together with the coupon.

The fees or charges on *domestic* orders are as follows:—

On orders not exceeding \$15	10 cents.
" " over \$15 and not exceeding \$30	15 cents.
" " " \$30 " " " \$40	20 cents.
" " " \$40 " " " \$50	25 cents.

When a larger sum than fifty dollars is required, additional orders to make it up must be obtained.

MONEY-ORDER OFFICES IN MASSACHUSETTS:


Abington.	Ashland.	Boston.
Adams.	Athol Depot.	Brighton Station.
Amesbury.	Ayer.	Cambridge Station.
Amherst.	Barnstable.	Cambridgeport St'n.
Andover.	Barre.	Charlestown Station.
Arlington.	Berlin.	Chelsea Station.

Boston — continued.

East Boston Station.	Huntington.	Sandwich.
East Cambridge St'n.	Hyannis.	Saxonville.
Jamaica Plain.	Lawrence.	Shelburne Falls.
Roxbury Station.	Lee.	Southborough.
Somerville Station.	Leeds.	Southbridge.
South Boston Stat'n.	Leominster.	South Deerfield.
Stat'n A, South End.	Lowell.	South Dennis.
Brewster.	Lynn.	South Framingham.
Bridgewater.	Malden.	South Gardner.
Brimfield.	Mansfield.	South Hadley.
Brockton.	Marblehead.	South Hadley Falls.
Brookline.	Marlborough.	South Natick.
Canton.	Medway.	South Yarmouth.
Chatham.	Melrose.	Spencer.
Chicopee.	Middleborough.	Springfield.
Chicopee Falls.	Milford.	Stoneham.
Clinton.	Millbury.	Stoughton.
College Hill.	Miller's Falls.	Taunton.
Concord.	Milton.	Templeton.
Conway.	Monson.	Turner's Falls.
Cummingtown.	Montague.	Uxbridge.
Dedham.	Nantucket.	Vineyard Haven.
Dennis.	Natick.	Wakefield.
East Bridgewater.	Needham.	Wales.
East Douglas.	New Bedford.	Waltham.
Easthampton.	Newburyport.	Ware.
Edgartown.	Newton.	Warren.
Fall River.	Newton Centre.	Watertown.
Fitchburg.	North Adams.	Webster.
Foxborough.	Northampton.	Wellesley.
Franklin.	North Andover Depot.	Wellfleet.
Gardner.	North Brookfield.	Westborough.
Gloucester.	Northfield.	Westfield.
Great Barrington.	Orange.	West Medway.
Greenfield.	Orleans.	Wilbraham.
Harwich.	Oxford.	Williamsburg.
Haverhill.	Palmer.	Williamstown.
Hinsdale.	Pittsfield.	Winchendon.
Holliston.	Plymouth.	Winchester.
Holyoke.	Provincetown.	Woburn.
Hopkinton.	Quincy.	Worcester.
Hudson.	Salem.	Yarmouth Port.

POSTAGE ON FOREIGN LETTERS.

FOREIGN LETTERS should indicate on the outside the route by which they are to be sent, as the difference by various routes is great. The rate given is for $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce or under. A star (*) against the rate denotes that prepayment is optional, except for registered letters; where there is no star, the postage must be prepaid.

 For rates by special routes, and on particular dates, inquire at the Post-Office.

	Cents.
AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, and NEW SOUTH WALES, via South-	
ampton	15
Via Brindisi	19
New Zealand, New South Wales, and Queensland, via San	
Francisco	12
Australia, except Queensland and New South Wales, via San	
Francisco	5
ASPINWALL	5
BAHAMAS	3
BELGIUM, via England, or direct steamer	5*
BERMUDA	5*
BRAZIL	10*
BUENOS AYRES and ARGENTINE CONFEDERATION, via England .	27
CANADA, including New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward	
Island, and British Columbia	3
CEYLON	10*
CHINA	10*
CUBA	5*
DENMARK	5*
EGYPT	5*
FRANCE, including Algeria, via England, or via direct steamer .	5*
GIBRALTAR	5*
GERMAN EMPIRE and AUSTRIA	5*

	Cents.
GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND	5*
GREECE	5*
GUIANA, British, French, and Dutch	10*
HOLLAND	5*
HONDURAS	13
HONG KONG, CANTON, AMOY, SWATOW, FOO CHOW, KIUNG CHOW, NINGPO, and HANKOW	10*
INDIA, BRITISH, also FRENCH COLONIES	10*
Via San Francisco	10*
ITALY	5*
MANILLA, Philippine Islands	10*
MAURITIUS, via England	10
MEXICO	10
NASSAU, Bahamas	3
NEWFOUNDLAND	5
NORWAY	5*
PANAMA	5
PERU, ECUADOR, and CHILI	17
PORTUGAL, via Southampton or Liverpool	5*
RUSSIA	5*
SANDWICH ISLANDS	6
SINGAPORE, via San Francisco	10*
SPAIN	5*
SWEDEN	5*
SWITZERLAND	5*
TURKEY, European or Asiatic	5*
VENEZUELA, via St. Thomas	13
WEST INDIES (except the Bahamas and those embraced in the Postal Union), direct mail	5*
British mail, via St. Thomas	13

GOVERNORS AND LIEUT. GOVERNORS IN MASS.

[Revised and Corrected by David Pulsifer, Esq.]

CHOSEN ANNUALLY BY THE PEOPLE.

GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1620 John Carver.	1638 Thomas Prence.
1621 William Bradford.	1639 William Bradford.
1633 Edward Winslow.	1644 Edward Winslow.
1634 Thomas Prence.	1645 William Bradford.
1635 William Bradford.	1657 Thomas Prence.
1636 Edward Winslow.	1673 Josiah Winslow.
1637 William Bradford.	1681 Thomas Hinckley.*

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1680 Thomas Hinckley.†	1682 William Bradford,	to 1686
1681 James Cudworth.	1689 William Bradford,	to 1692

CHOSEN ANNUALLY UNDER THE FIRST CHARTER.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629 John Endicott.‡	1645 Thomas Dudley.
1630 John Winthrop.‡	1646 John Winthrop.
1634 Thomas Dudley.	1649 John Endicott.
1635 John Haynes.	1650 Thomas Dudley.
1636 Henry Vane.	1651 John Endicott.
1637 John Winthrop.	1654 Richard Bellingham.
1640 Thomas Dudley.	1655 John Endicott.
1641 Richard Bellingham.	1665 Richard Bellingham.
1642 John Winthrop.	1673 John Leverett.
1644 John Endicott.	1679 Simon Bradstreet, to 1686

* Mr. Hinckley was Governor till the union of the colonies in 1692, except during the administration of Andros.

† Previously there was no Deputy-Governor, a Governor *pro tem.* being appointed by the Governor to serve in his absence.

‡ By the Royal Charter, which passed the seals, March 4, 1628-9, Matthew Cradock was appointed the first Governor, and Thomas Goffe Deputy-Governor, both of whom had held the same offices before the Charter was granted. On the 13th of the following May, the same persons were re-chosen under the Charter; but they never came to New England. On the 20th of October, 1629, John Winthrop was chosen Governor, and John Humphry, Deputy-Governor. On the 30th of April, 1629, John Endicott was chosen, in London, to be Governor of the Plantation in New England, and held the office until the arrival of the Governor (Winthrop), in 1630.

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629 Thomas Dudley * . to 1634	1651 Thomas Dudley . . to 1653
1634 Roger Ludlow . . 1635	1653 Richard Bellingham . 1654
1635 Richard Bellingham . 1636	1654 John Endicott . . 1655
1636 John Winthrop . . 1637	1655 Richard Bellingham . 1665
1637 Thomas Dudley . . 1640	1665 Francis Willoughby . 1671
1640 Richard Bellingham . 1641	1671 John Leverett . . 1673
1641 John Endicott . . 1644	1673 Sam'l Symonds, to Oct. 1678
1644 John Winthrop . . 1646	1678 Oct., Simon Bradstreet, 1679
1646 Thomas Dudley . . 1650	1679 Thomas Danforth . . 1686
1650 John Endicott . . 1651	

NOTE. — May 25th, 1686, Joseph Dudley assumed the office of President, under a commission of King James II., and with a council had jurisdiction over the king's dominion of New England. This office he held till December the same year, when Sir Edmund Andros appeared as Governor of New England, appointed by James II. In April, 1689, Governor Andros was deposed by a revolution of the people.

AFTER THE DISSOLUTION OF THE FIRST CHARTER.

Simon Bradstreet was Governor from 1689 to 1692; and Thomas Danforth was Deputy-Governor during the same time.

APPOINTED BY THE KING UNDER SECOND CHARTER.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 May, Sir William Phipps.	1730 June, <i>William Tailer.</i>
1694 Nov., <i>William Stoughton.</i> †	1730 Aug., Jonathan Belcher.
1699 May, Richard Coote, Earl of Bellamont.	1741 Aug., William Shirley.
1700 July, <i>William Stoughton.</i>	1749 Sept., <i>Spencer Phips.</i>
1701 July, The Council.	1753 William Shirley.
1702 June, Joseph Dudley.	1756 Oct., <i>Spencer Phips.</i>
1714-15 Feb., The Council.	1757 April, The Council.
1714-15 March, Joseph Dudley.	1757 Aug., Thomas Pownal.
1715 Nov., <i>William Tailer.</i> †	1760 June, <i>Thomas Hutchinson.</i>
1716 Oct., Samuel Shute.	1760 Aug., Sir Francis Bernard, Bart.
1722-23 Jan., <i>William Dummer.</i>	1769 Aug., <i>Thomas Hutchinson.</i>
1728 William Burnet.	1771 March, Thomas Hutchinson.
1729 Sept., <i>William Dummer.</i>	1774 May, Thomas Gage.

* Thomas Goffe never came to New England. John Humphry was elected, but did not serve.

† Those whose names are printed in italics were Acting Governors.

‡ In November, 1715, Elizeus Burgess was proclaimed Governor, he having had the appointment in March, 1714; but he never came over to perform his duties, and resigned the office in 1716.

LIEUT. GOVERNORS IN MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 Wm. Stoughton to July, 1701	1730 William Tailer.
1702 Thomas Povey . . . 1706	1733 Spencer Phips.
1705-06 Jan., vacancy to Oct., 1711	1758 Thomas Hutchinson.
1711 William Tailer.	1771 Andrew Oliver.
1716 William Dummer.	1774 Thomas Oliver.

UNTIL THE CONSTITUTION.

1774 Oct., a Provincial Congress.	1775 July, The Council.
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UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 John Hancock . . to 1785	1840 Marcus Morton . . to 1841
1785 James Bowdoin . . 1787	1841 John Davis . . 1843
1787 John Hancock, Oct. 8, 1793	1843 Marcus Morton . . 1844
1794 Samuel Adams . . 1797	1844 George N. Briggs . . 1851
1797 Increase Sumner, June 7, 1799	1851 George S. Boutwell . . 1853
1800 Caleb Strong . . 1807	1853 John H. Clifford . . 1854
1807 Jas. Sullivan, Dec. 10, 1808	1854 Emory Washburn . . 1855
1809 Christopher Gore . . 1810	1855 Henry J. Gardner . . 1858
1810 Elbridge Gerry . . 1812	1858 Nathaniel P. Banks . . 1861
1812 Caleb Strong . . 1816	1861 John A. Andrew . . 1866
1816 John Brooks . . 1823	1866 Alexander H. Bullock . . 1869
1823 Wm. Eustis, Feb. 6, 1825	1869 William Claflin . . 1872
1825 Levi Lincoln . . 1834	1872 William B. Washburn * 1874
1834 John Davis, March 1, 1835	1875 William Gaston . . 1876
1836 Edward Everett . . 1840	1876 Alexander H. Rice . .

LIEUT. GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 Thos. Cushing, to Feb. 28, 1788	1809 David Cobb . . to 1810
1788 Benjamin Lincoln . . 1789	1810 William Gray . . 1812
1789 <i>Samuel Adams</i> † . . 1794	1812 William Phillips . . 1823
1894 <i>Moses Gill</i> , May 20 . . 1800	1823 Levi Lincoln, Feb., . . 1824
1801 Sam'l Phillips, Feb. 10, 1802	1824 <i>Marcus Morton</i> , July, . . 1825
1802 Edward H. Robbins . . 1806	1826 Thomas L. Winthrop . . 1833
1807 <i>Levi Lincoln</i> † . . 1809	1833 <i>Samuel T. Armstrong</i> . . 1836

* Resigned May 1, 1874. Chosen U. S. Senator, April 17, 1874.

† The Lieutenant-Governors whose names are in italics were Acting Governors also during vacancies in the office of Governor.

‡ General William Heath was elected in 1806, and declined to accept the office.

1836 George Hull . . . to 1843	1858 Eliphalet Trask . . . to 1861
1843 Henry H. Childs . . . 1844	1861 John Z. Goodrich, Mar. 29, 1861
1844 John Reed 1851	1861 John Nesmith, Sept. . . 1862
1851 Henry W. Cushman . . 1853	1863 Joel Hayden 1866
1853 Elisha Huntington . . 1854	1866 William Claflin . . . 1869
1854 William C. Plunkett . . 1855	1869 Joseph Tucker 1873
1855 Simon Brown 1856	1873 <i>Thomas Talbot</i> * . . 1875
1856 Henry W. Benchley . . 1858	1875 Horatio G. Knight . . .

UNITED STATES SENATORS FROM MASSACHUSETTS, From 1789 to 1878.

Caleb Strong 1789-96	Tristram Dalton 1789-91
Theodore Sedgwick . . 1796-99	George Cabot 1791-96
Samuel Dexter . . . 1799-1800	Benjamin Goodhue . . 1796-1800
Dwight Foster 1800-03	Jonathan Mason 1800-03
John Quincy Adams . . 1803-08	Timothy Pickering . . 1803-11
James Lloyd 1808-13	Joseph Bradley Varnum, 1811-17
Christopher Gore . . . 1813-16	Harrison Gray Otis . . 1817-22
Eli Porter Ashmun . . . 1816-18	James Lloyd 1822-26
Prentiss Mellen 1818-20	Nathaniel Silsbee . . . 1826-35
Elijah Hunt Mills . . . 1820-27	John Davis 1835-41
Daniel Webster 1827-41	Isaac Chapman Bates . . 1841-45
Rufus Choate 1841-45	John Davis 1845-53
Daniel Webster 1845-50	Edward Everett 1853-54
Robert Charles Winthrop, 1850-51	Julius Rockwell 1854-55
Robert Rantoul, Jr. . . 1851-51	Henry Wilson 1855-73
Charles Sumner † . . . 1851-74	George S. Boutwell . . . 1873-77
William B. Washburn . . 1874-75	George Frisbie Hoar ‡ . . 1877-
Henry Laurens Dawes ‡ 1875-	

NOTE.—Mr. Wilson was elected Vice-President in 1872; George S. Boutwell chosen to fill vacancy.

* Acting Governor from May 1, 1874.

† Charles Sumner died March 11, 1874; William B. Washburn chosen to fill vacancy, April 17, 1874.

‡ Mr. Dawes's term will expire March 4, 1881; Mr. Hoar's term, March 4, 1883.

SECRETARIES.

*List of Persons who have held the office of SECRETARY
OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
From 1780 to 1878.*

John Avery . . .	1780-1806	John G. Palfrey . .	1844-48
Jonathan L. Austin . .	1806-08	William B. Calhoun . .	1848-51
William Tudor . . .	1808-10	Amasa Walker . . .	1851-53
Benjamin Homans . . .	1810-12	Ephraim M. Wright . .	1853-56
Alden Bradford . . .	1812-24	Francis DeWitt . . .	1856-58
Edward D. Bangs . . .	1824-36	Oliver Warner . . .	1858-76
John P. Bigelow . . .	1836-43	Henry B. Peirce . . .	1876-
John A. Bolles . . .	1843-44		

TREASURERS.

*List of Persons who have held the office of TREASURER
AND RECEIVER-GENERAL,
From 1780 to 1878.*

Henry Gardner . . .	1780-83	David Wilder . . .	1837-42
Thomas Ivers . . .	1783-87	Thomas Russell . . .	1842-43
Alexander Hodgdon . .	1787-92	John Mills . . .	1843-44
Thomas Davis . . .	1792-97	Thomas Russell . . .	1844-45
Peleg Coffin . . .	* 1797-1801	Joseph Barrett . . .	1845-49
Jonathan Jackson . . .	1802-06	Ebenezer Bradbury . .	1849-51
Thompson J. Skinner . .	1806-08	Charles B. Hall . . .	1851-53
Josiah Dwight . . .	1808-10	Jacob H. Loud . . .	1853-55
Thomas Harris . . .	1810-11	Thomas J. Marsh . . .	1855-56
Jonathan L. Austin . .	1811-12	Moses Tenney, Jr. . .	1856-61
John T. Apthorp . . .	1812-17	Henry K. Oliver . . .	1861-66
Daniel Sargent . . .	1817-22	Jacob H. Loud . . .	1866-71
Nahum Mitchell . . .	1822-27	Charles Adams, Jr. . .	1871-76
Joseph Sewall . . .	1827-32	Charles Endicott . . .	1876-
Hezekiah Barnard . . .	1832-37		

* Secretary Avery had a warrant to take care of the Treasury on the resignation of Coffin, in 1802.

ATTORNEY-GENERALS.

List of Persons who have held the office of ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

UNDER THE PROVINCE CHARTER.

Anthony Checkley	1692-1702	John Overing	1739-41
Paul Dudley	1702-18	Jeremiah Gridley	1742
Thomas Newton	1718-21	John Overing	1743-48
John Overing	1728-32	James Otis	1748
John Read	1733-35	Edmund Trowbridge	1749-67
William Brattle	1736	Jeremiah Gridley	1767
William Brattle	1738	Jonathan Sewall	1767-69

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

Robert Treat Paine	1780-90	John Henry Clifford	1854-58
James Sullivan	1790-1807	Stephen Henry Phillips	1858-61
Barnabas Bidwell	1807-10	Dwight Foster	1861-64
Perez Morton	1810-32	Chester I. Reed †	1864-67
James T. Austin	1832-43	Charles Allen	1867-72
John Henry Clifford	* 1849-53	Charles R. Train	1872-
Rufus Choate	1853-54		

* The office of Attorney-General was abolished in 1843, and re-established in 1849.

† Resigned during the session of the Legislature of 1867. The vacancy was filled by the election of Charles Allen.

AUDITORS.

List of Persons who have held the office of AUDITOR OF ACCOUNTS.

[Established by Act of 1849.]

David Wilder, Jr.	1849-54	Levi Reed *	1861-65
Joseph Mitchell	1854-55	Julius L. Clarke	1865-66
Stephen N. Gifford	1855-56	Henry S. Briggs	1866-70
Chandler R. Ransom	1856-58	Charles Endicott	1870-76
Charles White	1858-61	Julius L. Clarke	1876-

* Resigned December 20, 1865.

SECRETARIES OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

*List of Persons who have held the office of SECRETARY OF
THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.*

[See Act of 1837.]

Horace Mann	1837-48	George S. Boutwell	1855-61
Barnas Sears	1848-55	Joseph White	1861-77
John W. Dickinson			1877-

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE,

From 1780 to 1878.

The first General Court, under the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, assembled at Boston, on Wednesday, October 25, 1780, and was finally prorogued (having held three sessions) May 19, 1781. From this time until 1832, the political year commenced on the last Wednesday in May; and the General Court held two, and frequently three, sessions during each year. In 1832, by an amendment of the Constitution, the commencement of the political year was changed to the first Wednesday in January.

SENATE.

PRESIDENTS.

Thos. Cushing, <i>resigned</i> , {	1780-81	Samuel Phillips . . .	1799-1800
Jeremiah Powell . . . }		Samuel Phillips . . .	1800-01
Jeremiah Powell . . .	1781-82	David Cobb . . .	1801-02
Samuel Adams . . .	1782-83	David Cobb . . .	1802-03
Samuel Adams . . .	1783-84	David Cobb . . .	1803-04
Samuel Adams . . .	1784-85	David Cobb . . .	1804-05
Samuel Adams, <i>resigned</i> , {	1785-86	Harrison Gray Otis . . .	1805-06
Samuel Phillips, Jr. . . }		John Bacon . . .	1806-07
Samuel Phillips, Jr. . .	1786-87	Samuel Dana . . .	1807-08
Samuel Adams . . .	1787-88	Harrison Gray Otis . . .	1808-09
Samuel Phillips, Jr. . .	1788-89	Harrison Gray Otis . . .	1809-10
Samuel Phillips, Jr. . .	1789-90	Harrison Gray Otis . . .	1810-11
Samuel Phillips . . .	1790-91	Samuel Dana . . .	1811-12
Samuel Phillips . . .	1791-92	Samuel Dana . . .	1812-13
Samuel Phillips . . .	1792-93	John Phillips . . .	1813-14
Samuel Phillips . . .	1793-94	John Phillips . . .	1814-15
Samuel Phillips . . .	1794-95	John Phillips . . .	1815-16
Samuel Phillips . . .	1795-96	John Phillips . . .	1816-17
Samuel Phillips . . .	1796-97	John Phillips . . .	1817-18
Samuel Phillips . . .	1797-98	John Phillips . . .	1818-19
Samuel Phillips . . .	1798-99	John Phillips . . .	1819-20

John Phillips . . .	1820-21	Joseph Bell . . .	1849
John Phillips . . .	1821-22	Marshall P. Wilder . . .	1850
John Phillips . . .	1822-23	Henry Wilson . . .	1851
Nathaniel Silsbee . . .	1823-24	Henry Wilson . . .	1852
Nathaniel Silsbee . . .	1824-25	Charles H. Warren . . .	1853
Nathaniel Silsbee . . .	1825-26	Charles Edward Cook . . .	1854
John Mills . . .	1826-27	Henry W. Benchley . . .	1855
John Mills . . .	1827-28	Elihu C. Baker . . .	1856
Sherman Leland . . .	1828-29	Charles W. Upham . . .	1857
Samuel Lathrop . . .	1829-30	Charles W. Upham . . .	1858
Samuel Lathrop . . .	1830-31	Charles A. Phelps . . .	1859
Leverett Saltonstall . . .	1831	Charles A. Phelps . . .	1860
William Thorndike . . .	1832	William Claflin . . .	1861
Benj. T. Pickman . . .	1833	John H. Clifford . . .	1862
Benj. T. Pickman . . .	1834	Jonathan E. Field . . .	1863
Benj. T. Pickman, <i>dec'sed</i> , } . . .	1835	Jonathan E. Field . . .	1864
George Bliss . . .		Jonathan E. Field . . .	1865
Horace Mann . . .	1836	Joseph A. Pond . . .	1866
Horace Mann . . .	1837	Joseph A. Pond . . .	1867
Myron Lawrence . . .	1838	George O. Brastow . . .	1868
Myron Lawrence . . .	1839	Robert C. Pitman, <i>resigned</i> , } . . .	1869
Daniel P. King . . .	1840	George O. Brastow . . .	
Daniel P. King . . .	1841	Horace H. Coolidge . . .	1870
Josiah Quincy, Jr. . .	1842	Horace H. Coolidge . . .	1871
Phineas W. Leland, <i>resigned</i> , } . . .	1843	Horace H. Coolidge . . .	1872
Frederick Robinson . . .		Geo. B. Loring . . .	1873
Josiah Quincy, Jr. . .	1844	Geo. B. Loring . . .	1874
Levi Lincoln . . .	1845	Geo. B. Loring . . .	1875
William B. Calhoun . . .	1846	Geo. B. Loring . . .	1876
William B. Calhoun . . .	1847	John B. D. Cogswell, . . .	1877
Zeno Scudder . . .	1848		

C L E R K S.

William Baker, Jr. . .	1780-84	Samuel F. Lyman . . .	1822
Samuel Cooper . . .	1785-95	Paul Willard . . .	1823-29
Edward McLane . . .	1796-99	Charles Calhoun . . .	1830-42
Edward Payne Hayman, . . .	1800	Lewis Josselyn . . .	1843
George Elliot Vaughn . . .	1801-02	Charles Calhoun . . .	1844-50
Wendell Davis . . .	1803-05	Chauncey L. Knapp . . .	1851
John D. Dunbar . . .	1806-07	Francis H. Underwood . . .	1852
Nathaniel Coffin . . .	1808-10	Charles Calhoun . . .	1853-54
Marcus Morton . . .	1811-12	Peter L. Cox . . .	1855-57
Samuel F. McCleary . . .	1813-21	Stephen N. Gifford . . .	1858-

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

S P E A K E R S .

Caleb Davis . . .	1780-81	Timothy Bigelow . . .	1818-19
Caleb Davis, <i>resigned</i> . . .	1781-82	Timothy Bigelow . . .	1819-20
Nathaniel Gorham . . .	1782	Elijah H. Mills, <i>resigned</i> . . .	1820-21
Nathaniel Gorham . . .	1782-83	Josiah Quincy . . .	1821
Tristram Dalton . . .	1783-84	Josiah Quincy, <i>resigned</i> . . .	1821-22
Tristram Dalton . . .	1784-85	Luther Lawrence . . .	1822
Nathaniel Gorham . . .	1785-86	Levi Lincoln . . .	1822-23
Artemas Ward . . .	1786-87	William C. Jarvis . . .	1823-24
James Warren . . .	1787-88	William C. Jarvis . . .	1824-25
Theodore Sedgwick . . .	1788-89	Timothy Fuller . . .	1825-26
David Cobb . . .	1789-90	William C. Jarvis . . .	1826-27
David Cobb . . .	1790-91	William C. Jarvis . . .	1827-28
David Cobb . . .	1791-92	William B. Calhoun . . .	1828-29
David Cobb . . .	1792-93	William B. Calhoun . . .	1829-30
Edward H. Robbins . . .	1793-94	William B. Calhoun . . .	1830
Edward H. Robbins . . .	1794-95	William B. Calhoun . . .	1831
Edward H. Robbins . . .	1795-96	William B. Calhoun . . .	1832
Edward H. Robbins . . .	1796-97	William B. Calhoun . . .	1833
Edward H. Robbins . . .	1797-98	William B. Calhoun . . .	1834
Edward H. Robbins . . .	1798-99	Julius Rockwell . . .	1835
Edward H. Robbins . . .	1799-1800	Julius Rockwell . . .	1836
Edward H. Robbins . . .	1800-01	Julius Rockwell . . .	1837
Edward H. Robbins . . .	1801-02	Robert C. Winthrop . . .	1838
John Coffin Jones . . .	1802-03	Robert C. Winthrop . . .	1839
Harrison Gray Otis . . .	1803-04	Robert C. Winthrop . . .	1840
Harrison Gray Otis . . .	1804-05	George Ashmun . . .	1841
Timothy Bigelow . . .	1805-06	Thomas Kinnicut . . .	1842
Perez Morton . . .	1806-07	Daniel P. King . . .	1843
Perez Morton . . .	1807-08	Thomas Kinnicut, <i>resigned</i> . . .	1844
Timothy Bigelow . . .	1808-09	Samuel H. Walley, Jr. . .	1844
Timothy Bigelow . . .	1809-10	Samuel H. Walley, Jr. . .	1845
Perez Morton, <i>resigned</i> . . .	1810-11	Samuel H. Walley, Jr. . .	1846
Joseph Story . . .	1811	Ebenezer Bradbury . . .	1847
Joseph Story, <i>resigned</i> . . .	1811-12	Francis B. Crowninshield . . .	1848
Eleazer W. Ripley . . .	1812	Francis B. Crowninshield . . .	1849
Timothy Bigelow . . .	1812-13	Ensign H. Kellogg . . .	1850
Timothy Bigelow . . .	1813-14	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr. . .	1851
Timothy Bigelow . . .	1814-15	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr. . .	1852
Timothy Bigelow . . .	1815-16	George Bliss . . .	1853
Timothy Bigelow . . .	1816-17	Otis P. Lord . . .	1854
Timothy Bigelow . . .	1817-18	Daniel C. Eddy . . .	1855

Charles A. Phelps . . .	1856	Harvey Jewell . . .	1868
Charles A. Phelps . . .	1857	Harvey Jewell . . .	1869
Julius Rockwell . . .	1858	Harvey Jewell . . .	1870
Charles Hale . . .	1859	Harvey Jewell . . .	1871
John A. Goodwin . . .	1860	John E. Sanford . . .	1872
John A. Goodwin . . .	1861	John E. Sanford . . .	1873
Alexander H. Bullock . . .	1862	John E. Sanford . . .	1874
Alexander H. Bullock . . .	1863	John E. Sanford . . .	1875
Alexander H. Bullock . . .	1864	John D. Long . . .	1876
Alexander H. Bullock . . .	1865	John D. Long . . .	1877
James M. Stone . . .	1866		
James M. Stone . . .	1867		

C L E R K S.

Andrew Henshaw . . .	1780-81	Charles W. Storey . . .	1844-50
George Richards Minot . . .	1782-91	Lewis Josselyn . . .	1851-52
Henry Warren . . .	1792-1802	William Schouler . . .	1853
Nicholas Tillinghast . . .	1803-05	William Stowe . . .	1854
Chas. Pinckney Sumner . . .	1806-07	Henry A. Marsh . . .	1855
Nicholas Tillinghast . . .	1808-09	W. E. P. Haskell . . .	1856
Chas. Pinckney Sumner . . .	1810-11	William Stowe . . .	1857-61
Benjamin Pollard . . .	1812-21	William S. Robinson . . .	1862-73
Pelham W. Warren . . .	1822-31	Charles H. Taylor . . .	1873-74
Luther S. Cushing . . .	1832-43	George A. Marden . . .	1874-

S E R G E A N T S - A T - A R M S.

Benjamin Stevens . . .	1835-59	Oreb F. Mitchell . . .	1875-
John Morissey . . .	1859-75		

The office of Sergeant-at-Arms was established by law in 1835. Previous to that time, Jacob Kuhn was Messenger to the General Court from 1786.

T A B L E

Showing the Length of the Sessions of the Legislature, and the Number of Representatives in each Year since 1832.

Y E A R.	Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.	Length of Session.	No. of Reps.
1832	January 4.	March 24.	80 days.	528
1833	2.	28.	86 "	574
1834	1.	April 2.	92 "	570
1835 *	7.	8.	92 "	615
1836	6.	16.	102 "	619
1837	4.	20.	107 "	635
1838	3.	25.	113 "	480
1839	2.	10.	99 "	521
1840	1.	March 24.	84 "	521
1841	6.	18.	72 "	397
1842 *	5.	3.	58 "	336
1843	4.	24.	80 "	352
1844	3.	16.	74 "	321

* There was an extra session of sixty-two days in 1835, to revise the Statutes; one of nine days in 1842, to divide the Commonwealth into Congressional Districts; one of three days in 1848, to choose electors of President and Vice-President; one of eighteen days in 1857, to establish districts for the choice of Councillors, Representatives, and Senators; one of one hundred and thirteen days in 1859, to revise the General Statutes; one of fourteen days in 1860, to consider the subject of the disease among the cattle of the Commonwealth; one of ten days in 1861, to consider the duty of the Commonwealth in relation to public affairs, consequent upon the Rebellion; one of eight days in 1863, to provide for raising the quota under the call of the President of the United States, of the 17th of October, 1863, for 300,000 men; and one of thirty days in 1872, to consider what legislation is necessary by reason of the great fire in Boston, November 9 and 10.

Y E A R.	Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.	Length of Session.	No. of Reps.
1845	January 1.	March 26.	85 days.	271
1846	7.	April 16.	100 "	264
1847	6.	16.	111 "	255
1848 *	5.	May 10.	127 "	272
1849	3.	2.	120 "	263
1850	2.	3.	122 "	297
1851	1.	24.	146 "	396
1852	8.	22.	137 "	402
1853	5.	25.	142 "	288
1854	4.	April 29.	116 "	310
1855	3.	May 21.	138 "	380
1856	1.	June 6.	158 "	329
1857 *	7.	May 30.	144 "	357
1858	6.	March 27.	81 "	240
1859 *	5.	April 6.	92 "	240
1860 *	4.	4.	92 "	240
1861 *	2.	11.	100 "	240
1862	1.	30.	120 "	240
1863 *	7.	29.	113 "	240
1864	6.	May 14.	130 "	240
1865	4.	17.	137 "	240
1866	3.	30.	147 "	240
1867	2.	June 1.	150 "	240
1868	1.	12.	164 "	240
1869	6.	24.	170 "	240
1870	5.	23.	170 "	240
1871	4.	May 31.	148 "	240
1872 *	3.	7.	126 "	240
1873	1.	June 12.	163 "	240
1874	7.	30.	175 "	240
1875	6.	May 19.	134 "	240
1876	5.	April 28.	115 "	240
1877	3.	May 17.	135 "	240

* See note on preceding page.

JUDICIARY.

*Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature of the Province of
Massachusetts Bay, from 1692 to 1775.**

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1692. William Stoughton . .	1701. Resigned.	1701.
1702. Isaac Addington . .	1703. Resigned.	1715.
1708. Wait Winthrop . .	1717.	1717.
1718. Samuel Sewall . .	1728. Resigned.	1730.
1729. Benjamin Lynde . .	1745.	1745.
1745. Paul Dudley . .	1751.	1751.
1752. Stephen Sewall . .	1760.	1760.
1761. Thomas Hutchinson . .	1769. Appointed Governor.	1780.
1769. Benjamin Lynde . .	1771. Resigned.	1781.
1772. Peter Oliver . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1791.

JUDGES.

1692. Thomas Danforth . .	1699.	1699.
1692. Wait Winthrop . .	1701. Resigned.	1717.
1692. John Richards . .	1694.	1694.
1693. Samuel Sewall . .	1718. Appointed Chief Justice.	1730.
1695. Elisha Cooke . .	1702. Removed.	1715.
1700. John Walley . .	1712.	1712.
1701. John Saffin . .	1702. Removed.	1710.
1702. John Hathorne . .	1712. Resigned.	1717.
1702. John Leverett . .	1708. Resigned.	1724.
1708. Jonathan Corwin . .	1715. Resigned.	1718.
1712. Benjamin Lynde . .	1729. Appointed Chief Justice.	1745.
1712. Nathaniel Thomas . .	1718. Resigned.	1718.
1715. Addington Davenport . .	1736.	1736.

* The judges died in office, except where otherwise stated.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1718. Paul Dudley . . .	1745. Appointed Chief Justice.	1751.
1718. Edmund Quincy . . .	1737.	1737.
1729. John Cushing . . .	1733. Removed.	1737.
1733. Jonathan Remington . . .	1745.	1745.
1736. Richard Saltonstall . . .	1756.	1756.
1737. Thomas Greaves . . .	1738. Resigned.	1747.
1739. Stephen Sewall . . .	1752. Appointed Chief Justice.	1760.
1745. Nathaniel Hubbard . . .	1746. Resigned.	1748.
1745. Benjamin Lynde . . .	1769. Appointed Chief Justice.	1781.
1747. John Cushing . . .	1771. Resigned.	1775.
1752. Chambers Russell . . .	1766.	1766.
1756. Peter Oliver . . .	1772. Appointed Chief Justice.	1791.
1767. Edmund Trowbridge . . .	1775. Resigned.	1793.
1771. Foster Hutchinson . . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1799.
1772. Nathaniel Ropes . . .	1774.	1774.
1772. William Cushing . . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1810.
1774. William Browne . . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1802.

Justices of the Superior Court of Judicature and the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts since the Revolution.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1775. John Adams . . .	1776. Resigned.*	1826.
1777. William Cushing . . .	1789. Resigned.†	1810.
1790. Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent	1791.	1791.
1791. Francis Dana . . .	1806. Resigned.	1811.
1806. Theophilus Parsons . . .	1813.	1813.
1814. Samuel Sewall . . .	1814.	1814.
1814. Isaac Parker . . .	1830.	1830.
1830. Lemuel Shaw . . .	1860. Resigned.	1861.
1860. George Tyler Bigelow . . .	1868. Resigned.	
1868. Reuben Atwater Chapman	1873.	1873.
1873. Horace Gray.		

* Mr. Adams never took his seat on the bench.

† Chief Justice Cushing resigned on being appointed one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

J U S T I C E S.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1775. William Cushing . . .	1777. Appointed Chief Justice.	1810.
1775. Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent, 1790.	Appointed Chief Justice.	1791.
1775. William Reed . . .	1776. Superseded.	1780.
1775. Robert Treat Paine . . .	1776. Superseded.	1814.
1776. Jedediah Foster . . .	1779.	1779.
1776. James Sullivan . . .	1782. Resigned.	1808.
1777. David Sewall . . .	1789. Resigned.*	1825.
1782. Increase Sumner . . .	1797. Elected Governor.	1799.
1785. Francis Dana . . .	1791. Appointed Chief Justice.	1811.
1790. Robert Treat Paine . . .	1804. Resigned.	1814.
1790. Nathan Cushing . . .	1800. Resigned.	1812.
1792. Thomas Dawes . . .	1802. Resigned.	1825.
1797. Theophilus Bradbury . . .	1803. Removed.	1803.
1800. Samuel Sewall . . .	1814. Appointed Chief Justice.	1814.
1801. Simeon Strong . . .	1805.	1805.
1801. George Thacher . . .	1824. Resigned.	1824.
1802. Theodore Sedgwick . . .	1813.	1813.
1806. Isaae Parker . . .	1814. Appointed Chief Justice.	1830.
1813. Charles Jackson . . .	1823. Resigned.	1855.
1814. Daniel Dewey . . .	1815.	1815.
1814. Samuel Putnam . . .	1842. Resigned.	1853.
1815. Samuel Sumner Wilde . . .	1850. Resigned.	1855.
1824. Levi Lincoln . . .	1825. Elected Governor.	1868.
1825. Marcus Morton . . .	1840. Elected Governor.	1864
1837. Charles Augustus Dewey, 1866.		1866
1842. Samuel Hubbard . . .	1847.	1847
1848. Charles Edward Forbes . . .	1848. Resigned.	
1848. Theron Metcalf . . .	1865. Resigned.	1875
1848. Richard Fletcher . . .	1853. Resigned.	1869.
1850. George Tyler Bigelow . . .	1860. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1852. Caleb Cushing . . .	1853. Resigned.†	
1853. Benj. Franklin Thomas . . .	1859. Resigned.	
1853. Pliny Merriek . . .	1864. Resigned.	1867.
1859. Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar . . .	1869. Resigned.†	
1860. Reuben Atwater Chapman . . .	1868. Appointed Chief Justice.	1873.
1864. Horace Gray, Jr. . . .	1873. Appointed Chief Justice.	

* Mr. Justice Sewall resigned on being appointed Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maine.

† Mr. Justice Cushing and Mr. Justice Hoar resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1865. James Denison Colt . .	1866. Resigned.	
1866. Dwight Foster . .	1869. Resigned.	
1866. John Wells . .	1875.	1875.
1868. James Denison Colt . .		
1869. Seth Ames . .		
1869. Marcus Morton . .		
1873. Wm. C. Endicott . .		
1873. Charles Devens, Jr. . .	1877. Resigned.*	
1875. Otis P. Lord . .		
1877. Augustus L. Soule . .		

Justices of the Court of Common Pleas from its Establishment in 1820 until its Abolition in 1859.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1820. Artemas Ward . .	1839. Resigned.	1847.
1839. John Mason Williams . .	1844. Resigned.	1868.
1844. Daniel Wells . .	1854.	1854.
1854. Edward Mellen . .	1859.	1875.

JUSTICES.

1820. Solomon Strong . .	1842. Resigned.	1850.
1820. John Mason Williams . .	1839. Appointed Chief Justice.	1868.
1820. Samuel Howe . .	1828.	1828.
1828. David Cummins . .	1844. Resigned.	1855.
1839. Charles Henry Warren . .	1844. Resigned.	1874.
1842. Charles Allen . .	1844. Resigned.	1869.
1843. Pliny Merrick . .	1848. Resigned.	1867.
1844. Joshua Holyoke Ward . .	1848.	1848.
1844. Emory Washburn . .	1847. Resigned.	1877.
1844. Luther Stearns Cushing . .	1848. Resigned.	1856.
1845. Harrison Gray Otis Colby, . .	1847. Resigned.	1853.
1847. Charles Edward Forbes . .	1848. Appointed to Sup. C't.	
1847. Edward Mellen . .	1854. Appointed Chief Justice.	1875.
1848. George Tyler Bigelow . .	1850. Appointed to Sup. C't.	
1848. Jonathan Cogswell Perkins . .	1859.	1877.
1848. Horatio Byington . .	1856.	1856.

* Mr. Justice Devens resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1848. Thomas Hopkinson . . .	1849. Resigned.	1856.
1849. Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar	1855. Resigned.	
1850. Pliny Merriek . . .	1853. App'ted to Sup. Jud. C't.	1867.
1851. Henry Walker Bishop . . .	1859.	1871.
1853. George Nixon Briggs . . .	1859.	1861.
1854. George Partridge Sanger . .	1859.	
1855. Henry Morris . . .	1859.	
1856. David Aiken . . .	1859.	

Justices of the Superior Court since its Establishment in 1859.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1859. Charles Allen . . .	1867. Resigned.	1869.
1867. Seth Ames . . .	1869. Appointed to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1869. Lincoln Flagg Brigham.		

JUSTICES.

1859. Julius Rockwell.		
1859. Otis Phillips Lord.	1875. Appointed to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1859. Marcus Morton, Jr. . . .	1869. Appointed to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1859. Seth Ames . . .	1867. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1859. Ezra Wilkinson . . .		
1859. Henry Vose . . .	1869.	1869.
1859. Thomas Russell. . .	1867. Resigned.	
1859. John Phelps Putnam.		
1859. Lincoln Flagg Brigham . .	1869. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1867. Chester Isham Reed . . .	1871. Resigned.	1873.
1867. Charles Devens, Jr. . . .	1873. Appointed to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1869. Henry Austin Scudder . .	1872. Resigned.	
1869. Francis Henshaw Dewey.		
1869. Robert Carter Pitman.		
1871. John W. Bacon.		
1872. William Allen.		
1873. P. Emory Aldrich.		
1875. Waldo Colburn.		
1875. William S. Gardner.		

Present Organization of the Courts.

[All judges in the Commonwealth are appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, and hold office during good behavior.]

Supreme Judicial Court.

Horace Gray, of Boston, <i>Chief Justice</i>	.	.	.	.	Salary, \$6,500
James D. Colt, of Pittsfield, <i>Justice</i>	.	.	.	.	" 6,000
Seth Ames, of Brookline,	"	.	.	.	" 6,000
Marcus Morton, of Andover,	"	.	.	.	" 6,000
William C. Endicott, of Salem,	"	.	.	.	" 6,000
Otis P. Lord, of Salem,	"	.	.	.	" 6,000
Augustus L. Soule, of Springfield, <i>Justice</i>	.	.	.	.	" 6,000

Superior Court.

Lincoln F. Brigham, of Salem, <i>Chief Justice</i>	.	.	.	Salary, \$5,300
Julius Rockwell, of Lenox, <i>Justice</i> ,	.	.	.	" 5,000
Ezra Wilkinson, of Dedham,	"	.	.	" 5,000
John P. Putnam, of Boston,	"	.	.	" 5,000
Francis H. Dewey, of Worcester,	"	.	.	" 5,000
Robert C. Pitman, of Newton,	"	.	.	" 5,000
John W. Bacon, of Natick,	"	.	.	" 5,000
William Allen, of Northampton,	"	.	.	" 5,000
P. Emory Aldrich, of Worcester,	"	.	.	" 5,000
Waldo Colburn, of Dedham,	"	.	.	" 5,000
William S. Gardner, of Newton,	"	.	.	" 5,000

Probate Courts and Courts of Insolvency.

There is a PROBATE COURT and a COURT OF INSOLVENCY in each county, distinct in their jurisdiction, powers, proceedings, and practice, but having the same judge and register. These courts are held by the judge of probate and insolvency, appointed for the county; but the judges of the several counties may, in case of necessity or convenience, interchange services, and perform each other's duties.

The names of the judges, registers, and assistant registers may be found among the list of County Officers.

Police Courts and Municipal Courts.

BOSTON.—(Municipal Court.) Mellen Chamberlain, *Chief Justice*; Joseph M. Churchill and William E. Parmenter, *Associate Justices*; salary, \$3,000 each. *Special Justice*, William J. Forsaith. *Clerks*, William T. Connolly, civil side; salary, \$2,500. John C. Leighton, criminal side; salary, \$2,500. HIGHLAND DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Peter S. Wheelock, salary, \$2,500. *Special Justices*, Solomon A. Bolster, Henry W. Fuller. *Clerk*, Alfred Williams; salary, \$1,500. *Assistant Clerk*, W. A. Blossom. DORCHESTER DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Joseph R. Churchill; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justices*, George M. Reed, George A. Fisher. *Clerk*, Robert T. Swan; salary, \$1,000. WEST ROXBURY DISTRICT.—*Justice*, James M. F. Howard, salary, \$1,600. *Special Justices*, George R. Fowler, Henry R. Brigham. *Clerk*, William Maccarty; salary, \$1,000. BRIGHTON DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Henry Baldwin; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justices*, Frederick W. Galbraith, Michael Norton. *Clerk*, James H. Rice; salary, \$1,000. SOUTH BOSTON DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Robert I. Burbank; salary, \$2,000. *Special Justices*, Joseph D. Fallon, Benjamin F. Burnham. *Clerk*, Joseph H. Allen; salary, \$1,500. EAST BOSTON DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Benjamin Pond; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justices*, Roscoe H. Thompson, James L. Walsh. *Clerk*, Willard S. Allen; salary, \$1,000. CHARLESTOWN DISTRICT.—*Justice*, George W. Warren; salary, \$2,000. *Special Justices*, Henry W. Bragg, Joseph H. Cotton. *Clerk*, Daniel Williams; salary, \$1,500.

CAMBRIDGE.—*Justice*, John S. Ladd; salary, \$1,800. *Special Justices*, Woodward Emery, H. W. Muzzey. *Clerk*, Thomas McIntire, Jr.; salary, \$1,000.

CHELSEA.—*Justice*, Hamlet Bates; salary, \$1,800. *Special Justices*, Erastus Rugg, Eben Hutchinson. *Clerk*, Franklin O. Barnes; salary, \$1,000.

CHICOPEE.—*Justice*, Edwin O. Carter; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justices*, Simon G. Southworth, Luther White.

FITCHBURG.—*Justice*, Thornton K. Ware; salary, \$1,300. *Special Justices*, David H. Merriam, Edward P. Loring. *Clerk*, George W. Cann; salary, \$800.

GLOUCESTER.—*Justice*, James Davis; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justice*, Elbridge G. Friend. *Clerk*, Sumner D. York; salary, \$800.

HAVERHILL.—*Justice*, Henry Carter; salary, \$1,800. *Special Justices*, William E. Blunt, Ira A. Abbott. *Clerk*, Edward C. Dubois; salary, \$1,000.

HOLYOKE. — *Justice*, W. B. C. Pearsons; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justices*, Porter Underwood, Edward H. Chapin.

LAWRENCE. — *Justice*, Nathan W. Harmon; salary, \$1,800. *Special Justices*, William H. P. Wright, Wilbur F. Gile. *Clerk*, Henry F. Hopkins; salary, \$1,000.

LEE. — *Justice*, Moses H. Pease; salary, \$800. *Special Justices*, James Bullard, Franklin W. Gibbs.

LOWELL. — *Justice*, Nathan Crosby; salary, \$2,200. *Special Justices*, John Davis, Frederick T. Greenhalge. *Clerk*, Samuel P. Hadley; salary, \$1,200.

LYNN. — *Justice*, James R. Newhall; salary, \$1,800. *Special Justices*, Nathan M. Hawkes, Rollin E. Harmon. *Clerk*, Henry C. Oliver; salary, \$1,000.

NEWBURYPORT. — *Justice*, William E. Currier; salary, \$1,000. *Special Justices*, Henry W. Chapman, John N. Pike. *Clerk*, E. F. Bartlett; salary, \$800.

NEWTON. — *Justice*, Wm. W. Carruth; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justices*, Henry H. Mather, Edward H. Mason. *Clerk*, W. Cate; salary, \$900.

SOMERVILLE. — *Justice*, Isaac Story; salary, \$1,800. *Special Justices*, Alpheus R. Brown, George A. Bruce. *Clerk*, Lebbeus Stetson; salary, \$1,000.

SPRINGFIELD (jurisdiction, Springfield, West Springfield, Wilbraham, Agawam, and Longmeadow). — *Justice*, Gideon Wells; salary, \$2,400. *Special Justices*, Alfred M. Copeland, Samuel B. Spooner. *Clerk*, Charles G. Spellman; salary, \$1,200.

WILLIAMSTOWN. — *Justice*, John R. Bulkley; salary, \$300. *Special Justices*, Andrew M. Smith, Henry L. Sabin.

District Courts.

CENTRAL BERKSHIRE (court held at Pittsfield; jurisdiction in Hancock, Lanesborough, Peru, Windsor, Hinsdale, Dalton, Pittsfield, and Richmond). — *Justice*, Joseph Tucker; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justices*, Lorenzo H. Gamwell, Lorenzo T. Filley. *Clerk*, Walter B. Smith; salary, \$800.

NORTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Adams; jurisdiction in Adams, Clarksburg, Savoy, Florida, and Cheshire.) — *Justice*, Jarvis Rockwell;

salary, \$1,200. *Special Justices*, Frederiek P. Brown, Nelson H. Bixby. *Clerk*, Lyman W. Flagg; salary, \$800.

SOUTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Great Barrington; jurisdiction in Sheffield, Great Barrington, Egremont, Alford, Mount Washington, Monterey, and New Marlborough).—*Justice*, James Bradford; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justices*, James H. Rowley, Renuselaer N. Couch. *Clerk*, Thomas Siggins; salary, \$600.

FIRST PLYMOUTH (court held at Broekton; jurisdiction in Broekton, Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, and West Bridgewater).—*Justice*, Jonas R. Perkins, salary, \$1,200. *Special Justice*, Chas. W. Sumner. *Clerk*, David L. Cowell; salary, \$600.

SECOND PLYMOUTH (court held at Abington and Hingham; jurisdiction in Abington, Rockland, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Hanson, South Abington, and South Scituate).—*Justice*, Jesse E. Keith; salary, \$1,400. *Special Justices*, Zenas Jenkins, James S. Lewis. *Clerk*, Otis W. Soule; salary, \$800.

THIRD PLYMOUTH (court held at Plymouth and Scituate; jurisdiction in Plymouth, Kingston, Plympton, Pembroke, Duxbury, Marshfield, and Scituate).—*Justice*, Chas. G. Davis; salary, \$1,400. *Special Justices*, Frank T. Vinal, Wm. S. Danforth. *Clerk*, Benj. A. Hathaway; salary, \$800.

FOURTH PLYMOUTH (court held at Middleborough and Wareham; jurisdiction in Middleborough, Wareham, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett and Rochester).—*Justice*, Francis M. Vaughan; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justice*, Lemuel LeB. Holmes. *Clerk*, Wm. L. Chipman; salary, \$700.

FIRST NORTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Ayer; jurisdiction in Ayer, Groton, Pepperell, Townsend, Ashby, Shirley, Westford, Littleton, and Boxborough).—*Justice*, Levi Wallace; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justice*, John Spaulding. *Clerk*, Geo. W. Sanderson; salary, \$600.

FIRST SOUTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at South Framingham; jurisdiction in Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Natick, Sherborn, Sudbury, and Wayland).—*Justice*, Constantine C. Esty; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justices*, Lucius H. Wakefield, Edwin C. Morse. *Clerk*, Sidney A. Phillips; salary, \$800.

FIRST EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Malden and Wakefield; jurisdiction in Wilmington, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Wake-

field, Melrose, Malden, Everett, and Medford).—*Justice*, John W. Pet-
tengill; salary, \$2,000. *Special Justices*, Thomas S. Harlow, Solon
Baneroft. *Clerk*, Wm. N. Tyler; salary, \$1,000.

CENTRAL MIDDLESEX (court held at Concord; jurisdiction in Acton,
Bedford, Carlisle, Concord, Lincoln, Maynard, Stow, and Lexington).—
Justice, John S. Keyes; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justices*, Augustus E.
Scott, Chas. Thompson.

FIRST ESSEX (court held at Salem; jurisdiction in Salem, Beverly,
Danvers, Hamilton, Middleton, Topsfield, and Wenham).—*Justice*,
Joseph B. F. Osgood; salary, \$3,000. *Special Justices*, Daniel E. Saf-
ford, Nath'l J. Holden. *Clerk*, Samuel P. Andrews; salary, \$2,500.

FIRST BRISTOL (court held at Taunton; jurisdiction in Taunton,
Rehoboth, Berkley, Dighton, Seekonk, Attleborough, Norton, Mansfield,
Easton, and Raynham).—*Justice*, Wm. H. Fox; salary, \$2,000. *Special*
Justices, Erastus M. Reed, William E. Fuller. *Clerk*, Laurens N. Francis;
salary, \$1,200.

SECOND BRISTOL (court held at Fall River; jurisdiction in Fall River,
Freetown, Somerset, and Swansea).—*Justice*, Josiah C. Blaisdell; salary,
\$2,500. *Special Justices*, Milton Reed, Benj. K. Lovatt. *Clerk*, Au-
gustus B. Leonard; salary, \$1,800.

THIRD BRISTOL (court held in New Bedford; jurisdiction in New
Bedford, Fairhaven, Acushnet, Dartmouth, and Westport).—*Justice*,
Alanson Borden; salary, \$1,800. *Special Justices*, Wm. W. Crapo,
Francis W. Tappan. *Clerk*, Chas. H. Sanford; salary, \$1,000.

FIRST SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Southbridge and Web-
ster; jurisdiction in Sturbridge, Southbridge, Charlton, Dudley, Oxford,
and Webster).—*Justice*, Clark Jillson; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justices*,
Frederick W. Botham, William H. Davis.

SECOND SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Blackstone and Ux-
bridge; jurisdiction in Blackstone, Uxbridge, Douglas, and North-
bridge).—*Justice*, Arthur A. Putnam; salary, \$1,500. *Special Justice*,
Zadok A. Taft, Francis N. Thayer.

THIRD SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Milford; jurisdiction in
Milford, Mendon, and Upton).—*Justice*, Charles A. Dewey; salary,
\$1,600. *Special Justices*, James R. Davis, Chas. E. Whitney.

FIRST EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Westborough and Grafton; jurisdiction in Northborough, Southborough, Westborough, and Grafton). *Justice*, W. Trowbridge Forbes; salary, \$800. *Special Justices*, Benj. B. Nourse, Hubbard Wilson.

SECOND EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Clinton; jurisdiction in Clinton, Berlin, Bolton, Harvard, Lancaster, and Sterling.) — *Justice*, Chas. G. Stevens; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justice*, Christopher C. Stone. *Clerk*, Frank E. Howard; salary, \$600.

CENTRAL WORCESTER (court held at Worcester; jurisdiction in Worcester, Millbury, Sutton, Auburn, Leicester, Paxton, W. Boylston, Boylston, Holden, and Shrewsbury.) — *Justice*, Hartley Williams; salary, \$3,000. *Special Justices*, Samuel Utley, George M. Woodward. *Clerk*, Theodore S. Johnson; salary, \$2,500. *Assistant Clerk*, Amos C. Allen; salary, \$1,000.

EAST NORFOLK (court held in Quincy; jurisdiction in Randolph, Braintree, Cohasset, Weymouth, Quincy, Holbrook, and Milton.) — *Justice*, Everett C. Bumpus; salary, \$1,800. *Special Justices*, James A. Tower, Solomon J. Beal. *Clerk*, J. White Belcher; salary, \$1,000.

EASTERN HAMPDEN (court held at Palmer; jurisdiction in Palmer, Brimfield, Monson, Holland, and Wales.) — *Justice*, James G. Allen; salary, \$1,000. *Special Justices*, George Robinson, Ira G. Potter.

District Attorneys.

[Elected by the several Districts for the terms of three years, ending January, 1878.]

NORTHERN DISTRICT. — Middlesex County, Geo. Stevens, of Lowell; salary, \$2,000.

EASTERN DISTRICT. — Essex County, Edgar J. Sherman, of Lawrence; salary, \$2,000.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT. — Bristol, Barnstable, Dukes, and Nantucket counties, George Marston, of New Bedford; salary, \$2,000.

SOUTH-EASTERN DISTRICT. — Norfolk and Plymouth counties, Asa French, of Braintree; salary, \$2,000.

MIDDLE DISTRICT. — Worcester County, Hamilton B. Staples, of Worcester; salary, \$2,000.

WESTERN DISTRICT. — Hampden and Berkshire counties, Edward H. Lathrop, of Springfield; salary, \$2,000.

NORTH-WESTERN DISTRICT. — Hampshire and Franklin counties, Samuel T. Field, of Shelburne; salary, \$1,500.

SUFFOLK COUNTY. — Oliver Stevens, of Boston; salary, \$5,000. Michael Norton, *First Assistant Attorney*; salary, \$3,000. Melvin O. Adams, *Second Assistant*; salary, \$2,000. *Clerk*, Robert W. Nason; salary, \$1,000.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriffs, Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers are elected by the people of the several Counties for terms of three years. The current triennial term of Sheriffs expires on the first Wednesday of January, 1881, and that of the Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers in January, 1880.

Registers of Probate and Insolvency and Clerks of Courts are elected for terms of five years. The current term of the former expires in January, 1879; that of the latter in 1881.

Registers of Deeds and Clerks of Courts are paid by fees. Sheriffs and County Treasurers are, by sections 37 and 70 of chapter 17 of the General Statutes, paid by fixed salaries.

County Commissioners are elected one annually, and severally for terms of three years; and two Special Commissioners are elected every third year, the current term ending in December, 1880.

By section 29 of chapter 17 of the General Statutes, the County Commissioners and Special Commissioners of the several counties are paid from the treasuries of their respective counties a gross sum in full for their services and travel, the same to be apportioned to each, according to the number of days' service and actual amount of travel performed by each respectively.

By the provisions of section 33 of chapter 120 of the General Statutes, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is required to designate and commission a certain number of Justices of the Peace as Trial Justices in the several counties, to try criminal cases. No Justice of the Peace not thus designated and commissioned has any power or authority in criminal cases, except to receive complaints and issue warrants, for which no fees are to be allowed.

By the provisions of chapter 187 of the Acts of 1860, each Trial Justice holds office for the term of three years from the time of his designation, unless such designation is sooner revoked, or unless his commission as Justice of the Peace shall sooner expire.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY — Incorporated 1685.

Shire Town, BARNSTABLE.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Joseph M. Day, Barnstable . \$1,000*Register of Probate and Insolvency*—Chas. Thacher, 2d, Yarm'th, 1,000*Sheriff*—Levi L. Goodspeed, Barnstable 500*Clerk of Courts*—Smith K. Hopkins, Barnstable.*County Treasurer*—Charles H. Nye, Barnstable (Hyannis) . . . 500*Register of Deeds*—Asa E. Lovell, Barnstable.*County Commissioners* (compensation, \$1,300), —

Joshua C. Robinson, Falmouth . Term expires December, 1878

James S. Howes, Dennis " " " 1879

Jonathan Higgins, Orleans " " " 1880

Special Commissioners —

John W. Davis, Provincetown . Term expires December, 1880

Joshua M. Hawes, Yarmouth " " " 1880

Trial Justices—James B. Crocker, Yarmouth; Marshall S. Underwood, Dennis; Eben S. Whittemore, Sandwich; Theodore F. Bassett, Hyannis; Smith K. Hopkins, Barnstable; George T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich Port.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — Incorporated 1761.

Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, Adams . \$1,200*Register of Probate and Insolvency*—A. J. Waterman, Pittsfield . 1,200*Sheriff*—Graham A. Root, Pittsfield 1,300*Clerk of Courts*—Henry W. Taft, Pittsfield.*County Treasurer*—George J. Tucker, Pittsfield 1,500*Registers of Deeds*—North District, E. E. Merchant, Adams; Middle District, Theodore L. Allen, Pittsfield; South District, Isaac Seeley, Great Barrington.*County Commissioners* (compensation, \$1,700), —

Justin Dewey, Jr., Gt. Barrington, Term expires December, 1878

John Stallman, Lee " " " 1879

Henry J. Bliss, South Adams " " " 1880

Special Commissioners, —

Darius W. Dunham, Pittsfield . . Term expires December, 1880

H. M. Pierson, Pittsfield " " " 1880

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — Concluded.

Trial Justices — William C. Spaulding, West Stockbridge; Henry J. Dunham, Stockbridge.

BRISTOL COUNTY — Incorporated 1685.

Shire Towns, TAUNTON and NEW BEDFORD.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Edm'd H. Bennett, Taunton, \$1,800

Register of Probate and Insolvency — Wm. E. Fuller, Taunton . 1,800

Sheriff — Andrew R. Wright, Fall River 1,500

Clerk of Courts — Simeon Borden, Fall River.

County Treasurer — George F. Pratt, Taunton 1,500

Registers of Deeds — North District, Joseph E. Wilbar, Taunton; South District, Charles C. Sayer, New Bedford.

County Commissioners — (compensation, \$2,500), —

Elisha T. Jackson, Taunton . . . Term expires December, 1878

Elisha Thornton, Jr., New Bedford, “ “ “ 1879

Franklin Gray, Fall River . . . “ “ “ 1880

Special Commissioners —

George N. Crandall, Attleborough . Term expires December, 1880

Daniel J. Lewis, Fairhaven . . . “ “ “ 1880

Trial Justice — Albert A. Rotch, Easton.

DUKES COUNTY — Incorporated 1683.

Shire Town, EDGARTOWN.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — J. T. Pease, Edgartown . . \$500

Register of Probate and Insolvency — H. Vincent, Edgartown . 600

Sheriff — Francis C. Smith, Edgartown 400

Clerk of Courts — Samuel Keniston, Edgartown

County Treasurer — John S. Smith, Edgartown 300

Register of Deeds — John S. Smith, Edgartown 200

County Commissioners (compensation, \$400), —

Asa Smith, Chilmark Term expires December, 1878

Benjamin Clough, Tisbury . . . “ “ “ 1879

Jonathan H. Munroe, Edgartown . . . “ “ “ 1880

Special Commissioners, —

Abraham Rodman, Gay Head . . Term expires December, 1880

Vernal Clifford, Gosnold “ “ “ 1880

Trial Justice — Jeremiah Pease, Edgartown.

ESSEX COUNTY — Incorporated 1634.

Shire Towns, SALEM, LAWRENCE, and NEWBURYPORT.

Salary.

<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> — George F. Choate, Salem	\$2,500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> — Abner C. Goodell, Salem	2,000
<i>Assistant Register</i> — Ezra D. Hines, Danvers	1,500
<i>Sheriff</i> — Horatio G. Herrick, Lawrence	1,800
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> — Alfred A. Abbott, Peabody.	
<i>Assistant Clerk</i> — Geo. R. Lord, Salem	2,100
<i>County Treasurer</i> — Allen W. Dodge, Hamilton	1,800
<i>Registers of Deeds</i> — Southern District, Ephraim Brown, Salem; Northern District, John R. Poor, Lawrence.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$4,000), —	
James Kimball, Salem	Term expires December, 1878
Zachariah Graves, Lynn	" " " 1879
Joseph O. Proctor, Gloucester	" " " 1880
<i>Special Commissioners</i> , —	
Aaron Sawyer, Amesbury	Term expires December, 1880
Danl. W. Bartlett, Essex	" " " 1880
<i>Trial Justices</i> — J. Scott Todd, Rowley; Nath'l F. S. York, Rockport; William M. Rogers, Methuen; Orlando B. Tenney, Georgetown; George H. Poor, Andover; George W. Cate, Amesbury; Amos Merrill, Peabody; Orlando S. Baley, Amesbury; William Nutting, Jr., Marblehead; Wesley K. Bell, Ipswich.	

FRANKLIN COUNTY — Incorporated 1811.

Shire Town, GREENFIELD.

Salary.

<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> — C. C. Conant, Greenfield	\$1,400
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> — F. M. Thompson, G'nfield,	1,400
<i>Sheriff</i> — George A. Kimball, Greenfield	850
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> — Edward E. Lyman, Greenfield.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> — C. M. Moody, Greenfield	600
<i>Register of Deeds</i> — Edward Benton, Greenfield.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$1,200), —	
Lyman G. Barton, Greenfield	Term expires December, 1878
John M. Smith, Sunderland	" " " 1879
Carlos Batchelder, Conway	" " " 1880
<i>Special Commissioners</i> , —	
David L. Smith, Colrain	Term expires December, 1880
Beriah W. Fay, New Salem	" " " 1880

FRANKLIN COUNTY — Concluded.

Trial Justices — Almon Brainard, and Gorham D. Williams, Greenfield; Hiram Woodward, Orange; Samuel D. Bardwell, Shelburne Falls; Joseph H. Root, and George L. Barton, Montague; Albert Montague, Sunderland; John A. Winslow, Charlemont; Henry W. Billings, Conway; Silas Blake, Ashfield.

HAMPDEN COUNTY — Incorporated 1812.

Shire Town, SPRINGFIELD.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Wm. S. Shurtleff, Springfield \$1,300

Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel B. Spooner, Springfield 1,600

Sheriff — Hiram Q. Sanderson, Springfield 1,250

Clerk of Courts — Robert O. Morris, Springfield

County Treasurer — M. Wells Bridge, Springfield 1,500

Register of Deeds — James E. Russell, Springfield.

County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,700), —

Lucius F. Thayer, Westfield . . . Term expires December, 1878

Newton S. Hubbard, Brimfield . . . “ “ “ 1879

Edwin Chase, Holyoke . . . “ “ “ 1880

Special Commissioners, —

Ira G. Potter, Wilbraham . . . Term expires December, 1880

Samuel A. Bartholomew, Blandford “ “ “ 1880

Trial Justices — Henry B. Lewis, Homer B. Stevens, and Henry Fuller, Westfield; James M. Goodwin, West Granville; Daniel Granger, Chester.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — Incorporated 1662.

Shire Town, NORTHAMPTON.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — (Vacancy) \$1,400

Register of Probate and Insolvency — Luke Lyman, Northampton 1,400

Sheriff — Henry A. Longley, Northampton 1,000

Clerk of the Courts — W. P. Strickland, Northampton.

County Treasurer — Watson L. Smith, Northampton 800

Register of Deeds — Henry P. Billings, Hatfield.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — Concluded.

County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,600), —

S. Mills Cook, Granby	Term expires December, 1878
Elisha A. Edwards, Southampton . .	“ “ “ 1879
Elnathan Graves, Williamsburg . .	“ “ “ 1880

Special Commissioners, —

S. L. Parsons, Northampton . . .	Term expires December, 1880
C. E. Blood, Ware	“ “ “ 1880

Trial Justices — Franklin D. Richards, Ware; Edward A. Thomas, Amherst; Garry Munson, Huntington; Charles Richards, Enfield; Franklin Dickinson, Belchertown; Nathan Morse, South Hadley; A. Perry Peck, and Haynes H. Chilson, Northampton; Francis H. Dawes, Cummington; Lafayette Clapp, Easthampton.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — Incorporated 1643.

Shire Towns, CAMBRIDGE (EAST) and LOWELL.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Geo. M. Brooks, Concord . \$2,500

Register of Probate and Insolvency — Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester 2,000

Assistant Register — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester 1,500

Sheriff — Charles Kimball, Lowell 2,200

Clerk of Courts — Theodore C. Hurd, Cambridge.

Assistant Clerk — John J. Sawyer, Somerville 2,100

County Treasurer — Amos Stone, Everett 2,000

Registers of Deeds — North District, Joseph P. Thompson, Lowell; South District, Charles B. Stevens, Cambridge.

*County Commissioners** (compensation, \$4,800), —

J. Henry Reed, Westford	Term expires December, 1878
Daniel G. Walton, Wakefield . .	“ “ “ 1879
Harrison Harwood, Natick . . .	“ “ “ 1880

Special Commissioners, —

Edward Everett Thompson, Woburn,	Term expires December, 1880
Samuel Staples, Concord	“ “ “ 1880

Trial Justices — B. Berkley, Johnson, Waltham; Leonard Huntress (Special), Tewksbury; James T. Joslin, Hudson; George S. Littlefield, Winchester; Parker L. Converse, Woburn; Ira O. Carter, Arlington; Jesse F. Wheeler, Watertown; Nahum Witherbee, Marlborough.

* The jurisdiction of the County Commissioners of Middlesex extends over Revere and Winthrop, in the County of Suffolk.

NANTUCKET COUNTY—Incorporated 1695.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Thaddeus C. Defriez . . .	\$500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Samuel Swain . . .	600
<i>Sheriff</i> —Josiah F. Barrett	300
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —George W. Jenks.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Samuel Swain.	
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Andrew M. Myrick.	
<i>Assistant Register</i> —George W. Jenks.	
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Thomas B. Field, Allen Coffin.	

NOTE.—The Selectmen of the town of Nantucket have the powers and perform the duties of County Commissioners. The Treasurer of the Town is also County Treasurer.

NORFOLK COUNTY—Incorporated 1793.

Shire Town, DEDHAM.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —George White, Needham . .	\$2,000
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Jona. H. Cobb, Dedham . .	1,500
<i>Assistant Register</i> —Jona. Cobb, Dedham	1,100
<i>Sheriff</i> —Rufus C. Wood, Canton	1,200
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —Erastus Worthington, Dedham.	
<i>Assistant Clerk</i> —Edgar H. Kingsbury, Dedham	1,500
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Chauncey C. Churchill, Dedham	1,300
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —John H. Burdakin, Dedham.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$3,000),—	
Nathaniel F. Safford, Milton	Term expires December, 1878
Galen Orr, Needham	“ “ “ 1879
James Humphrey, Weymouth	“ “ “ 1880
<i>Special Commissioners</i> ,—	
J. Q. A. Field, Quincy	Term expires December, 1880
George P. Morey, Walpole	“ “ “ 1880
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Emery Grover, and Thomas E. Barry, Needham; Charles H. Drew, Brookline; Charles H. Deans, West Medway; Samuel Warner, Wrentham; Frederick D. Ely, Dedham; George W. Wiggin, Franklin; John Merrill Browne, Oscar A. Marden, Stoughton; Thos. E. Grover, Canton; Henry B. Terry, Hyde Park; Nathan A. Cook, Bellingham.	

PLYMOUTH COUNTY—Incorporated 1685.

Shire Town, PLYMOUTH.

Salary.

<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Wm. H. Wood, Middleboro'	\$1,500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —D. E. Damon, Plymouth	1,500
<i>Sheriff</i> —A. K. Harmon, Plymouth	900
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —William H. Whitman, Plymouth.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —John Morissey, Plymouth	1,000
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —William S. Danforth, Plymouth.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$2,500),—	
Joseph T. Wood, Middleborough	Term expires December, 1878
Jedediah Dwelley, Hanover	" " " 1879
Charles H. Paine, Halifax	" " " 1880
<i>Special Commissioners</i> ,—	
Chas. W. S. Seymour, Hingham	Term expires December, 1880
Frederic Howard, Brockton	" " " 1880

SUFFOLK COUNTY—Incorporated 1643.

Salary.

<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —John W. McKim, Boston	\$4,000
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Elijah George, Boston	3,000
<i>Assistant Register</i> —John H. Paine	1,500
<i>Sheriff</i> —John M. Clark, Boston	2,500
<i>Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court</i> —John Noble.	
<i>Assistant Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court</i> —Henry A. Clapp,	
Boston	2,500
<i>Clerk of Superior Court (Civil Session)</i> —Joseph A. Willard,	
Boston	2,200
<i>Assistant</i> —Edwin A. Wadleigh.	
<i>Clerk of Superior Court (Criminal Session)</i> —John P. Manning, Boston.	
<i>City and County Treasurer</i> —Charles H. Dennie.	
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Thomas F. Temple, Boston.	
<i>Trial Justice</i> —Edwin C. Gilman, Winthrop.	

NOTE.—In the city of Boston, the Board of Aldermen have all the powers and duties of County Commissioners, except in relation to trials by jury and recovery of damages in such trials, in cases of laying out and discontinuing highways, and appeals from assessors for abatement of taxes. The Treasurer of the city of Boston is likewise County Treasurer.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER—Incorporated 1731.

Shire Towns, WORCESTER and FITCHBURG.

Salary.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Henry Chapin, Worcester . \$2,500*Register of Probate and Insolvency*—Chas. E. Stevens, Worcester, 2,000*Assistant Register*—Frederick W. Southwick, Worcester . . 1,500*Sheriff*—Augustus B. R. Sprague, Worcester . . . 2,500*Clerk of Courts*—John A. Dana, Worcester.*Assistant Clerk*—Wm. T. Harlow, Worcester . . . 2,100*Second Assistant Clerk*—Elliott H. Peabody, Worcester.*Register of Deeds*—Harvey B. Wilder, Worcester.*County Treasurer*—Edward A. Brown, Worcester . . . 1,800*County Commissioners* (compensation, \$4,000), —

Henry G. Taft, Uxbridge . . . Term expires December, 1878

Henry E. Rice, Barre . . . “ “ “ 1879

Wm. O. Brown, Fitchburg . . . “ “ “ 1880

Special Commissioners, —

Bethuel Ellis, Winchendon . . . Term expires December, 1880

James R. Davis, Milford . . . “ “ “ 1880

Trial Justices—Edwin Woods, Barre; J. F. Hitchcock, Warren; Luther Hill, Spencer; E. Wyman Stone, Stillman Cady, Templeton; Chas. H. Merriam, Leominster; Samuel M. Osgood, Athol; Bethuel Ellis, Giles H. Whitney, Winchendon; Thomas E. Glazier, Gardner; Geo. S. Duell, Brookfield; Charles E. Jenks, North Brookfield, S. Joseph Bradlee, Ashburnham.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

[Established by Act of April 21, 1852. See also chap. 220 of Acts of 1863, and chap. 263 of Acts of 1866.]

Members ex-officiis.

His Excellency Alexander H. Rice.

His Honor Horatio G. Knight.

Hon. H. B. Peirce, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

Hon. William S. Clark, *President Mass. Agricultural College.*

Charles A. Goessmann, *State Agricultural Chemist.*

Appointed by the Governor and Council.

Leverett Saltonstall, of Newton	Term expires	1878
Paul A. Chadbourne, of Williamstown	" "	1879
Marshall P. Wilder, of Boston	" "	1880

Chosen by the County Societies.

Massachusetts, Charles S. Sargent, of Brookline	Term expires	1880
Essex, Benjamin P. Ware, of Marblehead	" "	1881
Middlesex, John B. Moore, of Concord	" "	1879
" North, John A. Goodwin, of Lowell	" "	1880
" South, Thomas J. Damon, of Way- land	" "	1881
Worcester, O. B. Hadwen, of Worcester	" "	1881
" West, William A. Warner, of Hardwick,	" "	1881
" North, John F. Brown, of Lunenburg,	" "	1881
" North-west, Enoch T. Lewis, of Athol	" "	1880
" South, Nathaniel Upham, of Sturbridge	" "	1880
" South-east, William Knowlton, of Up- ton,	" "	1879
Hampshire, Franklin, and Hampden, Milo J. Smith, of Northampton	" "	1879
Hampshire, Henry C. Comins, of North Hadley,	" "	1880
Highland, A. K. Abbott, of Chester,	" "	1881
Hampden, J. N. Bagg, of West Springfield	" "	1879
" East, Horace P. Wakefield, of Monson	" "	1879

Union, Franklin C. Knox, of Blandford . . .	Term expires	1880
Franklin, Arthur A. Smith, of Colrain . . .	“	“ 1880
Deerfield Valley, E. C. Hawks, of Charlemont . . .	“	“ 1881
Berkshire, John E. Merrill, of Pittsfield . . .	“	“ 1879
Hoosac Valley, William E. Johnson, of Williams-		
town,	“	“ 1879
Housatonic, Daniel B. Fenn, of Stockbridge . . .	“	“ 1879
Norfolk, Henry S. Russell, of Milton . . .	“	“ 1880
Hingham, Edmund Hersey, of Hingham . . .	“	“ 1879
Bristol, Avery P. Slade, of Somerset . . .	“	“ 1881
“ Central, John A. Hawes, of Fairhaven . . .	“	“ 1879
Plymouth, John Lane, of E. Bridgewater . . .	“	“ 1881
Marshfield, George M. Baker, of Marshfield . . .	“	“ 1879
Barnstable, S. B. Phinney, of Barnstable . . .	“	“ 1880
Nantucket, Alex. Macy, Jr., of Nantucket . . .	“	“ 1879
Martha's Vineyard, Hebron Vincent, of Edgar-		
town	“	“ 1880

Charles L. Flint, Secretary.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[Established by Act of April 20, 1837.]

The Board consists of the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, *ex-officiis*, and eight members, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council.

Gardiner G. Hubbard, Cambridge	Term expires	1878
William Rice, Springfield	“	“ 1879
C. C. Esty, Framingham	“	“ 1880
Edward B. Gillett, Westfield	“	“ 1881
Christopher P. Hussey, Billerica	“	“ 1882
Charles B. Rice, Danvers,	“	“ 1883
Henry Chapin, Worcester	“	“ 1884
Alonzo A. Miner, Boston	“	“ 1885

John W. Dickinson, Secretary. Office in the Library.

Oliver Warner, Assistant Secretary and Treasurer.

Geo. A. Walton and Eli A. Hubbard, Agents.

Walter Smith, Director of Art-Education.

COMMISSIONERS, ETC.

ON INSURANCE. — Stephen H. Rhodes, Boston. *Deputy*, William S. Smith. Office, No. 33 Pemberton Square.

ON LAND. — Willard P. Phillips, Salem, *Chairman*; Edward C. Purdy, Somerville; Horace C. Bacon, Lawrence, *Secretary*.

ON PRISONS. — Joseph Burnett, Southborough, *Chairman*; Stephen W. Bowles, Springfield; H. W. B. Wightman, Lowell; Thos. D. Howard, Boston, *Secretary*. Office, State House. *Advisory Board*, Mrs. Pauline A. Durant, Needham; Mrs. Mary G. Ware, Lancaster; Miss Abby R. Loring, Boston.

ON SAVINGS BANKS. — Jeremiah Gatchell, Blackstone; Cadwallader Curry, Brookline. Office, State House.

ON HARBORS. — F. W. Lincoln, Boston, *Chairman*; Albert Mason, Brookline; Francis A. Nye, Falmouth.

ON RAILROADS. — Chas. F. Adams, Jr., *Chairman*; Francis M. Johnson; Albert D. Briggs. *Clerk*, William A. Crafts. *Supervisor of R. R. Accounts*, Jas. H. Goodspeed. Office, No. 7 Pemberton Square.

ON INLAND FISHERIES. — Edward A. Brackett, Winchester; Asa French, Braintree; Theodore Lyman, Brookline.

ON PILOTS FOR THE PORT OF BOSTON. — Jacob G. Pierce, Milton; Nathaniel Spooner, Boston. (Chap. 176, Acts of 1862.)

ON CATTLE. — Levi Stockbridge, Amherst; Elisha F. Thayer, West Newton; Horace W. Jordan, Brighton.

ON CORPORATIONS. — Daniel A. Gleason. Office, State House.

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES. — Nathan Allen, Lowell, *Chairman*; Moses Kimball, Boston; Charles F. Donnelly, Boston. *Secretary*, Sidney Andrews, Brookline. Office, State House. *General Agent*, Stephen C. Wrightington, Fall River. *Visiting Agent*, Gardiner Tufts, Lynn.

BOARD OF HEALTH. — Henry I. Bowditch, Boston; Robert T. Davis, Fall River; Richard Frothingham, Boston; David L. Webster, Boston;

John C. Hoadley, Lawrence; Thos. B. Newhall, Lynn; Chas. F. Folsom, Boston, *Secretary*.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS. — Carroll D. Wright, Boston. *Deputy*, Charles F. Pidgin. Office, 33 Pemberton Square.

STATE DIRECTORS OF BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD (elected by the Legislature). — Terms expire in 1878: J. H. Chadwick, Boston; Thomas Talbot, Billerica; Charles L. Wood, New Bedford. Terms expire in 1879: Francis B. Hayes, Boston; D. N. Skillings, Winchester.

INSPECTOR OF LEATHER. — George R. Hodgdon, Boston.

INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS-METERS. — Charles W. Hinman, Boston.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF FISH. — William Cogswell, Salem.

INSPECTOR OF POT AND PEARL ASHES. — Moody D. Cook, Newburyport.

SURVEYOR-GENERAL OF LUMBER. — George W. Cram, Cambridge.

AGENT CONCERNING FLATS OF B. H. AND ERIE R. R. — Edward S. Philbrick, Brookline.

STATE ASSAYERS OF ORES AND METALS. — S. Dana Hayes, Boston; Augustus A. Hayes, Boston; Stephen P. Sharples, Cambridge; Horace L. Bowker, Boston.

STATE LIQUOR ASSAYER. — James F. Babcock, Boston.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

LUNATIC HOSPITALS.

The government of each is vested in a Board of Five Trustees, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council, and the place of the senior member, as arranged in the following order, to be vacated each year.

Worcester.

Jas. B. Thayer, Milton, 1878; Robert W. Hooper, Boston, 1879; William S. Lincoln, Worcester, 1880; Thos. H. Gage, 1881; John D. Washburn, Worcester, 1882.

Superintendent. — Barnard D. Eastman, M. D.

Taunton.

Simeon Borden, Fall River, 1878; Le Baron Russell, Boston, 1879; Samuel L. Crocker, Taunton, 1880; George Howland, Jr., New Bedford, 1881; Wm. C. Lovering, Taunton, 1882.

Superintendent. — William W. Godding, M. D.

Northampton.

Edward Hitchcock, Amherst, 1878; Silas M. Smith, Northampton, 1879; Adams C. Deane, Greenfield, 1880; Henry W. Taft, Pittsfield, 1881; Edward H. Sawyer, Easthampton, 1882.

Superintendent. — Pliny Earle, M.D.

Danvers.

Gardner A. Churchill, Boston, 1878; Samuel W. Hopkinson, Bradford, 1879; Chas. P. Preston, Danvers, 1880; Daniel S. Richardson, Lowell, 1881; James Sturgis, Boston, 1882.

STATE REFORM SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

At Westborough.

[Established 1847.]

The government consists of a Board of Seven Trustees, appointed by the Governor and Council.

Trustees. — Stephen G. Deblois, Boston, 1878; Samuel M. Griggs, Westborough, 1878; Edwin B. Harvey, Westborough, 1878; John L. Cummins, Ashburnham, 1879; Jackson B. Sweet, Haverhill, 1879; William H. Baldwin, Boston, 1880; Samuel R. Heywood, Worcester, 1880; Milo Hildreth, Northborough, 1881.

Superintendent. — Allen G. Shepherd. *Treasurer.* — Samuel M. Griggs.

STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

At Lancaster.

[Established 1855.]

The government is constituted like that of the State Reform School.

Trustees. — Henry C. Greeley, Clinton, 1878; Lewis H. Bradford, Fitchburg, 1878; Mrs. Annie B. Richardson, Lowell, 1878; Frank B. Fay, Chelsea, 1879; Harmon Hall, Saugus, 1879; Miss Anna R. Faulkner, 1879; Robert O. Fuller, Cambridge, 1880; Mrs. Mary S. Lamson, Winchester, 1880; Richard H. Stearns, Boston, 1880; Joseph A. Allen, Newton, 1881.

Superintendent. — Loring Lothrop. *Treasurer.* — Frank B. Fay, Chelsea.

MASSACHUSETTS EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.

At Boston.

[By Resolves 1872, chap. 28.]

Two Trustees appointed by the Governor.

Trustees. — Willard P. Phillips, Salem; Isaac N. Stoddard, Plymouth.

MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR IDIOTIC AND FEEBLE-MINDED YOUTH.

At South Boston.

Board of Twelve Trustees, six of whom are appointed by the Governor and Council (chap. 150, Acts of 1850, and Resolves, chap. 66, of 1861), viz. :—

Chas. H. Waters, Groton; Henry G. Denny, Dorchester; Lewis Allen, Peabody; Chas. D. Homans, Boston; Levi Howard, Chelmsford; John S. Damrell, Boston. *Superintendent*, Edward Jarvis.

Eight additional Trustees are appointed by the Corporation.

PERKINS INSTITUTION AND MASSACHUSETTS ASYLUM FOR THE BLIND.

At South Boston.

Trustees.—Andrew P. Peabody, Cambridge; Francis Brooks, Medford; John S. Dwight, Boston; J. Theodore Heard, Boston.

STATE PRISON.

At Charlestown.

Three Inspectors; one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council, for a term of three years.

Inspectors.—Ezra Parmenter, Cambridge, 1878; Daniel E. Safford, Hamilton, 1879; Geo. O. Brastow, Somerville, 1880.

Warden, Samuel E. Chamberlain, appointed December, 1871; *Deputy-Warden*, Almon Hale; *Clerk*, William Peirce; *Physician*, James A. Latimer, M. D.; *Chaplain*, ———

Agent for Discharged Convicts.—Daniel Russell.

REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.

At Sherborn.

Superintendent, Mrs. Eudora C. Atkinson, Boston; *Physician*, Miss Eliza M. Mosher, Framingham; *Chaplain*, Miss Mary Fosdick, Boston; *Treasurer*, John C. Whiton, Boston.

STATE ALMSHOUSE.

At Tewksbury.

The Board of Inspectors consists of three members; one member to be appointed annually. Salary, \$100 per annum, and travelling expenses.

Inspectors. — Francis H. Nourse, Winchester, 1878; William R. Spalding, Lawrence, 1879; Geo. P. Elliott, Billerica, 1880.

Superintendent, Thomas J. Marsh; *Resident Physician*, Wm. H. Lathrop; *First Assistant Physician*, George E. Putney; *Second Assistant Physician*, E. Q. Marston.

By chap. 45 of the Acts of 1872, the state almshouses at Bridgewater and Monson were discontinued, and the buildings to be used for the following purposes:—

STATE WORKHOUSE.

At Bridgewater.

Inspectors. — Seabury W. Bowen, Fall River, 1878; Joshua E. Crane, Bridgewater, 1879; J. White Belcher, Randolph, 1880.

Superintendent. — Nahum Leonard, Jr.; *Physician*, Edward Sawyer.

STATE PRIMARY SCHOOL.

At Monson.

Inspectors. — Samuel D. Brooks, Springfield, 1878; Enoch V. B. Holcomb, Chicopee, 1880.

Superintendent and Physician. — Jas. H. Bradford, Easthampton.

COLLEGES IN MASSACHUSETTS,

WITH THEIR PRESIDENTS AND TRUSTEES.

HARVARD COLLEGE.

CORPORATION.

CHARLES W. ELIOT, *President.**Fellows.*

Hon. George T. Bigelow.

Rev. Joseph H. Thayer.

Francis Parkman.

John Quincy Adams.

Martin Brimmer.

Edward W. Hooper, *Treasurer.*

BOARD OF OVERSEERS.

Hon. Chas. Francis Adams, *President of the Board.**Ex-officio Members.*Charles W. Eliot, *President of the University.*Edward W. Hooper, *Treasurer of the University.**Elective Members.*

[Term of office expires June, 1878.]

Le Baron Russell, M.D.

Rev. Alexander McKenzie.

Hon. D. E. Ware.

George W. C. Noble.

[Term of office expires June, 1879.]

Ralph Waldo Emerson.

Rev. James F. Clarke.

Henry Lee.

Hon. George F. Hoar.

Hon. Francis E. Parker.

[Term of office expires June, 1880.]

Hon. E. R. Hoar.	George O. Shattuck.
Theodore Lyman.	Hon. John Lowell.
Samuel A. Green, M.D.	

[Term of office expires June, 1881.]

Hon. Charles F. Adams.	Morrill Wyman, M.D.
Alexander Agassiz.	Rev. Edward E. Hale.
William G. Russell.	

[Term of office expires June, 1882.]

Rev. Phillips Brooks.	Leverett Saltonstall.
Hon. William C. Endicott.	Moorfield Storey.
Henry W. Paine.	

[Term of office expires June, 1883.]

Hon. Stephen Salisbury.	William Amory.
James Elliot Cabot.	Rev. Francis G. Peabody.
O. W. Holmes, Jr.	

MASSACHUSETTS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

WILLIAM S. CLARK, *President*.

Trustees.

Marshall P. Wilder.	Daniel Needham.
Charles G. Davis.	Hon. William B. Washburn.
Henry Colt.	Henry L. Whiting.
George Marston.	William Knowlton.
John Cummings.	Henry F. Hills.
Phineas Stedman.	Richard Goodman.
Allen W. Dodge.	

Trustees ex-officiis.

His Excellency Alexander H. Rice.
 William S. Clark, *President of the College*.
 Charles L. Flint, *Secretary of the Board of Agriculture*.
 John W. Dickinson, *Secretary of the Board of Education*.

WILLIAMS COLLEGE.

PAUL A. CHADBOURNE, D.D., LL.D., *President.**Trustees.*

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Rev. Mark Hopkins.	Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr.
Hon. Henry L. Sabin.	Giles B. Kellogg.
Hon. Joseph White.	James White.
Hon. Erastus C. Benedict.	Arthur B. Graves.
Rev. Robert R. Booth.	Hon. Horatio G. Knight.
Rev. Samuel Irenæus Prime.	C. A. Davison.
Hon. Francis Henshaw Dewey.	Prof. William R. Dimmock.
James D. Colt.	

Hon. Joseph White, *Treasurer and Secretary.*

AMHERST COLLEGE.

CORPORATION.

Rev. JULIUS H. SEELYE, *President.**Trustees.*

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Hon. Alexander H. Bullock.	Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.
Rev. William P. Paine.	Rev. Roswell D. Hitchcock.
Hon. Henry Morris.	Rev. Edmund K. Alden.
Rev. Edward S. Dwight.	Hon. John E. Sanford.
Nathan Allen.	Rufus B. Kellogg.
Hon. Edward B. Gillett.	Rev. William S. Karr.
Rev. Richard S. Storrs, Jr.	Henry D. Hyde.

TUFTS COLLEGE.

ELMER H. CAPEN, *President.**Trustees.*

Rev. Alonzo A. Miner, D.D., LL.D.	Charles G. Pope, A.M.
James O. Curtis, Esq.	Zebulon L. White, A.M.
Rev. Thomas B. Thayer, D.D.	Charles S. Forbes, A.M.
Nathaniel Adams, Esq.	Hon. Hosea M. Knowlton.
Hon. Timothy T. Sawyer.	Thomas H. Armstrong, Esq.
Henry B. Metcalf, Esq.	Rev. Henry W. Rugg.
Norman C. Munson, Esq.	Hon. Charles H. Rogers.
Rev. Elmer H. Capen, A.M.	

Hon. Charles Robinson, Jr., *Vice-President.*Hon. Newton Talbot, *Secretary.*William H. Finney, Esq., *Treasurer.*

BOSTON UNIVERSITY.

[20 Beacon Street.]

CORPORATION.

Hon. William Claflin, LL.D., *President*.Hon. Jacob Sleeper, *Vice-President*.David Patten, S.T.D., *Secretary*.Richard W. Husted, Esq., *Treasurer*.William F. Warren, LL.D., S.T.D., *Member ex-officio*.

David Patten, S.T.D.

Hon. Henry O. Houghton, A.M.

Major Joseph H. Chadwick.

Daniel Steele, S.T.D.

Bradford K. Peirce, S.T.D.

Francis A. Perry, Esq.

William G. Lincoln, Esq.

Pliny Nickerson, Esq.

Abner I. Benyon, Esq.

Hon. Jacob Sleeper.

Bp. Gilbert Haven.

Joel B. Thomas, Esq.

John W. Lindsay, S.T.D.

John H. Twombly, S.T.D.

Hon. Liverus Hull.

Leonard Whitney, Esq.

Hon. George F. Gavitt.

Edwin H. Johnson, Esq.

William R. Clark, S.T.D.

John Kendrick, Esq.

Hon. William Claflin, LL.D.

Alden Speare, Esq.

Willis Phelps, Esq.

Bp. Randolph S. Foster, S.T.D.

LL. D.

DEPARTMENTS.

W. F. Warren, LL.D., *President*, } 20 Beacon St., Boston.
 D. Patten, S.T.D., *Registrar*,

School of All Sciences, 20 Beacon St., J. W. Lindsay, S.T.D., Dean.

School of Theology, 36 Bromfield, St., J. E. Latimer, S.T.D., Dean.

School of Law, 36 Bromfield St., E. H. Bennett, LL.D., Dean.

School of Medicine, East Concord St., I. T. Talbot, M.D., Dean.

School of Oratory, Congregational House, L. B. Monroe, A.M., Dean.

College of Liberal Arts, 18 Beacon St., J. W. Lindsay, S.T.D., Dean.

College of Music, Music Hall, E. Tourjée, Mus. D., Dean.

College of Agriculture, Amherst, Mass., W. S. Clark, Ph. D., LL.D., D'n

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1876.

Congressional District No. 1.

TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.	TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.
BARNSTABLE Co.			BRISTOL— <i>Con.</i>		
Barnstable . .	359	196	Dartmouth . .	288	26
Brewster . .	140	19	Fairhaven . .	370	118
Chatham . .	161	51	Fall River . .	2,533	1,672
Dennis . .	346	35	Freetown . .	152	40
Eastham . .	74	22	New Bedford .	2,649	1,488
Falmouth . .	350	66	Somerset . .	262	68
Harwich . .	239	51	Swansey . .	164	47
Mashpee . .	37	1	Westport . .	290	20
Orleans . .	172	24			
Provincetown .	548	85	PLYMOUTH Co.		
Sandwich . .	343	148	Carver . .	87	117
Truro . .	148	8	Duxbury . .	251	197
Wellfleet . .	280	31	Halifax . .	89	43
Yarmouth . .	296	48	Kingston . .	230	118
DUKES Co.			Lakeville . .	123	41
Chilmark . .	36	38	Marion . .	106	43
Edgartown . .	174	55	Marshfield . .	217	97
Gay Head . .	17	—	Mattapoisett .	232	17
Gosnold . .	15	—	Middleborough .	581	351
Tisbury . .	157	56	Pembroke . .	106	92
NANTUCKET Co.			Plymouth . .	820	363
Nantucket . .	379	103	Plympton . .	78	84
BRISTOL Co.			Rochester . .	142	23
Acushnet . .	135	25	Wareham . .	269	187
			Totals . .	14,445	6,314

Scattering, 46.

Congressional District No. 2.

BRISTOL Co.			BRISTOL— <i>Con.</i>		
Attleborough .	916	427	Seekonk . .	119	88
Berkley . .	134	13	Taunton . .	2,054	1,132
Dighton . .	255	65			
Easton, . .	357	223	NORFOLK Co.		
Mansfield . .	258	140	Braintree . .	395	403
Norton . .	190	87	Canton . .	344	373
Raynham . .	218	58	Cohasset . .	218	121
Rehoboth . .	234	77	Foxborough . .	385	127

Congressional District No. 2—Con.

TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.	TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.
NORFOLK — <i>Con.</i>			PLYM'TH — <i>Con.</i>		
Holbrook . . .	233	106	Bridgewater . .	360	288
Hyde Park . . .	635	344	Brockton . . .	1,373	613
Milton	310	188	E. Bridgewater .	341	261
Norfolk	80	55	Hanover	214	95
Quincy	867	852	Hanson	112	69
Randolph . . .	323	527	Hingham	591	268
Sharon	153	115	Hull	32	24
Stoughton . . .	528	457	Rockland	483	279
Walpole	227	165	Scituate	299	209
Weymouth . . .	1,079	715	S. Abington . . .	333	185
Wrentham . . .	258	111	South Scituate .	258	124
			W. Bridgewater .	181	103
PLYMOUTH CO.			Totals	15,749	9,714
Abington	402	227			

Scattering, 25.

Congressional District No. 3.

SUFFOLK CO.			SUFFOLK — <i>Con.</i>		
Boston, Ward 13,	228	1,529	Boston, Ward 19,	608	1,133
Ward 14,	1,064	985	Ward 20,	885	1,043
Ward 15,	770	836	Ward 21,	1,311	574
Ward 16,	634	890	Ward 24,	1,356	900
Ward 17,	1,128	802			
Ward 18,	1,399	617	Totals	9,383	9,309

Scattering, 48.

Congressional District No. 4.

SUFFOLK CO.			SUFFOLK — <i>Con.</i>		
Boston, Ward 1,	1,064	863	Boston, Ward 11,	1,208	734
Ward 2,	553	1,227	Ward 12,	490	1,221
Ward 6,	334	1,637	Chelsea,	2,184	1,215
Ward 7,	328	1,311	Revere,	143	146
Ward 8,	568	987	Winthrop, . . .	74	56
Ward 9,	1,141	611			
Ward 10,	886	606	Totals	8,973	10,614

Scattering, 12.

Congressional District No. 5.

TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.	TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.
ESSEX Co.			MID'SEX — Con.		
Lynn . . .	2,773	2,265	Somerville . . .	1,801	1,262
Nahant . . .	57	59	Stoneham . . .	617	358
Saugus . . .	282	212	Wakefield . . .	560	345
Swampscott . .	253	126	Waltham . . .	949	741
MIDDLESEX Co.			Winchester . . .	323	213
Arlington . . .	386	343	Woburn . . .	807	832
Belmont . . .	168	179			
Burlington . . .	50	59	SUFFOLK Co.		
Everett . . .	393	239	Boston, Ward 3 . .	898	973
Lexington . . .	284	177	Ward 4 . . .	895	813
Malden . . .	1,004	586	Ward 5 . . .	766	1,051
Medford . . .	831	442			
Melrose . . .	472	291	Totals . . .	14,569	11,566

Scattering, 44.

Congressional District No. 6.

ESSEX Co.			ESSEX — Con.		
Amesbury . . .	268	180	Merrimac . . .	297	163
Beverly . . .	904	341	Middleton . . .	111	60
Boxford . . .	119	42	Newbury . . .	222	45
Bradford . . .	230	196	Newburyport . . .	1,269	938
Danvers . . .	701	335	N. Andover . . .	259	252
Essex . . .	284	93	Peabody . . .	698	437
Georgetown . .	316	235	Rockport . . .	537	277
Gloucester . . .	1,620	1,095	Rowley . . .	165	117
Groveland . . .	247	181	Salem . . .	2,485	1,572
Hamilton . . .	91	67	Salisbury . . .	470	201
Haverhill . . .	1,517	1,007	Topsfield . . .	183	71
Ipswich . . .	451	234	Wenham . . .	122	66
Lynnfield . . .	92	37	W. Newbury . . .	267	94
Manchester . . .	224	91			
Marblehead . .	678	833	Totals . . .	14,827	9,260

Scattering, 84.

Congressional District No. 7.

ESSEX Co.			MIDDLESEX Co.		
Andover . . .	555	214	Acton . . .	200	174
Lawrence . . .	2,499	2,461	Ashby . . .	161	53
Methuen . . .	443	301	Ayer . . .	178	200

Vote for President in 1876.

Congressional District No. 7—Con.

TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.	TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.
MID'SEX — <i>Con.</i>			MID'SEX — <i>Con.</i>		
Bedford . .	134	62	Reading . .	483	189
Billerica . .	269	63	Shirley . .	160	75
Boxborough . .	33	41	Stow . .	120	59
Carlisle . .	89	35	Sudbury . .	150	95
Chelmsford . .	303	171	Tewksbury . .	170	69
Concord . .	348	154	Townsend . .	338	166
Dracut . .	139	81	Tyngsborough . .	88	42
Dunstable . .	42	69	Westford . .	226	175
Groton . .	300	70	Wilmington . .	121	60
Hudson . .	356	215	WORCESTER Co.		
Lincoln . .	104	26	Berlin . .	181	25
Littleton . .	150	38	Bolton . .	159	59
Lowell . .	4,003	3,089	Harvard . .	138	105
Marlborough . .	604	523	Lancaster . .	287	76
Maynard . .	153	146	Totals . .		
North Reading . .	149	61		14,080	9,581
Pepperell . .	247	139			

Scattering, 126.

Congressional District No. 8.

MIDDLESEX Co.			NORF'LK — <i>Con.</i>		
Ashland . .	256	146	Franklin . .	292	184
Cambridge . .	3,654	3,531	Medfield . .	157	77
Framingham . .	654	544	Medway . .	433	289
Holliston . .	370	286	Needham . .	456	214
Hopkinton . .	335	400	Norwood . .	240	169
Natick . .	729	762	SUFFOLK Co.		
Newton . .	1,771	832	Boston, Ward 22,	408	728
Sherborn . .	134	65	Ward 23,	1,039	991
Watertown . .	512	382	Ward 25,	481	628
Wayland . .	243	147	WORCESTER Co.		
Weston . .	184	60	Milford . .	859	715
NORFOLK Co.			Southborough . .	200	82
Brookline . .	658	465	Totals . .		
Dedham . .	518	504		14,636	12,239
Dover . .	53	38			

Scattering, 94.

Congressional District No. 9.

WORCESTER Co.			Wo'STER — <i>Con.</i>		
Auburn . .	109	54	Blackstone . .	267	383
Barre . .	309	201	Boylston . .	138	21

Congressional District No. 9 — Con.

TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.	TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.
Wo'STER — Con.			Wo'STER — Con.		
Brookfield . .	333	283	Rutland . .	114	65
Charlton . .	244	116	Shrewsbury . .	228	90
Douglas . .	167	219	Southbridge . .	400	345
Dudley . .	142	178	Spencer . .	518	209
Grafton . .	372	196	Sturbridge . .	198	185
Hardwick . .	180	95	Sutton . .	230	193
Holden . .	272	91	Upton . .	266	125
Hubbardston . .	197	96	Uxbridge . .	275	218
Leicester . .	296	128	Warren . .	307	216
Mendon . .	129	74	Webster . .	363	314
Millbury . .	398	240	Westborough . .	532	271
New Braintree . .	78	53	West Boylston . .	304	88
Northborough . .	199	77	W. Brookfield . .	190	163
Northbridge . .	345	244	Worcester . .	4,795	4,189
N. Brookfield . .	387	280			
Oakham . .	121	47	NORFOLK Co.		
Oxford . .	315	237	Bellingham . .	122	87
Paxton . .	100	44			
Princeton . .	160	40	Totals . .	14,100	10,155

Scattering, 31.

Congressional District No. 10.

FRANKLIN Co.			FR'KLIN — Con.		
Ashfield . .	173	53	Shutesbury . .	71	30
Bernardston . .	140	62	Sunderland . .	140	43
Buckland, . .	161	155	Warwick . .	102	78
Charlemont . .	151	36	Wendell . .	46	61
Colrain . .	240	78	Whately . .	93	115
Conway . .	178	64			
Deerfield . .	304	214	HAMPDEN Co.		
Erving . .	80	74	Holyoke . .	750	935
Gill . .	106	48			
Greenfield . .	369	317	HAMPSHIRE Co.		
Hawley . .	96	11	Amherst . .	501	203
Heath . .	83	19	Belchertown . .	350	129
Leverett . .	116	62	Chesterfield . .	115	42
Leyden . .	65	37	Cummington . .	162	35
Monroe . .	24	12	Easthampton . .	392	212
Montague . .	267	233	Enfield . .	170	61
New Salem . .	150	43	Goshen . .	68	5
Northfield . .	176	177	Granby . .	129	23
Orange . .	368	183	Greenwich . .	98	54
Rowe . .	113	4	Hadley . .	242	67
Shelburne . .	260	48	Hatfield . .	153	66

Congressional District No. 10—Con.

TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.	TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.
H'SHIRE— <i>Con.</i>			WO'STER— <i>Con.</i>		
Huntington . . .	125	90	Athol . . .	559	294
Middlefield . . .	78	23	Clinton . . .	576	482
Northampton . . .	972	695	Dana . . .	106	49
Pelham . . .	68	49	Fitchburg . . .	1,462	944
Plainfield . . .	104	11	Gardner . . .	460	313
Prescott . . .	51	35	Leominster . . .	833	268
South Hadley . . .	315	195	Lunenburg . . .	175	53
Southampton . . .	176	37	Petersham . . .	151	93
Ware . . .	314	241	Phillipston . . .	118	22
Westhampton . . .	77	15	Royalston . . .	220	55
Williamsburg . . .	224	173	Sterling . . .	246	81
Worthington . . .	136	46	Templeton . . .	345	172
			Westminster . . .	286	61
			Winchendon . . .	465	196
WORCESTER Co.					
Ashburnham . . .	250	106	Totals . . .	16,094	8,888

Scattering, 36.

Congressional District No. 11.

BERKSHIRE Co.			B'SHIRE— <i>Con.</i>		
Adams . . .	1,172	668	Sheffield . . .	217	179
Alford . . .	32	57	Stockbridge . . .	249	197
Becket . . .	109	106	Tyringham . . .	64	59
Cheshire . . .	138	211	Washington . . .	56	50
Clarksburg . . .	87	17	W. Stockbridge . . .	167	170
Dalton . . .	139	188	Williamstown . . .	315	222
Egremont . . .	104	121	Windsor . . .	77	64
Florida . . .	70	19			
Gt. Barrington . . .	492	353	HAMPDEN Co.		
Hancock . . .	86	51	Agawam . . .	152	164
Hinsdale . . .	169	139	Blandford . . .	115	97
Lanesborough . . .	125	116	Brimfield . . .	156	93
Lee . . .	407	352	Chester . . .	158	157
Lenox . . .	144	212	Chicopee . . .	675	668
Monterey . . .	77	74	Granville . . .	138	121
Mt. Washington . . .	19	17	Holland . . .	55	28
New Ashford . . .	17	23	Longmeadow . . .	164	103
New Marlboro' . . .	167	196	Ludlow . . .	154	45
Otis . . .	54	100	Monson . . .	346	188
Pern . . .	62	20	Montgomery . . .	40	26
Pittsfield . . .	953	1,236	Palmer . . .	370	302
Richmond . . .	72	92	Russell . . .	58	53
Sandisfield . . .	99	111	Southwick . . .	116	148
Savoy . . .	76	58			

Vote for President in 1876.

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Congressional District No. 11—Con.

TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.	TOWNS.	Hayes.	Tilden.
HAMPDEN— <i>Con.</i>			HAMPDEN— <i>Con.</i>		
Springfield . .	2,949	2,098	W. Springfield .	325	227
Tolland . .	35	48	Wilbraham . .	264	144
Wales . .	117	54			
Westfield . .	826	906	Totals . .	13,228	11,148

Scattering, 48.

Summary by Congressional Districts of Presidential Vote.

DISTRICTS.	Hayes.	Tilden.	DISTRICTS.	Hayes.	Tilden.
District 1 . .	14,445	6,314	District 8 . .	14,636	12,239
2 . .	15,749	9,714	9 . .	14,100	10,155
3 . .	9,383	9,309	10 . .	16,094	8,888
4 . .	8,973	10,614	11 . .	13,228	11,148
5 . .	14,569	11,566			
6 . .	14,827	9,260	Totals . .	150,084	108,788
7 . .	14,080	9,581			

All others, 594.

Summary by Counties of Votes cast for Electors at Large.

COUNTIES.	Talbot.	Salisbury.	Gaston.	Avery.
Suffolk	22,837	22,832	25,101	25,100
Essex	21,686	21,689	14,895	14,890
Middlesex	27,301	27,304	19,561	19,562
Worcester	22,051	22,054	14,319	13,834
Hampshire	5,018	5,020	2,507	2,507
Hampden	7,963	7,963	6,605	6,605
Franklin	4,072	4,072	2,257	2,257
Berkshire	6,015	6,015	5,478	5,478
Norfolk	8,963	8,956	6,685	6,682
Plymouth	8,310	8,310	4,518	4,518
Bristol	11,576	11,578	5,814	5,814
Barnstable	3,493	3,493	785	785
Dukes	399	399	149	149
Nantucket	379	379	103	103
Totals	150,063	150,064	108,777	108,284

All others, 779.

FOR GOVERNOR. (BY DISTRICTS.)

Congressional District No. 1.

TOWNS.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
BARNSTABLE COUNTY.				
Barnstable	317	129	23	-
Brewster	54	4	4	-
Chatham	65	39	19	-
Dennis	183	20	14	-
Eastham	23	9	11	-
Falmouth	196	35	28	-
Harwich	86	27	44	-
Mashpee	14	-	-	-
Orleans	68	15	23	-
Provincetown	278	98	83	-
Sandwich	209	101	73	-
Truro	56	3	14	-
Wellfleet	77	25	18	-
Yarmouth	151	31	28	-
DUKES COUNTY.				
Chilmark	16	32	-	-
Edgartown	95	29	7	-
Gay Head	8	-	-	-
Gosnold	9	1	1	-
Tisbury	73	31	26	-
NANTUCKET COUNTY.				
Nantucket	149	43	19	1
BRISTOL COUNTY.				
Acushnet	60	16	11	-
Dartmouth	130	21	69	-
Fairhaven	217	102	50	-
Fall River	1,303	1,412	542	136
Freetown	81	38	10	-
New Bedford	1,265	1,336	510	2
Somerset	127	42	21	1
Swansey	89	37	13	-
Westport	207	33	67	-
PLYMOUTH COUNTY.				
Carver	38	61	5	16
Duxbury	187	129	4	-
Halifax	56	30	2	-

Congressional District No. 1—Con.

TOWNS.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
PLYMOUTH COUNTY— <i>Con.</i>				
Kingston	142	110	19	—
Lakeville	121	40	6	—
Marion	43	14	2	—
Marshfield	99	75	33	—
Mattapoisett	86	8	27	—
Middleborough	319	222	69	10
Pembroke	58	61	15	—
Plymouth	399	202	58	10
Plympton	53	80	13	—
Rochester	63	11	6	—
Wareham	105	58	27	7
Totals	7,375	4,810	2,014	183

Scattering, for Governor, 4.

Congressional District No. 2.

TOWNS.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
BRISTOL COUNTY.				
Attleborough	337	154	83	—
Berkley	75	15	9	—
Dighton	172	54	22	—
Easton	152	85	14	—
Mansfield	100	44	63	—
Norton	76	28	8	—
Raynham	97	27	20	—
Rehoboth	98	55	20	—
Seekonk	64	40	2	—
Taunton	1,289	776	241	56
NORFOLK COUNTY.				
Braintree	260	326	57	3
Canton	266	285	45	—
Cohasset	93	45	18	—
Foxborough	182	76	48	—
Holbrook	192	85	31	—
Hyde Park	326	164	67	6

Congressional District No. 2—Con.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
NORFOLK COUNTY— <i>Con.</i>				
Milton	244	86	22	—
Norfolk	51	30	14	—
Quincy	473	627	148	3
Randolph	198	450	74	36
Sharon	97	76	17	4
Stoughton	265	282	102	27
Walpole	112	138	37	—
Weymouth	527	333	176	5
Wrentham	116	45	8	—
PLYMOUTH COUNTY.				
Abington	215	160	39	—
Bridgewater	213	204	20	5
Brockton	663	368	162	1
East Bridgewater	160	173	34	—
Hanover	65	46	67	—
Hanson	50	42	34	—
Hingham	383	183	40	2
Hull	16	26	1	—
Rockland	179	157	129	—
Scituate	148	100	26	—
South Abington	150	118	85	4
South Scituate	80	74	55	—
West Bridgewater	82	48	4	—
Totals	8,266	6,025	2,042	152

Scattering, for Governor, 14.

Congressional District No. 3.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
SUFFOLK COUNTY.				
Boston, Ward 13	209	1,088	13	13
Ward 14	766	605	105	12
Ward 15	594	609	73	5
Ward 16	462	692	33	11
Ward 17	902	523	70	20

Congressional District No. 3—Con.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
SUFFOLK COUNTY— <i>Con.</i>				
Boston, Ward 18	1,186	378	54	15
Ward 19	532	798	20	45
Ward 20	857	722	35	14
Ward 21	1,089	406	68	11
Ward 24	1,054	500	110	3
Totals,	7,651	6,321	581	149

Scattering, for Governor, 19.

The total vote of Boston is as follows: Rice, 16,121; Gaston, 16,335; Pitman, 1,272; Phillips, 466; scattering, 19.

Congressional District No. 4.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
SUFFOLK COUNTY.				
Boston, Ward 1	803	576	124	6
Ward 2	418	806	59	10
Ward 6	225	1,189	23	5
Ward 7	209	1,095	12	11
Ward 8	404	815	35	11
Ward 9	748	438	75	61
Ward 10	805	398	39	8
Ward 11	1,144	441	39	12
Ward 12	358	874	22	8
Chelsea	1,215	639	174	3
Revere	101	128	19	—
Winthrop	31	34	12	—
Totals	6,461	7,433	633	135

Scattering, for Governor, 0.

Congressional District No. 5.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
ESSEX COUNTY.				
Lynn	1,488	1,334	567	332
Nahant	30	50	24	—
Saugus	205	163	28	8
Swampscott	86	82	36	—
MIDDLESEX COUNTY.				
Arlington	310	201	19	1
Belmont	107	103	7	2
Burlington	47	40	—	—
Everett	254	137	61	2
Lexington	176	103	4	1
Malden	608	335	142	20
Medford	490	236	47	—
Melrose	257	129	70	4
Somerville	1,107	654	157	11
Stoneham	385	283	138	4
Wakefield	331	204	49	2
Waltham	729	558	57	8
Winchester	224	130	70	1
Woburn	539	691	97	7
SUFFOLK COUNTY.				
Boston, Ward 3	661	666	52	62
Ward 4	595	502	46	32
Ward 5	552	688	44	46
Totals	9,181	7,289	1,715	543

Scattering, for Governor, 4.

Congressional District No. 6.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
ESSEX COUNTY.				
Amesbury	135	94	76	—
Beverly	469	213	114	—
Boxford	51	30	4	—
Bradford	110	120	13	8

Congressional District No. 6—Con.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
<i>ESSEX COUNTY—Con.</i>				
Danvers	241	188	75	64
Essex	89	68	27	6
Georgetown	193	148	52	32
Gloucester	721	678	243	8
Groveland	125	133	50	12
Hamilton	50	48	1	—
Haverhill	814	645	273	52
Ipswich	243	205	67	2
Lynnfield	34	20	20	—
Manchester	87	58	40	1
Marblehead	409	621	69	213
Merrimae	168	89	72	—
Middleton	56	30	9	21
Newbury	76	32	49	—
Newburyport	670	607	400	1
North Andover	169	144	7	8
Peabody	297	251	112	16
Rockport	245	199	127	3
Rowley	100	80	41	—
Salem	1,525	1,269	177	7
Salisbury	164	129	130	1
Topsfield	76	40	5	11
Wenham	54	47	14	1
West Newbury	97	69	54	—
Totals	7,468	6,255	2,321	467

Scattering, for Governor, 00.

Congressional District No. 7.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
<i>ESSEX COUNTY.</i>				
Andover	396	157	7	20
Lawrence	1,615	1,685	284	10
Methuen	303	206	46	—

Congressional District No. 7 — Con.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston	Pitman.	Phillips.
MIDDLESEX COUNTY.				
Acton	102	115	52	15
Ashby	80	40	14	—
Ayer	91	129	33	2
Bedford	62	44	13	—
Billerica	131	40	21	3
Boxborough	13	30	11	1
Carlisle	53	27	3	—
Chelmsford	175	103	13	3
Concord	172	79	18	2
Dracut	68	53	14	—
Dunstable	38	62	1	—
Groton	136	42	19	—
Hudson	155	145	75	96
Lincoln	73	19	9	—
Littleton	84	39	30	—
Lowell	2,408	2,650	727	8
Marlborough	361	275	168	230
Maynard	105	73	21	—
North Reading	75	40	3	—
Pepperell	166	109	12	—
Reading	253	101	82	1
Shirley	96	44	2	—
Stow	69	33	18	—
Sudbury	92	52	5	—
Tewksbury	92	30	19	—
Townsend	159	104	40	—
Tyngsborough	55	39	—	—
Westford	156	159	20	1
Wilmington	40	28	23	1
WORCESTER COUNTY.				
Berlin	72	19	18	12
Bolton	75	45	19	1
Harvard	91	90	8	—
Lancaster	137	59	14	1
Totals	8,249	6,965	1,862	407

Scattering, for Governor, 8.

Congressional District No. 8.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
MIDDLESEX COUNTY.				
Ashland	133	77	37	1
Cambridge	2,495	2,258	336	136
Framingham	378	361	115	—
Holliston	188	255	107	—
Hopkinton	198	324	42	1
Natick	366	503	146	82
Newton	1,283	426	64	29
Sherborn	68	33	26	—
Watertown	330	323	64	2
Wayland	182	108	37	25
Weston	121	33	6	—
NORFOLK COUNTY.				
Brookline	537	221	14	—
Dedham	374	330	43	67
Dover	52	26	8	—
Franklin	134	89	82	—
Medfield	92	41	14	—
Medway	208	105	55	—
Needham	259	114	54	4
Norwood	117	88	43	6
SUFFOLK COUNTY.				
Boston, Ward 22	374	524	20	12
Ward 23	870	590	45	9
Ward 25	304	412	56	24
WORCESTER COUNTY.				
Milford	539	520	95	58
Southborough	65	30	42	—
Totals	9,667	7,791	1,551	456

Scattering, for Governor, 12.

Congressional District No. 9.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
WORCESTER COUNTY.				
Auburn	47	26	12	—
Barre	207	146	3	—

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Congressional District No. 9 — Con.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
WORCESTER — <i>Con.</i>				
Blackstone	139	240	1	6
Boylston	72	11	—	—
Brookfield	230	168	12	—
Charlton	134	63	11	—
Douglas	43	155	104	1
Dudley	100	144	—	1
Grafton	235	121	32	—
Hardwick	93	67	—	—
Holden	115	51	19	—
Hubbardston	133	77	9	—
Leicester	202	95	5	—
Mendon	95	60	12	—
Millbury	273	204	15	1
New Braintree	52	26	—	—
Northborough	111	60	29	19
Northbridge	217	166	7	8
North Brookfield	291	178	57	19
Oakham	77	19	—	—
Oxford	125	131	66	—
Paxton	64	28	4	—
Princeton	84	36	12	—
Rutland	62	35	—	—
Shrewsbury	150	68	28	1
Southbridge	297	348	49	1
Spencer	325	178	23	6
Sturbridge	112	124	44	—
Sutton	142	191	28	—
Upton	181	96	32	—
Uxbridge	200	147	11	—
Warren	191	147	42	—
Webster	230	233	77	—
Westborough	341	179	84	2
West Boylston	107	37	64	7
West Brookfield	135	139	43	—
Worcester	3,618	3,172	374	12
NORFOLK COUNTY.				
Bellingham	51	28	10	—
Totals	9,281	7,394	1,319	84

Scattering, for Governor, 31.

Congressional District No. 10.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
FRANKLIN COUNTY.				
Ashfield	144	31	4	-
Bernardston	78	44	10	-
Buckland	82	94	22	7
Charlemont	117	19	10	-
Colrain	193	83	9	-
Conway	158	54	6	-
Deerfield	184	132	42	-
Erving	29	47	15	-
Gill	56	31	-	-
Greenfield	265	202	22	2
Hawley	57	7	2	-
Heath	59	20	-	-
Leverett	82	52	6	-
Leyden	31	35	14	-
Monroe	17	9	-	-
Montague	136	115	-	2
New Salem	75	19	2	-
Northfield	119	137	2	1
Orange	214	153	43	2
Rowe	59	10	9	-
Shelburne	167	39	34	1
Shutesbury	60	35	-	-
Sunderland	110	30	3	-
Warwick	69	54	3	-
Wendell	18	44	4	-
Whately	60	86	1	-
HAMPDEN COUNTY.				
Holyoke	583	518	69	203
HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.				
Amherst	283	104	34	2
Belchertown	217	87	11	-
Chesterfield	54	22	11	-
Cummington	75	13	14	-
Easthampton	256	101	8	41
Enfield	97	43	4	-
Goshen	42	3	-	-
Granby	84	7	9	-
Greenwich	54	38	5	-
Hadley	184	20	-	7
Hatfield	127	29	8	7
Huntington	76	59	1	-
Middlefield	52	11	6	-
Northampton	487	198	63	214
Pelham	41	17	7	-
Plainfield	53	13	5	-

Congressional District No. 10 — Con.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
HAMPSHIRE — Con.				
Prescott	23	16	6	—
South Hadley	205	131	22	1
Southampton	77	23	26	1
Ware	218	167	50	7
Westhampton	51	6	1	—
Williamsburg	80	59	61	57
Worthington	84	29	2	—
WORCESTER COUNTY.				
Ashburnham	108	77	54	20
Athol	259	178	93	1
Clinton	360	336	56	69
Dana	39	31	28	—
Fitchburg	523	855	336	2
Gardner	219	160	74	28
Leominster	455	168	103	—
Lunenburg	53	35	30	1
Petersham	103	72	5	—
Phillipston	86	14	1	—
Royalston	133	26	4	—
Sterling	119	61	22	—
Templeton	181	57	11	—
Westminster	156	68	37	—
Winchendon	244	90	29	—
Totals	9,160	5,524	1,569	676

Scattering, for Governor, 5.

Congressional District No. 11.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
BERKSHIRE COUNTY.				
Adams	645	380	22	31
Alford	21	54	1	—
Becket	71	64	1	—
Cheshire	96	125	5	—

Congressional District No. 11—Con.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
BERKSHIRE — <i>Con.</i>				
Clarksburg	41	8	—	—
Dalton	101	143	6	—
Egremont	86	107	10	1
Florida	30	12	—	—
Great Barrington	277	292	29	—
Hancock	84	40	—	—
Hinsdale	148	101	3	3
Lanesborough	96	88	6	—
Lee	288	227	29	4
Lenox	86	167	—	—
Monterey	40	60	13	—
Mount Washington	16	14	—	—
New Ashford	17	16	1	—
New Marlborough	92	170	1	—
Otis	48	78	—	—
Peru	52	11	1	—
Pittsfield	707	805	75	4
Richmond	40	39	—	—
Sandisfield	57	92	—	3
Savoy	58	34	—	—
Sheffield	167	147	1	—
Stockbridge	174	172	—	—
Tyringham	48	57	1	—
Washington	31	31	1	—
West Stockbridge	106	109	—	—
Williamstown	194	135	24	—
Windsor	60	47	—	—
HAMPDEN COUNTY.				
Agawam	79	92	4	—
Blandford	74	84	10	—
Brimfield	100	47	3	—
Chester	85	90	7	—
Chicopee	383	365	63	88
Granville	89	62	2	—
Holland	34	13	—	—
Longmeadow	86	38	8	—
Ludlow	84	26	17	—
Monson	134	141	79	1
Montgomery	34	22	—	—
Palmer	258	182	53	1
Russell	32	38	4	—
Southwick	93	123	1	1

Congressional District No. 11—Con.

T O W N S.	GOVERNOR.			
	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
HAMPDEN—Con.				
Springfield	1,992	1,481	161	145
Tolland	23	30	—	—
Wales	56	34	12	10
Westfield	475	469	66	5
West Springfield	243	128	8	2
Wilbraham	145	88	19	1
Totals	8,496	7,378	747	300

Scattering, for Governor, 2.

Summary of Vote for Governor by Congressional Districts.

DISTRICTS.	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.
District No. 1	7,375	4,810	2,014	183
2	8,266	6,025	2,042	152
3	7,651	6,321	581	149
4	6,461	7,433	633	135
5	9,181	7,289	1,715	543
6	7,468	6,255	2,321	467
7	8,249	6,965	1,862	407
8	9,667	7,791	1,551	456
9	9,281	7,394	1,319	84
10	9,160	5,524	1,569	676
11	8,496	7,378	747	300
Totals	91,255	73,185	16,354	3,552

Scattering, 108.

Summary by Counties of Votes Cast for Governor.

COUNTIES.	Rice.	Gaston.	Pitman.	Phillips.	All others.
Barnstable	1,777	536	382	—	—
Berkshire	✓ 3,977	3,825	230	46	1
Bristol	5,939	4,315	1,775	195	8
Dukes	201	93	34	—	—
Essex	11,591	9,932	3,313	837	9
Franklin	✓ 2,639	1,582	263	15	2
Hampden	✓ 5,082	4,071	586	457	1
Hampshire	✓ 2,920	1,196	354	337	2
Middlesex	16,866	13,209	3,364	702	18
Nantucket	149	43	19	1	—
Norfolk	5,226	4,090	1,187	161	9
Plymouth	4,173	2,800	982	55	6
Suffolk	17,468	17,136	1,477	469	19
Worcester	13,247	10,357	2,388	277	33
Totals	91,255	73,185	16,354	3,552	108

For Lieutenant-Governor.

Horatio G. Knight of Easthampton	95,337
William R. Plunkett of Pittsfield	72,821
Elijah R. Morse of Canton	13,082
Dyer D. Lum of Northampton	2,661
All others	526

For Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Henry B. Peirce of Abington	96,340
Weston Howland of Fairhaven	72,462
David B. Gurney of South Abington	12,246
Nathan Clark, Jr., of Lynn	1,384
All others	2,096

For Treasurer and Receiver-General.

Charles Endicott of Canton	97,532
David N. Skillings of Winchester	83,456
Wilbur F. Whitney of Ashburnham	1,689
John C. McCready of Cambridge	858
Dyer D. Lum of Northampton	345
All others	260

For Auditor of the Commonwealth.

Julius L. Clarke of Newton	96,292
John E. Fitzgerald of Boston	72,083
Jonathan H. Orne of Marblehead	12,322
H. M. Bearse of Boston	1,307
Nathaniel E. Chase of Boston	1,455
Orin T. Gray of Hyde Park	316
All others	201

For Attorney-General.

Charles R. Train of Boston	95,428
Charles P. Thompson of Gloucester	72,961
Orin T. Gray of Hyde Park	12,462
Israel W. Andrews of Danvers	3,034
All others	235

For Executive Councillors.**DISTRICT No. 1.**

Joseph K. Baker of Dennis	11,026
Sylvanus B. Phinney of Barnstable	6,552
Charles Almy of New Bedford	2,042

DISTRICT No. 2.

Harrison Tweed of Taunton	13,071
William Aspinwall of Brookline	9,155
Ezra S. Conant of Randolph	1,429
All others	27

DISTRICT No. 3.

Francis Childs of Boston	12,739
Charles J. McIntire of Cambridge	9,661
James Townsend of Boston	1,013
All others	14

DISTRICT No. 4.

William W. Tucker of Boston	11,057
Hugh J. Toland of Boston	10,529
Henry D. Cushing of Boston	637
James McArdle of Boston	60
John Lamb of Boston	25
All others	9

DISTRICT No. 5.

Harmon Hall of Saugus	9,048
James H. Carleton of Haverhill	8,052
William F. Johnson of Lynn	2,620
Joseph Ridgway of Haverhill	591
All others	20

DISTRICT No. 6.

Joseph A. Harwood of Littleton	12,478
James L. Harriman of Hudson	9,952
Joshua Merrill of Lowell	1,854
All others	4

DISTRICT No. 7.

William Upham of Spencer	15,601
William Keith of Greenfield	10,033
All others	1

DISTRICT No. 8.

Tilly Haynes of Springfield	11,166
William M. Gaylord of Northampton	11,072
C. A. Merrill of Holyoke	605
All others	7

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.

The following article of amendment to the Constitution was adopted by a vote of 23,839 yeas to 6,505 nays:—

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT. — So much of article two of chapter six of the Constitution of this Commonwealth as relates to persons holding the office of president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College, is hereby annulled; and such persons shall be eligible to seats in the Senate and House of Representatives.

RULES AND ORDERS

OF

THE SENATE.

RULES AND ORDERS OF THE SENATE.

Of the Duties and Powers of the President.

RULE 1. To call the members to order, and cause the journal of the preceding day to be read.

RULE 2. To preserve order and decorum—To speak to points of order in preference to other members—To decide all questions of order, subject to appeal—To rise in putting a question, etc., but may read sitting.

RULE 3. To declare all votes; if doubted, a return to be ordered.

RULE 4. The President may vote on all questions.

RULE 5. President to order the Yeas and Nays if one-fifth of the members present require them.

RULE 6. Concerning motions when a question is under debate, and the precedence thereof.

RULE 7. Motions undebatable.

RULE 8. President to name who may speak, when two or more members rise at once.

RULE 9. President may name member to take his place—Limitation thereof.

RULE 10. In absence of President, the senior member present to call the senate to order—The election of a President *pro tem.* to be the first business.

Of the Rights, Duties, and Decorum of Members.

RULE 11. Members, when speaking, to address the President.

RULE 12. Limitation as to speaking.

RULE 13. Members not to interrupt another, except, etc.

RULE 14. Members not to speak to a question after it is put to vote.

RULE 15. Concerning the presentation of petitions, etc.

RULE 16. All motions to be reduced to writing, if the President so direct.

RULE 17. Concerning the reconsideration of votes.

RULE 18. Bills, etc., to remain in Clerk's possession until the right of reconsideration has expired.

RULE 19. Division of a question to be made if desired—Motion to strike out and insert.

RULE 20. Unfinished business to have the preference.

RULE 21. Members not to vote on questions where their private rights are concerned, distinct from the public interest.

RULE 22. Members not to absent themselves without leave, unless, etc.

RULE 23. Concerning the Yeas and Nays.

Of Committees.

RULE 24. Requiring statements to be made to Committees relative to proposed alterations of laws.

RULE 25. List of Standing Committees.

RULE 26. Committees to be appointed by the President, unless, etc.—First named to be Chairman—Substitute to hold same rank as the original member—In elections, the person having the highest number of votes to be Chairman.

RULE 27. Order of question when motion is made to commit.

RULE 28. Reports of Committees not proposing final action, and of Committees of Conference, to be made the order of the day for the succeeding day.

RULE 29. No Committee to occupy the Senate Chamber without leave.

Of Bills and Resolves.

RULE 30. Concerning reports on petitions, notice of the presentation of which has not been published.

RULE 31. Restrictions on the introduction of.

RULE 32. Bills and resolves, how to be written—not to be introduced by a member without leave—When introduced, on leave, to be committed before second reading.

RULE 33. Bills, etc., from the House, to be committed, unless reported by a joint committee.

RULE 34. Bills, etc., not to be engrossed without three readings—Bills in the second and third readings to be made the order of the day for the succeeding day—Matters passed over, how disposed of.

RULE 35. Bills and resolves involving expenditure of money to be referred to the Committee on the Treasury.

RULE 36. Bills, etc., in their third reading, to be committed for examination.

RULE 37. Engrossed bills, etc., to be committed for examination—Bills reported as rightly and truly engrossed not to be again read, unless, etc.

RULE 38. No engrossed bill to be amended.

RULE 39. No rejected measure to be revived — This rule to apply to House as well as Senate measures.

Elections by Ballot.

RULE 40. Elections by ballot — time to be assigned therefor.

Senate Library.

RULE 41. Books to be in care of the Clerk — Clerk to keep account of all books delivered.

Reporters.

RULE 42. Reporters — seats for, to be numbered and assigned by lot.

General Rules.

RULE 43. Seats not to be occupied by persons other than members.

RULE 44. Regulations respecting admission of persons to Senate Chamber and rooms adjoining.

RULE 45. Cushing's Manual and Cushing's Law and Practice to govern when not inconsistent with Rules and Orders.

RULE 46. Concerning the alteration, rescinding, etc., of rules.

RULES AND ORDERS.

[The dates under each Rule indicate the years of their adoption, and amendments thereto.

The date 1817 denotes the time that the several rules, against which it is placed, were first preserved, as, previous to that year, they are not to be found, although, from the Senate journal, it appears that they were printed.

Rule 32 was adopted in 1825. If any others were adopted between 1821 and '26, no record can be found.

Numbers enclosed in brackets following *Rule* number indicate corresponding Rules of the House.]

Of the Duties and Powers of the President.

RULE 1. [1.] The President shall take the chair every day at the hour to which the Senate shall have adjourned,

shall call the members to order, and on the appearance of a quorum shall proceed to business.

[1831.]

RULE 2. [2, 5.] He shall preserve order and decorum, may speak to points of order in preference to other members, and shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the Senate, but may read sitting.

[1817; between 1821 and '26; 1831.]

RULE 3. [3, 64.] He shall declare all votes; but if any member rises to doubt a vote, the President shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative without further debate.

[1831.]

RULE 4. [4.] The President may vote on all questions.

[1826.]

RULE 5. [66.] When any member shall move that any question be taken by yeas and nays, the President shall take the sense of the Senate in that manner, provided one-fifth of the members present shall so direct.

[1817; 1852.]

RULE 6. [78.] When a question is under debate, the President shall receive no motion but to *adjourn*, to *proceed to the consideration of the special assignment*, to *lay on the table*, to *postpone to a day certain*, to *commit*, to *amend*, to *refer to the next General Court*, or to *postpone indefinitely*, which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged.

[Between 1821 and '26; 1831; 1844; 1870.]

RULE 7. [67, 77.] The motions to adjourn, to lay on table, to take from the table, and for the yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate.

[1817; 1859; 1870; 1874.]

RULE 8. [72.] When two or more members rise at once, the President shall designate which of these shall be entitled to the floor.

[1831.]

RULE 9. [7.] The President shall have the right to appoint a member to perform the duties of the chair, but such appointment shall not extend beyond three days.

[1831; 1862; 1865.]

RULE 10. [8.] In case of a vacancy in the office of President, or in case the President, or the member substituted by him in accordance with Rule No. 9, shall be absent at the hour designated in Rule No. 1, the senior member present shall call the senate to order, and shall preside until a President or a President *pro tempore* shall be elected by ballot, which shall be the first business of the Senate.

[1831.]

Of the Rights, Duties, and Decorum of Members.

RULE 11. [71.] Every member, when he speaks, shall stand in his place, and address the President.

[1817; 1831; 1871.]

RULE 12. [74.] No member shall speak more than once on one question, to the prevention of any other who has not spoken and is desirous to speak, nor more than twice without obtaining leave of the Senate.

[1817.]

RULE 13. [73.] No member speaking shall be interrupted by another but by rising to call to order.

[1817; 1831.]

RULE 14. After a question is put to vote, no member shall speak to it.

[1817.]

RULE 15. [35.] Every member presenting a Petition, Memorial, or Remonstrance shall indorse his name thereon, and, in the filing thereof, state briefly the nature and object of the instrument; and the reading of the same shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered by the Senate.

[1831.]

RULE 16. [75.] Any motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President so direct.

[1817; 1844; 1871.]

RULE 17. [68, 69.] When a vote has passed, except on motions specified in Rule 7, it shall be in order for any member to move a reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day; and such motion, if made on the same day, shall be placed first in the Orders of the Day, for the day succeeding that on which it is made; but if first moved on such succeeding day it shall be forthwith considered; and when a motion for reconsideration is decided, that vote shall not be reconsidered: *provided, however*, that a motion to reconsider a vote, upon any collateral matter, shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the Senate, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.

[1817; between 1821 and '26; 1858.]

RULE 18. [15.] Bills, resolves, and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry and orders of notice), shall remain in the possession of the Clerk until the right of reconsideration has expired; provided that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session.

[1855; 1856; 1875.]

RULE 19. [89.] A question containing two or more propositions, capable of division, shall be divided whenever desired by any member. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible. But a motion to strike out, being lost, shall neither preclude amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

[1817; 1841.]

RULE 20. [58.] The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the time of the last adjournment shall have the preference in the Orders of the Day, next after motions to reconsider.

[1830; 1870.]

RULE 21. [61.] No member shall be permitted to vote or serve on any committee on a question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

[1855.]

RULE 22. No member shall absent himself from the Senate without leave, unless there be a quorum without his presence.

[1817.]

RULE 23. [62, 66.] Whenever a question shall be taken by yeas and nays, the Clerk shall call the names of all the

members, except the President, in alphabetical order, and every member present shall answer to his name, unless excused before the vote is taken; and no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair.

[1837; 1844.]

Of Committees.

RULE 24. [38.] It shall be the duty of every member of the Senate, who moves that any Standing Committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending an existing law, to point out to such Committee, in writing, the amendment which he deems expedient, and to furnish a written statement of the facts and authorities in favor thereof to such Committee, if by them required.

[1858.]

RULE 25. [21.] The following Standing Committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the first session, to wit:—

A Committee on the Judiciary;

A Committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

And each of these Committees shall consist of five members.

A Committee on Matters of Probate and Chancery;

A Committee on the Treasury;

A Committee on Engrossed Bills;

A Committee on Leave of Absence;

And each of these Committees shall consist of three members.

[1831; 1836; 1840; 1844; 1847; 1863; 1864; 1870;
1876.]

RULE 26. [22, 23.] All Committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise specially directed by the Senate, and the person first named shall be Chairman. In

all elections of Committees by ballot, the person having the highest number of votes shall act as Chairman.

[1817; between 1821 and '26; 1831.]

RULE 27. [86.] When a motion is made to commit any subject, and different Committees shall be proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order: A Standing Committee of the Senate—a Select Committee of the Senate—a Joint Standing Committee—a Joint Select Committee.

[1844.]

RULE 28. [55.] Reports of Committees, except such as do not propose final action, and Reports of Committees of Conference, shall, unless otherwise specially ordered, be placed in the Orders of the Day next succeeding that on which they shall be presented to the Senate.

[1845; 1853.]

RULE 29. [98.] No Committee shall be allowed to occupy the Senate Chamber without leave of the Senate.

[1836; 1863.]

RULE 30. [30.] No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or private or municipal corporations, or the Commonwealth, shall be reported to the Senate by any Committee, unless it shall be made to appear, to the satisfaction of the Committee, that notice had been given in the manner provided by law; or unless such notice as the Committee shall direct shall have been given, and proper proof of the same placed before the Committee; or unless, in the judgment of the Committee, no notice to the parties or the public is necessary.

[1870.]

RULE 31. [46.] No bill affecting directly the legal rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the whole people of the Commonwealth, or the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a Committee, upon petition duly presented and referred.

[1875.]

Of Bills and Resolves.

RULE 32. [40, 45.] All bills and resolves shall be written in a fair, round hand, without interlineations, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections or resolves. No bill or resolve shall be introduced by a member without special leave; and all bills and resolves, when so introduced, shall be committed before they are passed to a second reading.

[1844; 1857.]

RULE 33. [43.] All bills and resolves from the House of Representatives, after they are read a first time, shall be committed to a Committee of the Senate, except when said bills or resolves shall have been reported by a joint committee.

[1825.]

RULE 34. [49, 56, 57.] No bill or resolve, or substitute therefor, shall pass to be engrossed without three readings on three several days; bills and resolves in the first reading shall be read by their titles, unless otherwise ordered, and bills and resolves in the second and third readings shall be made the order of the day for the day next succeeding that on which leave shall have been given to read them a second

or third time, and the President shall order them accordingly. After being placed in the Orders of the Day, matters not giving rise to any motion or debate shall be first disposed of in their order; then the remaining matters shall be considered in like order, and disposed of; and such as are by vote then passed over shall go to the foot of the list, and shall not be considered till the next day.

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878.]

RULE 35. [42.] All bills and resolves involving the expenditure of public money shall, after the first reading, be referred in course to the Committee on the Treasury, whose duty it shall be to report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth.

[1871.]

RULE 36. [27.] All bills and resolves in the third reading shall be committed to the Committee on Bills in the Third Reading, whose duty it shall be to ascertain their relations to the Constitution, and any existing laws upon the same subject-matter, and to see that all such bills and resolves are correct in form.

[1817; 1836.]

RULE 37. [28, 50, 52.] All engrossed bills and resolves shall be committed to the Standing Committee on Engrossed Bills, whose duty it shall be carefully to compare the same with the bill as passed to be engrossed, and if found by them to be rightly and truly engrossed, they shall so indorse on the envelope thereof, and the final question shall be taken thereon without any further reading, unless, on motion of any member, a majority of the Senate shall be in favor of reading the same as engrossed.

[1817; 1831.]

RULE 38. [51.] No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended.

[1837.]

RULE 39. [47.] When any measure shall be finally rejected, it shall not be revived except by reconsideration, and no measure *substantially* the same shall be introduced during the session.

[1817 — dispensed with in 1831, and revived in 1838—
amended in 1841; 1844; 1877.]

Elections by Ballot.

RULE 40. [94.] In all elections by ballot, a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto.

[1831.]

Senate Library.

RULE 41. The books belonging to the Senate Chamber shall be in the care of the Clerk, who shall keep an accurate list thereof; and no book shall be taken from the Senate Chamber by any person without giving notice thereof to the Clerk, who shall enter, in a book to be kept by him, the name of the book, and the name of the person taking the same.

[1837.]

Reporters.

RULE 42. Seats for reporters shall be numbered, and assigned by lot, under the direction of the Clerk of the Senate.

[1847.]

General Rules.

RULE 43. [97.] No person not a member of the Senate shall be allowed to sit at the Senate table while the Senate is in session.

[1853.]

RULE 44. No person other than members of the legislative and executive departments of the State Government, and past members of the Senate, shall be allowed to be present in the Clerk's room, or the room intervening between that and the Senate Chamber, while the Senate is in session, or during the half hour immediately preceding and following any session.

[1870; 1875.]

RULE 45. The Rules of Parliamentary Practice comprised in Cushing's Manual, and the principles of parliamentary law set forth in Cushing's larger work, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the Standing Rules and Orders of the Senate, or the Joint Rules of the two branches of the legislature.

[1847; 1858.]

RULE 46. [100.] Any Rule or Order, except the *thirty-sixth*, may be altered, suspended or rescinded, two-thirds of the members present consenting thereto.

[1817; 1841; 1848.]

RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[This schedule of Rules and Orders was adopted Jan. 27, 1874. Subsequent amendments are noted under each rule which has been amended.]

THE SPEAKER.

1. The Speaker shall take the chair at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, call the members to order, and on the appearance of a quorum proceed to business.

2. He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak to points of order in preference to other members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House.

[With regard to appeals, see Rules 81 and 92.]

3. He shall declare all votes, subject to verification as hereinafter provided.

[See Rules 63 to 67.]

4. In all cases he may vote.

5. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the House, but may read sitting.

6. He shall each day examine the journal of the House.

7. He may name a member to perform the duties of the chair for a period not exceeding two days at one time.

8. In case of a vacancy in the office of Speaker, or in case the Speaker or the member named by him in accordance with the preceding rule, is absent at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, the senior monitor present shall call the House to order, and shall preside until a Speaker *pro tempore* or a Speaker is elected by ballot, which shall be the first business in order.

MONITORS.

9. Two monitors shall be appointed by the Speaker for each division of the House, whose duty it shall be to see to the due observance of the Rules and Orders, and on request of the Speaker to return the number of votes and members in their respective divisions.

10. If a member transgress any of the Rules and Orders after being notified thereof by a monitor, it shall be the duty of such monitor to report the case to the House.

[For duty of monitor in case of the absence of the Speaker, see Rule 8.] [See Rule 20.]

CLERK.

11. The Clerk shall keep the journal of the House. He shall enter therein a record of each day's proceedings, and submit it to the Speaker before the hour fixed for the next sitting.

12. Every question of order shall be noted in the journal, and with the decision shall be entered at large in an

appendix, which shall also contain the Rules and Orders of the House, and of the two branches.

13. The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration; followed by a brief minute of the preliminary proceedings of the previous day; a list of matters lying on the table; and such other memoranda as the House or the Speaker may direct.

14. Any objection to the calendar shall be made and disposed of before the House votes to proceed to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.

15. The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry and orders of notice), until the right of reconsideration has expired: *provided*, that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session.

MEMBERS.

16. No member shall stand up, to the inconvenience of others, while a member is speaking; or pass unnecessarily between the Speaker of the House and the member speaking; or stand in the passages, or in the area in front of the chair.

17. No member shall be absent more than two days without leave of the House.

18. No member shall absent himself from the House without leave, unless there be a quorum without his presence.

19. Papers in possession of a member obtaining leave of absence, or at the end of the session, shall be left by him with the Clerk.

20. If a member is guilty of a breach of any of the Rules and Orders, he may be required by the House, on motion, to make satisfaction therefor, and, until he has done so, he shall not be allowed to vote or speak, except by way of excuse.

[See Rule 10.]

COMMITTEES.

21. At the beginning of the political year, eleven Standing Committees, to consist of seven members each, shall be appointed, as follows:—

- A Committee on the Judiciary;
- A Committee on Matters of Probate and Chancery;
- A Committee on Finance;
- A Committee on Elections;
- A Committee on Bills in the Third Reading;
- A Committee on Engrossed Bills;
- A Committee on County Estimates;
- A Committee on the Pay Roll;
- A Committee on Leave of Absence;
- A Committee on Public Buildings;
- A Committee on Rules and Orders.

22. Unless other provision is made in any case, all committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, and the member first named shall be chairman.

23. In case of the election of a committee by ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall be chairman.

24. No member shall be required to be on more than two committees at the same time, nor chairman of more than one.

25. No member shall serve on any committee in any

question where his private right is immediately concerned distinct from the public interest.

26. The Committee on Finance shall report in appropriation bills, only such items of expenditure as are authorized by law, or such as the committee has been directed by the House to insert.

27. The Committee on Bills in the Third Reading shall examine and correct the bills which are referred to it, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes: *provided*, that any change in the sense or legal effect shall be reported as an amendment.

28. The Committee on Engrossed Bills shall carefully examine and compare engrossed bills, and report them rightly and truly engrossed, when found to be so, without delay.

29. When the object of an application, whether by petition, order, or bill introduced on leave, can be secured without a special act under existing general laws, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report leave to withdraw, inexpedient to legislate, or ought not to pass, as the case may be.

30. No bill affecting the rights of individuals or private or municipal corporations shall be reported by a committee, unless notice has been given to all parties interested, by public advertisement or otherwise, without expense to the Commonwealth; or unless satisfactory evidence is produced that the parties interested have either received notice in writing, or have in writing waived notice.

31. On or before the twenty-second day of March, committees shall make final report upon matters referred to them prior to that day, unless further time is granted, for cause.

Committee of the Whole.

32. When the House determines to go into a committee of the whole, the chairman shall be appointed by the Speaker.

33. The rules of the House shall be observed in a committee of the whole, so far as they may be applicable, except the rules limiting debate. A motion to rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again, shall be always first in order, and be decided without debate.

REGULAR COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions, &c., and Reports of Committees.

34. Petitions, memorials, remonstrances, and papers of a like nature, and reports of committees, shall be presented before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day, and the Speaker shall call on the several divisions for such papers.

35. The member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, with a brief statement of the nature and object of the paper, and the reading thereof shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered.

Papers from the Senate.

36. Papers from the Senate shall be laid before the House by the Speaker, and received for action conformably to such of these Rules and Orders as are applicable thereto, before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.

Papers addressed to the House, not Petitions.

37. Papers addressed to the House, or the General Court, other than petitions, memorials, and remonstrances, or those received from the Senate, may be presented by the Speaker, or by a member in his place, and shall be read unless it is specially ordered that the reading be dispensed with.

Orders of Inquiry.

38. All motions contemplating legislation, when not founded upon petition, or upon bill proposed to be introduced on leave, shall be made in the form of an order of inquiry, which shall indicate the nature of the legislation proposed; and if reference is made to any particular law, for amendment or otherwise, the order shall specify the chapter and section, as well as the subject to which it relates.

Postponement to the Next Day on Request of a Member.

39. The consideration of any order proposed for adoption, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill, shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member asks such postponement.

Bills and Resolves. [See Rule 93.]

40. Bills shall be fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections; dates and numbers being written in words at length.

41. If opposition is made to a bill before it is ordered to a second reading, the question shall be, "*Shall this bill be rejected?*" If no opposition is made, or if the question to

reject is negatived, the bill shall go to its second reading without a question.

42. Bills involving an expenditure of public money shall, after their first reading, be referred to the Committee on Finance, for report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth.

43. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, shall be referred to a committee of the House, unless they were reported to the Senate by a joint committee.

44. Amendments proposed by the Senate, and sent back to the House for concurrence, shall be referred to the committee which reported the measure proposed to be amended, unless such committee is composed of members of both branches.

45. No bill shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the Senate, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee: *provided*, that the House may grant special leave to a member to introduce a bill; but when leave is asked for the introduction of a bill, it shall be read for information before the question is put on granting leave; and if leave is granted, it shall be committed, before it is ordered to a second reading.

46. No bill affecting directly the legal rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the whole people of the Commonwealth or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred.

47. When a bill, order, petition, memorial, or remonstrance has been finally rejected, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the same session. [Amended April 26, 1877.]

48. Bills in their third reading shall be referred to the Committee on Bills in the Third Reading for examination, correction, and report.

[See Rule 27.]

49. No bill shall pass to be engrossed without having been read on three several days.

50. Engrossed bills shall be referred to the Committee on Engrossed Bills for examination, comparison, and report.

[See Rule 28.]

51. No engrossed bill shall be amended.

52. Engrossed bills, reported by the Committee on Engrossed Bills to be rightly and truly engrossed, shall be put upon their passage to be enacted; and engrossed resolves, when so reported, shall be put upon their passage without further reading, unless specially ordered.

53. No engrossed bill shall be sent to the Senate without notice thereof being given by the Speaker.

Orders of the Day.

54. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, when not referred to a committee of the House, and bills report-

ed to the House by committees, to which no objection is made or when the question of rejection is negatived, shall be placed in the orders for second reading on the next day.

55. Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which they are received from the Senate, or made to the House, as the case may be.

56. Bills ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the orders of the next day for such reading.

57. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the House shall proceed with them in regular course, as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; after which the matters that were passed over shall be considered in like order, and disposed of.

58. When the House does not finish the consideration of the Orders of the Day, those which have not been acted upon shall be the orders for the next and each succeeding day until disposed of, and shall be entered in the calendar, without change in their order, to precede matters added under Rules fifty-four, fifty-five, and fifty-six. The unfinished business in which the House was engaged at the time of adjournment shall have the preference in the orders of the next day, after motions to reconsider.

Special Rules affecting the Course of Proceedings.

[For postponement of Order, etc., to the next day, on request of a member, see Rule 39.]

59. No matter which has been duly placed in the

Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom, or considered out of the regular course.

60. If, under the operation of the previous question, or otherwise, an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill, substantially changing the greater part of such bill, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill to a third reading or to be engrossed (as the case may be); but the bill, as amended, shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when, under the operation of the previous question or otherwise, an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made.

VOTING.

61. No member shall vote in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

62. Every member not prevented by interest, who is present in the House when a question is put, shall give his vote, unless the House, for special reasons excuse him. Members desiring to be so excused shall make application to that effect before the division of the House or the taking of the yeas and nays is begun. Such application may be accompanied by a brief statement of reasons by the member making it, but shall be decided without debate. [Amended Jan. 8, 1877. See House Journal, 1877, p. 24.]

63. When a question is put, the sense of the House

shall be taken by the voices of the members, and the Speaker shall first announce the vote as it appears to him by the sound.

64. If the Speaker is unable to decide by the sound of the voices, or if his announcement made thereupon is doubted by a member rising in his place for that purpose, the Speaker shall order a return by divisions of the number voting in the affirmative and in the negative, without further debate upon the question.

[For duty of monitors in case of a division, see Rule 9.]

65. When a return by divisions is ordered, the members for or against the question, when called on by the Speaker, shall rise in their places, and stand until they are counted.

66. The sense of the House shall be taken by yeas and nays, whenever required by twenty of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the House shall be called in alphabetical order, and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor when his name was called or before the vote is declared. [Amended Jan. 4, 1878.]

67. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate. If the yeas and nays have been ordered before the question is put, the proceedings under Rules sixty-three, sixty-four, and sixty-five shall be omitted; if not, they may be called for in lieu of a return by divisions when the Speaker's announcement is doubted by a member rising in his place, and, if then ordered, the proceedings under Rules sixty-four and sixty-five shall be omitted.

Reconsideration.

68. When a vote has passed (except as provided in the

next rule), it shall be in order for any member to move the reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day, and such motion, if made on the same day, shall (except in the last week of the session) be placed first in the orders of the next day after that on which it is made; but if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered: *provided, however*, that a motion to reconsider a vote upon any incidental or subsidiary question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the House, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.

69. When a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered, and no question shall be twice reconsidered; nor shall any vote be reconsidered upon either of the following motions:

- to adjourn,
- to lay on the table,
- to take from the table; or
- for the previous question.

70. Debate on motions to reconsider shall be limited to thirty minutes, and no member shall occupy more than five minutes.

[For rule requiring the Clerk to retain papers, except, &c., until the right of reconsideration has expired, see Rule 15.]

RULES OF DEBATE.

71. Every member, when about to speak, shall rise, and respectfully address the Speaker, shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality; and shall sit down when he has finished. No member shall speak out of his place without leave of the Speaker.

72. When two or more members rise at the same time, the Speaker shall name the member entitled to the floor, preferring one who rises in his place to one who does not.

73. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order.

74. No member shall speak more than once to the prevention of those who have not spoken and desire to speak on the same question, nor more than twice on the same question without leave of the House.

Motions.

75. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the Speaker so directs.

76. A motion need not be seconded, and may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made.

77. A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order; and that motion, and the motions to lay on the table and to take from the table, shall be decided without debate.

[For application to be excused from voting, to be decided without debate, see Rule 62.]

[For call for yeas and nays, to be decided without debate, see Rule 67.]

[For questions of order arising after the previous question is moved, to be decided without debate, except on appeal, see Rule 81.]

78. When a question is before the House, until it is disposed of, the Speaker shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except the motion to adjourn, or some other motion that has precedence either by express rule of the House, or because it is privileged in its na-

ture; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same, except:—

to lay on the table,	See Rule 77, above.
for the previous question,	See Rules 79-84, below.
to close the debate at a specified time,	See Rules 83, 84, below.
to postpone to a time certain,	See Rule 85, below.
to commit (or recommit),	See Rule 86, below.
to amend,	See Rules 87-90, below.
to refer to the next General Court,	
or to postpone indefinitely,	See Rule 91, below.

which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are arranged in this rule.

Previous Question.

79. The previous question shall be put in the following form: "*Shall the main question be now put?*"—and all debate upon the main question shall be suspended until the previous question is decided.

80. On the previous question, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and that only to give reasons why the main question should not be put, and no member shall speak more than three minutes.

81. All questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal, and on such appeal no member shall speak more than once without leave of the House.

[See Rule 92.]

82. The adoption of the previous question shall put an end to all debate except as provided in Rule eighty-four, and bring the House to a direct vote upon pending amend-

ments, if any, in their regular order, and then upon the main question.

Motion to close Debate at a Specified Time.

83. A motion to close the debate at a specified time shall be put not less than thirty minutes before the time stated. In case the time is extended by unanimous consent, the same rule shall apply at the end of the extended time, as at the time originally fixed. [Amended Jan. 8, 1877. House Journal, 1877, p. 24.]

[See the next rule.]

When Debate is closed, Ten Minutes allowed, &c.

84. When debate is closed by ordering the previous question, or by a vote to close debate at a specified time, the member in charge of the measure under consideration shall be allowed to speak ten minutes, and may grant to any other member any portion of his time. Where the measure under consideration has been referred to the Committee on Finance, under House Rule forty-two, the member originally reporting it shall be considered in charge, except where the report of the Committee on Finance is substantially different from that referred to them, in which case the member originally reporting the measure, and the member of the Finance Committee reporting thereon, shall each be allowed to speak five minutes, the latter to have the close. [Amended March 28, 1877.]

Motion to postpone to a Time Certain.

85. When a motion is made to postpone to a time certain, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined before the question is put on postponement, which may then be rejected if the House see fit.

Motion to Commit.

86. When a motion is made to commit, and different

committees are proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order:—

a standing committee of the House,
a select committee of the House,
a joint standing committee,
a joint select committee;

and a subject may be recommitted to the same committee or to another committee at the pleasure of the House.

Motions to amend.

87. A motion to amend an amendment may be received, but no amendment in the third degree shall be allowed.

88. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment.

89. A question containing two or more propositions capable of division shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it.

90. In filling blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be put first.

Equivalent for Motion to postpone Indefinitely.

91. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be equivalent to a motion to postpone indefinitely.

APPEAL.

92. No appeal from the decision of the Speaker shall be entertained, unless it is seconded; and no other business shall be in order until the question on the appeal has been disposed of.

[See Rule 81.]

RESOLVES.

93. Such of these Rules and Orders as are applicable to bills, whether of the House or of the Senate, shall apply likewise to such Resolves as require the concurrence of the Senate and approval by the Governor, in order to become laws and have force as such. Except in Rule fifty-two, the word "bill" shall be equivalent to the word "resolve" in the same place.

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

94. A time shall be assigned for elections by ballot, at least one day previous thereto.

SECRET SESSION.

95. All proceedings in secret session, and matters relating thereto, shall be kept secret until the House removes the injunction of secrecy.

SEATS.

96. (1.) The desk on the right of the Speaker shall be assigned to the use of the Clerk and such persons as he may employ to assist him, and that on the left to the use of the Chairmen of the Committees on Bills in the Third Reading and on Engrossed Bills.

(2.) The senior member of the House, and the oldest member of the House who is not the senior member, shall be allowed to select their seats, from those not otherwise assigned, before the drawing of seats by the members.

(3) The seat numbered 11, in the first division, shall

be assigned to the use of the Chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary, and that numbered 4, in the sixth division, to the use of the Chairman of the Committee on Finance.

(4.) The following seats shall be assigned to the use of the monitors:—

Those numbered 30 and 34, in the first division;
100 and 104, in the second division;
96 and 99, in the third division;
92 and 95, in the fourth division;
87 and 91, in the fifth division; and
15 and 19, in the sixth division.

(5.) The first business in order after the appointment of standing committees and monitors is announced by the Speaker, shall be the drawing of the other seats upon the floor of the House.

(6.) The Clerk shall call the roll of the members in alphabetical order, omitting the names of the Speaker, the senior member, the oldest member, the chairmen of committees herein before mentioned, and the monitors; and the drawing shall be had in presence of the House, under the supervision of a committee of three selected from the members mentioned in this paragraph.

(7.) The seat assigned to any member, or drawn by him, shall be his seat for the year, unless an exchange is made and notice thereof given to the Sergeant-at-Arms within ten days from the day of the drawing.

PRIVILEGE OF THE FLOOR.

97. (1.) Every member shall have the privilege of introducing upon the floor of the House, to occupy (for that day) any seat then vacant not belonging to a member, or belonging to a member who is absent, not more than one person at the same time, such person not having any private interest in any measure before the legislature distinct from the public interest: *provided*, that in any case when by the

exercise of this privilege on the part of some of the members, the vacant seats have been filled, and the Speaker so announces, the further exercise of the privilege shall be suspended for that day, or until one or more of the seats thus filled are vacated.

(2.) The Speaker may also invite visitors, not inhabitants of this Commonwealth, without limit of number, to seats (not numbered) upon the floor of the House.

(3.) Contestants for seats in the House whose papers are in the hands of the Committee on Elections, may be admitted while their cases are pending, to seats to be assigned by the Speaker.

(4.) Senators, and the principal officers* in the Executive and Judicial departments of the Civil Government of the Commonwealth, the Chaplains of both Houses, and the Clerk of the Senate, shall be admitted to the floor whenever they may have occasion to visit the House, and may occupy any of the seats not numbered which they may find vacant, or any seats which may be assigned by the Speaker for their use for the time being.

REPRESENTATIVES' CHAMBER.

98. Use of the Representatives' Chamber shall not be granted except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present.

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

99. The rules of parliamentary practice shall govern the House in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these Rules and Orders, or the Joint Rules and Orders of the two branches.

SUSPENSION, AMENDMENT AND REPEAL.

100. Nothing in these Rules and Orders shall be dispensed with, altered or repealed, unless two-thirds of the

* See list in the Blue-book.

members present consent thereto; but this rule, and rules thirty-nine, forty-eight, and ninety-eight, shall not be suspended, unless by unanimous consent of the members present.

Blanks for orders, bills, reports, petitions, and indorsement of petitions, may be had on application to the Clerk, or at the document-room, and members are respectfully requested to use the same in the preparation of papers.

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RULE 1. The following Joint Standing Committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the January session, viz.:—

A Committee on Agriculture;

A Committee on Banks and Banking;

A Committee on Claims;

A Committee on Education;

A Committee on Expenditures;

A Committee on Federal Relations;

A Committee on the Fisheries;

A Committee on Harbors;

A Committee on Insurance;

A Committee on the Library;

A Committee on Manufactures;

A Committee on Mercantile Affairs;

A Committee on Military Affairs;

A Committee on Parishes and Religious Societies;

A Committee on Printing;

A Committee on Prisons;

A Committee on Public Charitable Institutions;

A Committee on Public Lands;

A Committee on Railroads;

A Committee on Roads and Bridges;

A Committee on the State House;

A Committee on Street Railways;

A Committee on Towns;

A Committee on Water-Supply and Drainage;

[Amended Jan. 7, 1876. See Senate Journal, 1876, p. 15.]

And each of said Committees shall consist of two on the part of the Senate, and five on the part of the House, except the Committee on Banks and Banking, the Committee on Claims, the Committee on Harbors, the Committee on Mercantile Affairs, the Committee on Military Affairs, the Committee on Prisons, the Committee on Public Charitable Institutions, the Committee on Railroads, the Committee on Street Railways, and the Committee on Water-Supply and Drainage, which shall each consist of three members on the part of the Senate, and eight members on the part of the House; except the Committee on Expenditures, which shall consist of the Committee on the Treasury of the Senate, and the Committee on Finance of the House, and whose duty it shall be, early in each session, to examine carefully into all the expenses of the Commonwealth with a view to such retrenchment as may be found practicable. No member of either House shall act as counsel for any party before any committee of the legislature. [Amended Jan. 5, 1877. See House Journal 1877, p. 16. Also amended Jan. 8, 1878.]

RULE 2. The Joint Committees of the two Houses may report by bill, resolve, or otherwise to either House, at their discretion; and all bills and resolves reported by them shall be fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and spaces between the several sections; dates and numbers being written in words at length.

RULE 3. Reports of Joint Committees may be recommitted to the same Committees at the pleasure of the House first acting thereon, without asking the concurrence of the other branch; and bills or resolves which have been previously acted on in one branch may be recommitted in the other without a concurrent vote, except when recommitted with instructions: *provided*, that, after such recommitment,

report shall, in all cases, be made to the branch which shall have ordered such recommitment.

RULE 4. Whenever a report is made from any Committee to either House, and the subject-matter thereof is subsequently referred therein to a Joint Committee, such Committee shall report its action to the branch in which the original report was made.

RULE 5. If any part of the report of a Committee over the signature of the chairman or members of the Committee is amended in either branch, the Clerk of that branch shall indorse upon the report such amendment. [This rule was adopted Jan. 10, 1874.]

RULE 6. Whenever upon any application for an Act of incorporation, or other special legislation, the purpose for which such legislation is sought can be secured under general laws, the committee to which the matter is referred shall, in all cases, report "leave to withdraw," or "inexpedient to legislate."

RULE 7. All papers, while on their passage between the two Houses, may be under the signature of the respective Clerks, except bills and resolves in their last stage. Messages may be sent by such persons as each House may direct.

RULE 8. After bills shall have passed both Houses to be engrossed, they shall be in the charge of the Clerks of the two Houses, who shall deliver the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be engrossed in the manner prescribed by law; and when engrossed, the said Clerks shall forthwith deliver the same to the Committee of the House of Representatives on Engrossed Bills; and when the same shall have passed to be enacted in that House, they shall in like manner be delivered to the Committee of the Senate on Engrossed Bills.

RULE 9. If any bill, resolve, or order, originating in one branch, shall fail to pass in the other, notice thereof shall be given, under the signature of the Clerk, to the branch in which the same originated. [Amended Jan. 8, 1878.]

RULE 10. The Clerk of the House in which a bill originated shall make an indorsement thereon, certifying in which House the same originated, which indorsement shall be entered on the Journals by the Clerks respectively.

After said bills shall have passed both Houses to be enacted, the Clerk of the Senate shall lay them before the Governor for his approbation, and shall enter upon the Journal of the Senate the day on which the same were laid before the Governor.

RULE 11. All resolves and other papers which are to be presented to the Governor for his approbation, shall be laid before him in the same manner as is prescribed in the case of bills.

RULE 12. All resolves proposing amendments of the Constitution shall have three several readings in each House, and the final question upon adopting the same shall be taken by yeas and nays.

RULE 13. The President of the Senate shall preside in Conventions of the two branches; and such Conventions shall be holden in the Representatives' Chamber; the Clerk of the Senate shall be Clerk of the Convention, and a record of the proceedings of the Convention shall be entered at large on the Journals of both branches.

RULE 14. When an agreement has been made by the two branches to go into Convention, such agreement shall not be altered or annulled, except by concurrent vote.

RULE 15. No business shall be entered on, in Convention, other than that which may be agreed on before the Convention is formed.

RULE 16. In all elections by joint ballot, a time shall be assigned therefor at least one day previous to such election.

RULE 17. The joint assembly required to be held by the Act of Congress approved July 25, 1866, entitled, "An Act to regulate the times and manner of holding elections for Senators in Congress," shall be deemed a Convention of the two branches, and the proceedings therein shall be in accordance with the provisions of said Act. The President of the Convention shall receive no motion on any day until one vote for Senator has been taken. After one vote for Senator has been taken, no motion shall be in order except a motion to adjourn, for a recess, or to proceed to vote for Senator; and these motions shall have precedence in the order of their arrangement, and shall be decided without debate. If a motion is made for a recess, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined, but without debate, before the question is put upon taking the recess. On either of the questions permitted by this rule the sense of the Convention shall be taken by yeas and nays, whenever required by one-fifth of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the Convention shall be called in alphabetical order, and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor when his name was called, or before the roll-call was finished. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate.

RULE 18. Committees of Conference shall consist of three members on the part of each House, representing its vote; and their report, if agreed to by a majority of each Committee, shall be made to the branch asking the Conference, and may be either accepted or rejected; but no other action shall be had, except through a new Committee of Conference.

RULE 19. Joint Committees shall make final report

upon all matters previously referred to them, on or before the twenty-second day of March, unless further time is granted for cause.

RULE 20. All petitions, memorials, and applications embraced in the provisions of chapter 2 of the General Statutes, and chapter 91 of the Acts of the year 1862, which shall be presented in either House after the twenty-second day of February, and all other subjects of legislation which shall be proposed or introduced after the first day of March, shall be referred to the next General Court. This rule shall not be rescinded, amended, or suspended, except by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of the members of each House present and voting thereon. [Amended Jan. 5, 1877. See House Journal 1877, p. 16. Also amended Jan. 8, 1878.]

RULE 21. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or private or municipal corporations, shall be reported by a Committee, unless notice has been given to all parties interested, by public advertisement or otherwise, without expense to the Commonwealth; or unless satisfactory evidence is produced that the parties interested have either received notice in writing, or have in writing waived notice.

RULE 22. No bill or resolve affecting directly the legal rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interest of the whole people of the Commonwealth, or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a Committee, upon petition duly presented and referred.

RULE 23. The Committees on Printing may make regulations for the distribution of all documents printed or assigned for the use of the legislature not otherwise disposed of, such regulations to be reported to and subject to the order of the two branches.

Under the general order to print a report, bill, or other document, the number printed shall be eight hundred, with the exception of the Governor's Inaugural Address, of which fifteen hundred copies may be printed without special order.

Leave to report in print shall not be construed to authorize the printing of extended reports of evidence.

No printing, except as aforesaid, and no binding or engraving, shall be ordered, except upon the report of the Joint Committee on Printing, accepted by the legislature.

Bills, reports, and other documents, printed under the general order of either House, shall be distributed as follows, to wit: Two copies to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives (to be placed on his file under the direction of the Sergeant-at-Arms, if desired by the member); three copies to each Clerk in either branch, and three copies to each reporter in regular attendance, to whom a seat has been assigned in either branch; twenty copies to the Executive; twenty copies to the Secretary's Office; six copies to the State Library; and when the document is the report of a committee, ten copies shall be assigned to the committee making the report. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall preserve as many as may be necessary for the permanent files to be placed in the lobbies, and distribute the remainder under such regulations as may be prescribed by said Joint Committee. [Amended Jan. 7, 1876. See Senate Journal 1876, p. 15.]

LIST OF THE

Executive and Legislative Departments

OF THE GOVERNMENT

OF THE

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS,

AND OFFICERS IMMEDIATELY CONNECTED THEREWITH,
WITH PLACES OF RESIDENCE.

1878.



EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY ALEXANDER H. RICE, of Boston,
GOVERNOR.

Hotel Brunswick, Boylston Street.

HIS HONOR HORATIO G. KNIGHT, of Easthampton,
LIEUT.-GOVERNOR.

Tremont House.

Council.

District I. — JOSEPH K. BAKER, of Dennis.
U. S. Hotel.

II. — HARRISON TWEED, of Taunton.
At home.

III. — FRANCIS CHILDS, of Boston.
14 Harvard Street, Charlestown.

IV. — WM. W. TUCKER, of Boston.
98 Beacon Street.

V. — HARMON HALL, of Saugus.
East Saugus.

VI. — JOSEPH A. HARWOOD, of Littleton.
Revere House.

VII. — WILLIAM UPHAM, of Spencer.
U. S. Hotel.

VIII. — TILLY HAYNES, of Springfield.
Adams House.

Private Secretary of the Governor.
GEORGE H. CAMPBELL, of Boston.

Committees of the Council.

On Pardons.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Tweed, Mr. Harwood, Mr. Baker, Mr. Haynes.

On Finance.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Baker, Mr. Tweed, Mr. Tucker, Mr. Upham.

On Railroads and Hoosac Tunnel.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Baker, Mr. Childs, Mr. Harwood, Mr. Tucker.

On Harbors and Public Lands.—Mr. Baker, Mr. Tweed, Mr. Childs, Mr. Hall, Mr. Tucker.

On Penal Institutions.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Childs, Mr. Harwood, Mr. Haynes, Mr. Hall.

On Charitable Institutions.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Tweed, Mr. Baker, Mr. Hall, Mr. Upham.

On Military Affairs.—Mr. Harwood, Mr. Upham, Mr. Haynes.

On Warrants.—Mr. Haynes, Mr. Childs, Mr. Upham.

On Accounts.—Mr. Tucker, Mr. Tweed, Mr. Hall.

Edward F. Hamlin, . . . *Executive Messenger.*

Charles F. A. Francis, . . . *Assistant Executive Messenger.*

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

HENRY B. PEIRCE, . . . of Abington.
Abington.

Henry J. Coolidge, 1st Clerk, . . . Boston.
Isaac H. Edgett, 2d Clerk, . . . Beverly.

Treasurer and Receiver-General and Tax Commissioner.

CHARLES ENDICOTT, of Canton.

At home.

Daniel H. Rogers, <i>1st Clerk</i> ,	.	.	.	Brookline.
John Q. Adams, <i>1st Assistant Clerk</i> ,	.	.	.	Oakham.
Joshua Phippen, <i>Cashier</i> ,	.	.	.	Salem.
G. Arthur Adams, <i>Extra Clerk</i> ,	.	.	.	North Brookfield.
David Wilder, <i>Extra Clerk</i> ,	.	.	.	Boston.

Deputy Tax Commissioner.

Daniel A. Gleason,	.	.	.	.	.	Medford
Andrew J. Morton, <i>Clerk</i>,	.	.	.	.	.	Boston.
Edward D. Endicott, <i>2d Clerk</i>,	.	.	.	.	.	Canton.

Auditor.

JULIUS L CLARKE, of Newton.

Augustus Brown, <i>1st Clerk</i>,	.	.	.	.	Malden.
Edward S. Davis, <i>2d Clerk</i>,	.	.	.	.	Lynn.
William D. Hawley, <i>Extra Clerk</i>,	.	.	.	.	Malden.
Benjamin C. Piper, <i>Extra Clerk</i>,	.	.	.	.	Boston.

Attorney-General.

CHARLES R. TRAIN, of Boston.

W. Caleb Loring, <i>Assistant Attorney-General</i> ,	.	.	Boston.
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Governor's Staff.

Major-General JAMES A. CUNNINGHAM, of Boston,
Adjutant-General.

Colonel Isaac F. Kingsbury, of Newton, *Ass't Adjutant-General.*
 Colonel C. Frank Luther, of Adams, *Assis't Adjutant-General.*
 Colonel John H. Rice, of Boston, *Assistant Adjutant-General.*
 Brig. Gen. Cornelius G. Attwood, of Boston, *Inspector-General.*
 Colonel Edward G. Stevens, of Clinton, *Ass't Inspector-General.*
 Lt. Col. Frederick Mason, of Taunton, *Ass't Inspector-General.*
 Lieut. Col. A. Hun Berry, of Lynn, *Assist Inspector-General.*
 Brig. Gen. W. W. Blackmar, of Boston, *Judge-Advocate-Gen.*
 Colonel Henry G. Parker, of Boston, *Ass't Quartermaster-Gen.*
 Brig. Gen. Wm. J. Dale, of North Andover, *Surgeon-General.*
 Col. Joshua B. Treadwell, of Boston, *Assis't Surgeon-General.*

Aides-de-Camp.

Colonel William V. Hutchings,	.	.	.	Boston.
Colonel William A. Tower,	.	.	.	Lexington.
Colonel Arthur T. Lyman,	.	.	.	Boston.
Colonel William P. Alexander,	.	.	.	Springfield.

Military Secretary.

Colonel George H. Campbell,	.	.	.	Boston.
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LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

SENATE, . . . BY DISTRICTS.

Senate, by Districts.

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Hon. J. B. D. COGSWELL (Cape District), President.

DISTRICT.	N A M E.	Residence.	Boarding-place.
First Suffolk,	Henry B. Hill, .	Boston, .	128 Webster St., E. B.
Second “	Marcellus Day,	“	43 High St., Charlest’n.
Third “	M. J. Flatley, .	“	Jefferson House.
Fourth “	James White, .	“	4 St. James Ave.
Fifth “	Thomas Gogin, .	“	61 Thomas Park, S. B.
Sixth “	Alvah A. Burrage, .	“	7 Union Park.
Seventh “	Albert Palmer, .	“	14 Forest St.
Eighth “	Joseph S. Ropes,	“	Perkins St., Jamaica Pl.
First Essex,	Amos F. Breed,	Lynn, .	At Home.

DISTRICT.	N A M E.	Residence.	Boarding-place.
Second Essex, . . .	James J. H. Gregory, .	Marblehead, .	At Home.
Third " . . .	Allan Rogers, . . .	Gloucester, .	At Home.
Fourth " . . .	Geo. W. Cate, . . .	Amesbury, .	At Home.
Fifth " . . .	Jackson B. Swett, . .	Haverhill, .	At Home.
Sixth " . . .	Byron Truell, . . .	Lawrence, .	At Home.
First Middlesex, . .	Benj. F. Hayes, . . .	Medford, . .	At Home.
Second " . . .	Robert R. Bishop, . .	Newton, . .	At Home.
Third " . . .	Chas. Theodore Russell, .	Cambridge, .	At Home.
Fourth " . . .	Luther H. Sherman, .	Wayland, . .	At Home.
Fifth " . . .	Amos J. Saunders, . .	Pepperell, .	At Home.
Sixth " . . .	Abraham B. Coffin, . .	Winchester, .	At Home.
Seventh " . . .	James C. Abbott, . .	Lowell, . .	At Home.

First Worcester,	.	George S. Barton,	.	Worcester,	.	At Home.
Second "	.	Win. Knowlton,	.	Upton,	.	Tremont House.
Third "	.	Ebenezer B. Lynde,	.	W. Brookfield,	.	United States Hotel.
Fourth "	.	Charles Adams, Jr.,	.	No. Brookfield,	.	United States Hotel.
Fifth "	.	Chas. H. Merriam,	.	Leominster,	.	At Home.
First Hampden,	.	Chas. L. Gardner,	.	Palmer,	.	United States Hotel.
Second "	.	Henry C. Ewing,	.	Holyoke,	.	Young's Hotel.
Hampshire,	.	Lewis N. Gilbert,	.	Ware,	.	Tremont House.
Franklin,	.	Henry Winn,	.	Buckland,	.	United States Hotel.
North Berkshire,	.	Frederick P. Brown,	.	Adams,	.	United States Hotel.
South "	.	Horace J. Canfield,	.	Stockbridge,	.	46 Hancock St.
First Norfolk,	.	Henry F. Barker,	.	Quincy,	.	At Home.
Second "	.	Frederick D. Ely,	.	Dedham,	.	At Home.
First Plymouth,	.	Joseph S. Beal,	.	Kingston,	.	At Home.

DISTRICT.	N A M E.	Residence.	Boarding-place.
Second Plymouth, . .	Jonathan White, . .	Brockton, . .	At Home,
First Bristol, . .	Ezra Davol, . .	Taunton, . .	At Home.
Second “ . .	Charles J. Holmes, . .	Fall River, . .	At Home.
Third “ . .	H. M. Knowlton, . .	New Bedford, . .	At Home.
Cape,	J. B. D. Cogswell, . .	Yarmouth, . .	33 Somerset St.

ARRANGEMENT OF THE SENATE.

HON. J. B. D. COGSWELL, *President.*

LEFT.

1. Michael J. Flatley.
2. Albert Palmer.
3. Amos F. Breed.
4. Henry B. Hill.
5. Jackson B. Swett.
6. Ebenezer B. Lynde.
7. James White.
8. Henry C. Ewing.
9. Charles J. Holmes.
10. Lewis N. Gilbert.
11. Charles H. Merriam.
12. Horace J. Canfield.
13. Joseph S. Ropes.
14. Hosea M. Knowlton.
15. Joseph S. Beal.
16. Frederick P. Brown.
17. Henry F. Barker.
18. Ezra Davol.
19. Thomas Gogin.

RIGHT.

1. Charles T. Russell.
2. Charles Adams, Jr.
3. Amos J. Saunders.
4. Abraham B. Coffin.
5. Byron Truell.
6. George S. Barton.
7. James J. H. Gregory.
8. Jonathan White.
9. Benjamin F. Hayes.
10. Marcellus Day.
11. Alvah A. Burrage.
12. William Knowlton.
13. Charles L. Gardner.
14. Luther H. Sherman.
15. Frederick D. Ely.
16. Robert R. Bishop.
17. Henry Winn.
18. George W. Cate.
19. Allan Rogers.
20. James C. Abbott.

SENATE, ALPHABETICALLY.

 HON. J. B. D. COGSWELL (Cape District),

 PRESIDENT.

Abbott, James C.,	..	.	.	<i>Seventh Middlesex</i>	<i>District.</i>
Adams, Charles, Jr.,	.	.	.	<i>Fourth Worcester</i>	"
Barker, Henry F.,	.	.	.	<i>First Norfolk</i>	"
Barton, George S.,	.	.	.	<i>First Worcester</i>	"
Beal, Joseph S.,	.	.	.	<i>First Plymouth</i>	"
Bishop, Robert R.,	.	.	.	<i>Second Middlesex</i>	"
Breed, Amos F.,	.	.	.	<i>First Essex</i>	"
Brown, Frederick P.,	.	.	.	<i>North Berkshire</i>	"
Burrage, Alvah A.,	.	.	.	<i>Sixth Suffolk</i>	"
Canfield, Horace J.,	.	.	.	<i>South Berkshire</i>	"
Cate, George W.,	.	.	.	<i>Fourth Essex</i>	"
Coffin, Abraham B.,	.	.	.	<i>Sixth Middlesex</i>	"
Cogswell, J. B. D.,	.	.	.	<i>Cape</i>	"
Davol, Ezra,	.	.	.	<i>First Bristol</i>	"
Day, Marcellus,	.	.	.	<i>Second Suffolk</i>	"
Ely, Frederick D.,	.	.	.	<i>Second Norfolk</i>	"
Ewing, Henry C.,	.	.	.	<i>Second Hampden</i>	"
Flatley, Michael J.,	.	.	.	<i>Third Suffolk</i>	"
Gardner, Charles L.,	.	.	.	<i>First Hampden</i>	"
Gilbert, Lewis N.,	.	.	.	<i>Hampshire</i>	"

Gogin, Thomas,	<i>Fifth Suffolk</i>	<i>District.</i>
Gregory, James J. H., . . .	<i>Second Essex</i>	"
Hayes, Benjamin F., . . .	<i>First Middlesex</i>	"
Hill, Henry B.,	<i>First Suffolk</i>	"
Holmes, Charles J.,	<i>Second Bristol</i>	"
Knowlton, H. M.,	<i>Third Bristol</i>	"
Knowlton, William,	<i>Second Worcester</i>	"
Lynde, Ebenezer B.,	<i>Third Worcester</i>	"
Merriam, Charles H.,	<i>Fifth Worcester</i>	"
Palmer, Albert,	<i>Seventh Suffolk</i>	"
Rogers, Allan,	<i>Third Essex</i>	"
Ropes, Joseph S.,	<i>Eighth Suffolk</i>	"
Russell, Chas. Theodore, . . .	<i>Third Middlesex</i>	"
Saunders, Amos J.,	<i>Fifth Middlesex</i>	"
Sherman, Luther H.,	<i>Fourth Middlesex</i>	"
Swett, Jackson B.,	<i>Fifth Essex</i>	"
Truell, Byron,	<i>Sixth Essex</i>	"
White, James,	<i>Fourth Suffolk</i>	"
White, Jonathan,	<i>Second Plymouth</i>	"
Winn, Henry,	<i>Franklin</i>	"

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

STEPHEN N. GIFFORD, Duxbury, .	<i>Clerk.</i>
HILTON F. HOSMER, Boston, . .	<i>Assistant Clerk.</i>
O. F. MITCHELL, Bridgewater, .	<i>Sergeant-at-Arms.</i>
REV. ISAAC DUNHAM, Bridgewater,	<i>Chaplain.</i>
S. W. EDGELL,	<i>Doorkeeper.</i>
JOSEPH SIDWELL,	<i>Assistant Doorkeeper.</i>
W. H. JARVIS,	<i>Messenger.</i>
P. J. FEE,	<i>Messenger.</i>
J. E. ARMSTRONG,	<i>Messenger.</i>
C. N. MARSH,	<i>Messenger.</i>
FRANK E. PECK,	<i>Messenger.</i>
W. W. GRIFFIN,	<i>Page.</i>
JOHN NEWELL, JR.,	<i>Page.</i>

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, BY COUNTIES.

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1st, . .	{ Edwin R. Webster, . . . Ebenezer M. McPherson, . .	Boston. Boston.
2d, . .	{ James L. Walsh, . . . Sydney F. Whitehouse, . .	Boston. Boston.
3d, . .	{ Eugene L. Norton, . . . Freeman L. Gilman, . . .	Boston. Boston.
4th, . .	John Turner,	Boston.
5th, . .	{ Nahum Chapin, . . . Charles R. Byram, . . .	Boston. Boston.
6th, . .	{ Cornelius Desmond, . . . Anthony C. Daly, . . .	Boston. Boston.
7th, . .	{ Samuel H. Wentworth, . . . Daniel Doherty, . . .	Boston. Boston.
8th, . .	{ Francis Gargan, . . . James L. Locke, . . .	Boston. Boston.
9th, . .	{ George W. Lowther, . . . Edwin F. Leighton, . . .	Boston. Boston.
10th, . .	{ Clement Hugh Hill, . . . Alexander Wadsworth, . . .	Boston. Boston.
11th, . .	{ Charles J. Prescott, . . . Hamilton A. Hill, . . .	Boston. Boston.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
12th, . .	{ Edward J. Jenkins, . . . Patrick F. Murphy, . . .	Boston. Boston.
13th, . .	{ James T. Mahony, . . . John B. Shea, . . .	Boston. Boston.
14th, . .	{ Charles J. Noyes, . . . Alonzo Bancroft, . . .	Boston. Boston.
15th, . .	{ Alonzo Warren, . . . Stephen A. Stackpole, . . .	Boston. Boston.
16th, . .	{ Joseph H. O'Neil, . . . Frederic A. Marden, . . .	Boston. Boston.
17th, . .	{ Albert E. Pillsbury, . . . J. Q. A. Brackett, . . .	Boston. Boston.
18th, . .	{ Charles H. Allen, . . . Henry D. Hyde, . . .	Boston. Boston.
19th, . .	{ James H. Nugent, . . . Charles V. Jaeger, . . .	Boston. Boston.
20th, . .	{ William S. King, . . . Payson E. Tucker, . . .	Boston. Boston.
21st, . .	{ John F. Newton, . . . William Blanchard, . . .	Boston. Boston.
22d, . .	William H. Carberry, . . .	Boston.
23d, . .	{ H. Augustus Johnson, . . . Matthew Bolles, . . .	Boston. Boston.
24th, . .	{ Joseph Wiswell, . . . Frederick P. Moseley, . . .	Boston. Boston.
25th, . .	George A. Wilson, . . .	Boston.
26th, . .	{ William Robinson, . . . Eben Hutchinson, . . . Ensign Kimball, . . .	Chelsea. Chelsea. Revere.

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1st, . . .	Jason L. Curtis, . . .	Rockport.
2d, . . .	{ Charles H. Wonson, . . . Edward H. Haskell, . . .	Gloucester. Gloucester.
3d, . . .	Jesper Richardson, . . .	Gloucester.
4th, . . .	Israel W. Andrews, . . .	Danvers.
5th, . . .	John I. Baker, . . .	Beverly.
6th, . . .	{ Charles S. Osgood, . . . Charles H. Chase, . . .	Salem. Salem.
7th, . . .	{ John Jackson, . . . Henry W. Putnam, . . .	Salem. Salem.
8th, . . .	{ Lewis Carroll, . . . Benjamin A. Phillips, . . .	Marblehead. Marblehead.
9th, . . .	James H. Richards, . . .	Lynn.
10th, . . .	{ Nathan M. Hawkes, . . . Augustine Jones, . . . John Marlor, . . .	Lynn. Lynn. Lynn.
11th, . . .	Samuel S. McGibbons, . . .	Lynn.
12th, . . .	James E. T. Bartlett, . . .	Peabody.
13th, . . .	Joseph Whitehead, . . .	Saugus.
14th, . . .	John Cornell, . . .	Andover.
15th, . . .	Asa F. Howe, . . .	Rowley.
16th, . . .	{ Eben F. Stone, . . . John W. Ricker, . . .	Newburyport. Newburyport.
17th, . . .	Chauncey O. Noyes, . . .	Georgetown.
18th, . . .	{ James D. Pike, . . . Samuel Coffin, . . .	Merrimac. Salisbury.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
19th, . .	{ John W. Tilton, . . . William A. Brooks, . . . Edmund P. Sargent, . . .	Haverhill. Haverhill. Methuen.
20th, . .	{ Michael Rinn, . . . Abel Webster, . . .	Lawrence. Lawrence.
21st, . .	{ Levi Emery, . . . Melvin Beal, . . .	Lawrence. Lawrence.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

1st, . .	{ Levi L. Cushing, . . . Edwin B. Hale, . . .	Cambridge. Cambridge.
2d, . .	{ Oliver J. Rand, . . . Charles F. Thurston, . . . Lucius R. Paige, . . .	Cambridge. Cambridge. Cambridge.
3d, . .	Joseph J. Kelley, . . .	Cambridge.
4th, . .	Richard E. Nickerson, . . .	Somerville.
5th, . .	Thomas Cunningham, . . .	Somerville.
6th, . .	Jacob T. Glines, . . .	Somerville.
7th, . .	John H. Hooper, . . .	Medford.
8th, . .	{ Elisha S. Converse, . . . George S. Marshall, . . .	Malden. Everett.
9th, . .	W. Irving Ellis, . . .	Melrose.
10th, . .	George A. Cowdrey, . . .	Stoneham.
11th, . .	Solon Walton, . . .	Wakefield.
12th, . .	Gardner French, . . .	Reading.
13th, . .	Leonard Thompson, Jr., . .	Woburn.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
14th, . .	William G. Peck, . . .	Arlington.
15th, . .	Robert L. Davis, . . .	Watertown.
16th, . .	{ Charles E. Ranlett, . . . Levi C. Wade, . . .	Newton. Newton.
17th, . .	David Randall, . . .	Waltham.
18th, . .	John Winn, . . .	Burlington.
19th, . .	William Manning, . . .	Chelmsford.
20th, . .	Patrick Keyes, . . .	Lowell.
21st, . .	William A. Read, . . .	Lowell.
22d, . .	Albert Moors, . . .	Lowell.
23d, . .	Francis Carll, . . .	Lowell.
24th, . .	William H. Wiggin, . . .	Lowell.
25th, . .	Henry H. Wilder, . . .	Lowell.
26th, . .	George M. Baker, . . .	Lincoln.
27th, . .	Myron W. Bent, . . .	Wayland.
28th, . .	Noah L. Hardy, . . .	Natick.
29th, . .	Sydney Wilder, . . .	Holliston.
30th, . .	John Mahon, . . .	Hopkinton.
31st, . .	Charles S. Whitmore, . . .	Framingham.
32d, . .	S. Herbert Howe, . . .	Marlborough.
33d, . .	Solon Wood, . . .	Hudson.
34th, . .	William Reed, 1st, . . .	Westford.
35th, . .	George V. Barrett, . . .	Ayer.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1st, . . .	Zadok A. Taft,	Uxbridge.
2d, . . .	{ William H. Cook, Charles A. Davis,	Milford. Upton.
3d, . . .	Lucius M. Sargent,	Grafton.
4th, . . .	George O. Brigham,	Westborough.
5th, . . .	{ Lucius Field, James Hildreth, 2d,	Clinton. Lunenburg.
6th, . . .	{ Leander Sprague, Luther J. Brown,	Fitchburg. Fitchburg.
7th, . . .	{ Charles Webster Bush, Artemas Merriam,	Gardner. Westminster.
8th, . . .	J. Sumner Parmenter,	Athol.
9th, . . .	Horace Underwood,	Hubbardston.
10th, . . .	John B. Fairbank,	Oakham.
11th, . . .	William Howe,	Holden.
12th, . . .	{ George C. Lincoln, Alvin B. Chamberlain,	N. Brookfield. Sturbridge.
13th, . . .	{ Calvin D. Paige, James H. Ames,	Southbridge. Spencer.
14th, . . .	Josiah Perry,	Dudley.
15th, . . .	George W. Rice,	Sutton,
16th, . . .	Oliver B. Wyman,	Shrewsbury.
17th, . . .	George F. Colburn,	Leominster.
18th, . . .	Thomas J. Hastings,	Worcester.
19th, . . .	William A. S. Smyth,	Worcester.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
20th, . .	Frank D. Leary, . . .	Worcester.
21st, . .	Phillip Moore, . . .	Worcester.
22d, . .	James H. Mellen, . . .	Worcester.
23d, . .	Frank P. Goulding, . . .	Worcester.
24th, . .	John D. Lovell, . . .	Worcester.
25th, . .	John D. Washburn, . . .	Worcester.

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

1st, . .	{ John L. Otis, . . . Timothy G. Spaulding, . . .	Northampton. Northampton.
2d, . .	Joseph Billings, . . .	Hatfield.
3d, . .	Matthew Smith, . . .	Middlefield.
4th, . .	Martin W. Burnett, . . .	So. Hadley.
5th, . .	Thomas R. Greene, . . .	Belchertown.

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

1st, . .	Pliny F. Spaulding, . . .	Brimfield.
2d, . .	Timothy D. Potter, . . .	Palmer.
3d, . .	Jarvis P. Kelly, . . .	Chicopee.
4th, . .	{ William Pynchon, . . . Theodore D. Beach, . . .	Springfield. Springfield.
5th, . .	Leonard Clark, . . .	Springfield.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
6th, . .	Rawson Hathaway, . . .	Springfield.
7th, . .	Marcus P. Knowlton, . . .	Springfield.
8th, . .	John H. Wright, . . .	Holyoke.
9th, . .	Elisha P. Bartholomew, . . .	W.Springfi'd.
10th, . .	{ Joseph G. Noble, . . . Henry S. Stiles, . . .	Westfield. Montgomery.
11th, . .	Edwin Gilbert, . . .	Southwick.

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

1st, . .	James W. Emory, . . .	Orange.
2d, . .	Ralph A. Field, . . .	Leverett.
3d, . .	Alanson K. Hawks, . . .	Shelburne.
4th, . .	Charles P. Aldrich, . . .	Deerfield.
5th, . .	Orson B. Curtis, . . .	Colrain.
6th, . .	Nelson Gardner, . . .	Ashfield.

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

1st, . .	Daniel White, . . .	Hancock.
2d, . .	{ Job K. Anthony, . . . Charles H. Ingalls, . . .	Adams. Adams.
3d, . .	{ Jarvis N. Dunham, . . . Solomon N. Russell, . . .	Pittsfield. Pittsfield.
4th, . .	John W. Curtice, . . .	Hinsdale.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
5th, . .	Sidney Barnes,	Becket.
6th, . .	Hiram N. Cooke,	Lenox.
7th, . .	William B. Bliss,	Gt. Barrington
8th, . .	Henry M. Wilcox,	Sandisfield.

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

1st, . .	Henry C. Bonney,	Dedham.
2d, . .	Edward I. Thomas,	Brookline.
3d, . .	William J. Stuart,	Hyde Park.
4th, . .	Edward R. Eager,	Canton.
5th, . .	{ Benjamin S. Lovell, George F. Hayden, Edwin W. Marsh,	Weymouth. Weymouth. Quincy.
6th, . .	Newton White,	Holbrook.
7th, . .	{ Francis W. Bird, John T. Flood,	Walpole, Randolph.
8th, . .	{ David A. Partridge, James F. Leonard,	Medway. Foxborough.
9th, . .	John Humphrey,	Dover.

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

1st, . .	{ George Price, Abijah T. Wales,	Attleborough. Attleborough.
2d, . .	George C. Belcher,	Easton.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3d, . .	{ William Reed, Jr., . . . John W. Hart, . . . John H. Galligan, . . .	Taunton. Taunton. Taunton.
4th, . .	Elbridge G. Morton, Jr., . .	Fairhaven.
5th, . .	{ Rufus A. Soule, . . . Charles A. Case, . . .	New Bedford. New Bedford.
6th, . .	{ Israel C. Cornish, . . . Thomas B. Hathaway, . . .	New Bedford. New Bedford.
7th, . .	Charles Fisher, . . .	Westport.
8th, . .	{ John W. Cummings, . . . Hiram B. Coffin, . . . Patrick M. McGlynn, . . .	Fall River. Fall River. Fall River.
9th, . .	{ Pardon Macomber, . . . Andrew J. Jennings, . . .	Fall River. Fall River.
10th, . .	John A. Lewis, . . .	Dighton.

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

1st, . .	John D. Long, . . .	Hingham.
2d, . .	Amos W. Merritt, . . .	Scituate.
3d, . .	William C. Oakman, . . .	Marshfield.
4th, . .	Philander Cobb, . . .	Kingston.
5th, . .	Charles E. Barnes, . . .	Plymouth.
6th, . .	Noble W. Everett, . . .	Wareham.
7th, . .	James P. Pierce, . . .	Lakeville.
8th, . .	Van R. Swift, . . .	Bridgewater.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
9th, . . .	Ezekiel R. Studley, . . .	Rockland.
10th, . . .	{ Baalis Sanford, Jr., . . . Henry B. Packard, . . .	Brockton. Brockton.
11th, . . .	Henry W. Powers, . . .	So. Abington.

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

1st, . . .	Isaiah Fish, . . .	Sandwich.
2d, . . .	Andrew Lovell, . . .	Barnstable.
3d, . . .	Thomas P. Howes, . . .	Dennis.
4th, . . .	Abiathar Doane, . . .	Harwich.
5th, . . .	Freeman Doane, . . .	Orleans.
6th, . . .	Henry Shortle, . . .	Provinceto'n.

DUKES COUNTY.

1st, . . .	Benjamin Clough, . . .	Tisbury.
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COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

1st, . . .	Henry Paddock, . . .	Nantucket.
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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, . . . ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE DISTRICTS REPRESENTED, PLACES OF RESIDENCE, AND RESIDENCE DURING THE SESSION.

HON. JOHN D. LONG, OF HINGHAM, *Speaker*.

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Aldrich, Charles P., .	4, Franklin, .	Deerfield, .	Quincy House, . .	50
Allen, Charles H., .	18, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	94 Worcester Street, .	62
Ames, James H., .	13, Worcester, .	Spencer, .	Adams House, . .	18
Andrews, Israel W., .	4, Essex, .	Danvers, .	Home,	16
Anthony, Job K., .	2, Berkshire, .	Adams, .	U. S. Hotel, . .	119
Baker, George M., .	26, Middlesex, .	Lincoln, .	Home,	17
Baker, John I., .	5, Essex, .	Beverly, .	Home,	80

Bancroft, Alonzo, . . .	14, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	597 Broadway, So. Boston, . . .	108
Barnes, Charles E., . .	5, Plymouth, . . .	Plymouth, . . .	Home, . . .	236
Barnes, Sidney, . . .	5, Berkshire, . . .	Becket, . . .	U. S. Hotel, . . .	60
Barrett, George V., . .	35, Middlesex, . . .	Ayer, . . .	Home, . . .	26
Bartholomew, Elisha P.,	9, Hampden, . . .	W. Springfield, . . .	Creighton House, . . .	238
Bartlett, James E. T., .	12, Essex, . . .	Peabody, . . .	Home, . . .	235
Beach, Theodore D., . .	4, Hampden, . . .	Springfield, . . .	U. S. Hotel, . . .	227
Beal, Melvin, . . .	21, Essex, . . .	Lawrence, . . .	Home, . . .	86
Belcher, George C., . .	2, Bristol, . . .	Easton, . . .	Home, . . .	229
Bent, Myron W., . . .	27, Middlesex, . . .	Wayland, . . .	Home, . . .	93
Billings, Joseph, . . .	2, Hampshire, . . .	Hatfield, . . .	Creighton House, . . .	42
Bird, Francis W., . . .	7, Norfolk, . . .	Walpole, . . .	Commonwealth Hotel, . . .	7
Blanchard, William, . .	21, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	70 Lambert Avenue, . . .	172
Bliss, William B., . . .	7, Berkshire, . . .	Gt. Barrington, . . .	U. S. Hotel, . . .	171
Bolles, Matthew, . . .	23, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	90 State Street, . . .	159

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Bonney, Henry C., .	1, Norfolk, .	Dedham, .	Home,	59
Brackett, John Q. A., .	17, Suffolk, .	Boston, . .	312 Shawmut Avenue, .	174
Brigham, George O., .	4, Worcester, .	Westborough, .	Home,	173
Brooks, William A., .	19, Essex, . .	Haverhill, .	Home,	37
Brown, Luther J., .	6, Worcester, .	Fitchburg, .	Home,	63
Burnett, Martin W., .	4, Hampshire, .	South Hadley, .	Crawford House, . .	141
Bush, Charles W., .	7, Worcester, .	Gardner, . .	Quincy House, . . .	170
Byram, Charles R., .	5, Suffolk, .	Boston, . .	60 Chestnut St., Charlest'n,	114
Carberry, William H., .	22, Suffolk, .	Boston, . .	70 Ward Street, . . .	94
Carll, Francis, . . .	23, Middlesex, .	Lowell, . .	Home,	90
Carroll, Lewis, . .	8, Essex, . .	Marblehead, .	Home,	48
Case, Charles A., .	5, Bristol, .	New Bedford, .	Home,	43
Chamberlain, Alvin B., .	12, Worcester, .	Sturbridge, .	Creighton House, . .	225

Chapin, Nahum, . . .	5, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	30 Chestnut St., Charlesto'n,	115
Chase, Charles H., . . .	6, Essex, . . .	Salem, . . .	Home, . . .	163
Clark, Leonard, . . .	5, Hampden, . . .	Springfield, . . .	U. S. Hotel, . . .	44
Clough, Benjamin, . . .	1, Dukes, . . .	Tisbury, . . .	Creighton House, . . .	161
Cobb, Philander, . . .	4, Plymouth, . . .	Kingston, . . .	Home, . . .	237
Coffin, Hiram B., . . .	8, Bristol, . . .	Fall River, . . .	Home, . . .	166
Coffin, Samuel, . . .	18, Essex, . . .	Salisbury, . . .	Home, . . .	189
Colburn, George F., . . .	17, Worcester, . . .	Leominster, . . .	Home, . . .	61
Converse, Elisha S., . . .	8, Middlesex, . . .	Malden, . . .	195 Congress Street, . . .	138
Cook, William H., . . .	2, Worcester, . . .	Milford, . . .	Home, . . .	188
Cooke, Hiram N., . . .	6, Berkshire, . . .	Lenox, . . .	U. S. Hotel, . . .	25
Cornell, John, . . .	14, Essex, . . .	Andover, . . .	Home, . . .	110
Cornish, Israel C., . . .	6, Bristol, . . .	New Bedford, . . .	Home, . . .	57
Cowdrey, George A., . . .	10, Middlesex, . . .	Stoneham, . . .	Home, . . .	116
Cummings, John W., . . .	8, Bristol, . . .	Fall River, . . .	Home, . . .	168

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Cunningham, Thomas, .	5, Middlesex, .	Somerville, .	Home,	39
Curtice, John W., . .	4, Berkshire, .	Hinsdale, .	U. S. Hotel,	118
Curtis, Jason L., . .	1, Essex, . .	Rockport, .	Home,	193
Curtis, Orson B., . .	5, Franklin, .	Colrain, . .	Quiney House, . . .	29
Cushing, Levi L., jun., .	1, Middlesex, .	Cambridge, .	Home,	175
Daly, Anthony C., . .	6, Suffolk, .	Boston, . .	7 Court Square, Room 46, .	82
Davis, Charles A., . .	2, Worcester, .	Upton, . .	Quiney House, . . .	70
Davis, Robert L., . .	15, Middlesex, .	Watertown, .	11 Central Wharf, . .	209
Desmond, Cornelius, .	6, Suffolk, .	Boston, . .	4 Unity Street, . . .	15
Doane, Abiathar, . .	4, Barnstable, .	Harwich, . .	Marston House, . . .	45
Doane, Freeman, . .	5, Barnstable, .	Orleans, . .	5 Seaver Place, . . .	36
Doherty, Daniel, . .	7, Suffolk, .	Boston, . .	82 Prince Street, . . .	69
Dunham, Jarvis N., .	3, Berkshire, .	Pittsfield, .	Tremont House, . . .	104

Eager, Edward R., . . .	4, Norfolk, . . .	Canton, . . .	Home, . . .	68
Ellis, W. Irving, . . .	9, Middlesex, . . .	Melrose, . . .	Home, . . .	99
Emery, Levi, . . .	21, Essex, . . .	Lawrence, . . .	Home, . . .	208
Emory, James W., . . .	1, Franklin, . . .	Orange, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	28
Everett, Noble W., . . .	6, Plymouth, . . .	Wareham, . . .	Home, . . .	231
Fairbank, John B., . . .	10, Worcester, . . .	Oakham, . . .	Home, . . .	14
Field, Lucius, . . .	5, Worcester, . . .	Clinton, . . .	Home, . . .	136
Field, Ralph A., . . .	2, Franklin, . . .	Leverett, . . .	18 Ash Street, . . .	135
Fish, Isaiah, . . .	1, Barnstable, . . .	Sandwich, . . .	17 Brattle Street, . . .	27
Flood, John T., . . .	7, Norfolk, . . .	Randolph, . . .	Home, . . .	200
French, Gardner, . . .	12, Middlesex, . . .	Reading, . . .	Home, . . .	201
Galligan, John H., . . .	3, Bristol, . . .	Taunton, . . .	Home, . . .	164
Gardner, Nelson, . . .	6, Franklin, . . .	Ashfield, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	24
Gargan, Francis, . . .	8, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	16 Ashland Street, . . .	72
Gilbert, Edwin, . . .	11, Hampden, . . .	Southwick, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	143

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Gilman, Freeman L.,	3, Suffolk,	Boston,	22 Monument Sq., Ch'town,	49
Glines, Jacob T.,	6, Middlesex,	Somerville,	Home,	144
Goulding, Frank P.,	23, Worcester,	Worcester,	Home,	129
Greene, Thomas R.,	5, Hampshire,	Belchertown,	7 Bulfinch Place,	169
Hale, Edwin B.,	1, Middlesex,	Cambridge,	Home,	145
Hardy, Noah L.,	28, Middlesex,	Natick,	Home,	146
Hart, John W.,	3, Bristol,	Taunton,	Home,	128
Haskell, Edward H.,	2, Essex,	Gloucester,	Home,	127
Hastings, Thomas J.,	18, Worcester,	Worcester,	Home,	109
Hathaway, Rawson,	6, Hampden,	Springfield,	Somerville,	111
Hathaway, Thomas B.,	6, Bristol,	New Bedford,	Home,	157
Hawks, Alanson K.,	3, Franklin,	Shelburne,	Quincy House,	158
Hawkes, Nathan M.,	10, Essex,	Lynn,	Home,	13

Hayden, George F., .	5, Norfolk, .	Weymouth, .	Home,	95
Hildreth, James, 2d, .	5, Worcester, .	Lunenburg, .	Home,	176
Hill, Clement H., .	10, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	5 Hamilton Place, .	11
Hill, Hamilton A., .	11, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	23 St. James Avenue, .	123
Hooper, John H., .	7, Middlesex, .	Medford, .	Home,	153
Howe, Asa F., . . .	15, Essex, . . .	Rowley, .	Home,	197
Howe, Simon H., .	32, Middlesex, .	Marlborough, .	Home,	196
Howe, William, .	11, Worcester, .	Holden, .	Home,	190
Howes, Thomas P., .	3, Barnstable, .	Dennis, .	Marston House, . .	167
Humphrey, John, .	9, Norfolk, .	Dover, .	129 State Street, .	46
Hutchinson, Eben, .	26, Suffolk, .	Chelsea, .	Home,	Desk
Hyde, Henry D., .	18, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	662 Tremont Street, .	150
Ingalls, Charles H., .	2, Berkshire, .	Adams, .	U. S. Hotel, . . .	148
Jackson, John, . .	7, Essex, . . .	Salem, .	Home,	112
Jaeger, Charles V., .	19, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	20 Pynchon Street, .	199

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Jenkins, Edward J.,	12, Suffolk,	Boston,	80 Hudson Street,	149
Jennings, Andrew J.,	9, Bristol,	Fall River,	Home,	125
Johnson, Henry A.,	23, Suffolk,	Boston,	Glen Road, Jamaica Plain,	180
Jones, Augustine,	10, Essex,	Lynn,	Home,	32
Kelley, Joseph J.,	3, Middlesex,	Cambridge,	Home,	33
Kelly, Jarvis P.,	3, Hampden,	Chicopee,	Creighton House,	97
Keyes, Patrick,	20, Middlesex,	Lowell,	Home,	98
Kimball, Ensign,	26, Suffolk,	Revere,	Home,	91
King, William S.,	20, Suffolk,	Boston,	1 Vine, cor. Dudley Street,	51
Knowlton, Marcus P.,	7, Hampden,	Springfield,	Tremont House,	21
Leary, Frank D.,	20, Worcester,	Worcester,	Home,	10
Leighton, Edwin F.,	9, Suffolk,	Boston,	60 Myrtle Street,	12
Leonard, James F.,	8, Norfolk,	Foxborough,	Home,	198

Lewis, John A., . . .	10, Bristol, . . .	Dighton, . . .	Home, . . .	194
Lincoln, George C., . . .	12, Worcester, . . .	No. Brookfield, . . .	Home, . . .	137
Locke, James L., . . .	8, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	11 Eaton Street, . . .	179
Long, John D., . . .	1, Plymouth, . . .	Hingham, . . .	5 Tremont Street, . . .	Spk'r
Lovell, Andrew, . . .	2, Barnstable, . . .	Barnstable, . . .	214 W. Springfield Street, . . .	56
Lovell, Benjamin S., . . .	5, Norfolk, . . .	Weymouth, . . .	Home, . . .	81
Lovell, John D., . . .	24, Worcester, . . .	Worcester, . . .	Home, . . .	162
Lowther, George W., . . .	9, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	100 Revere Street, . . .	205
Macomber, Pardon, . . .	9, Bristol, . . .	Fall River, . . .	Home, . . .	184
Macomber, William P., . . .	7, Bristol, . . .	Westport, . . .	. . .	160
Mahon, John, . . .	30, Middlesex, . . .	Hopkinton, . . .	Home, . . .	185
Mahony, James T., . . .	13, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	123 W. Third Street, . . .	213
Manning, William, . . .	19, Middlesex, . . .	Chelmsford, . . .	Home, . . .	58
Marden, Frederic A., . . .	16, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	1201 Washington Street, . . .	1
Marlor, John, . . .	10, Essex, . . .	Lynn, . . .	Home, . . .	214

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Marsh, Edwin W., . .	5, Norfolk, .	Quincy, . .	Home,	215
Marshall, George S., .	8, Middlesex, .	Everett, . .	Home,	9
McGibbons, Samuel S., .	11, Essex, . .	Lynn, . . .	Home,	183
McGlynn, Patrick M., .	8, Bristol, . .	Fall River, .	Home,	92
McPherson, Ebenezer M.,	1, Suffolk, . .	Boston, . .	171 Trenton Street, E.B., .	100
Mellen, James H., . .	22, Worcester, .	Worcester, .	Home,	178
Merriam, Artemus, . .	7, Worcester, .	Westminster, .	Quincy House,	113
Merritt, Amos W., . .	2, Plymouth, .	Scituate, . .	Home,	177
Moore, Phillips, . . .	21, Worcester, .	Worcester, .	Home,	154
Moors, Albert, . . .	22, Middlesex, .	Lowell, . .	Home,	165
Morton, Elbridge G., jr.,	4, Bristol, . .	Fairhaven, .	Home,	55
Moseley, Frederick P., .	24, Suffolk, .	Boston, . .	18 India Street,	20
Murphy, Patrick F., . .	12, Suffolk, .	Boston, . .	10 Hudson Street,	207

Newton, John F., . . .	21, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	28 Morand Street, . . .	223
Nickerson, Richard E., . . .	4, Middlesex, . . .	Somerville, . . .	Home, . . .	124
Noble, Joseph G., . . .	10, Hampden, . . .	Westfield, . . .	Quiney House, . . .	152
Norton, Eugene L., . . .	3, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	6 Mt. Vernon St., Ch'stown, . . .	220
Noyes, Charles J., . . .	14, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	134 K Street, So. Boston, . . .	53
Noyes, Chauncey O., . . .	17, Essex, . . .	Georgetown, . . .	Home, . . .	105
Nugent, James H., . . .	19, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	25 Sawyer Street, . . .	23
Oakman, William C., . . .	3, Plymouth, . . .	Marshfield, . . .	Home, . . .	54
O'Neil, Joseph H., . . .	16, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	12 Oswego Street, . . .	206
Osgood, Charles S., . . .	6, Essex, . . .	Salem, . . .	Home, . . .	52
Otis, John L., . . .	1, Hampshire, . . .	Northampton, . . .	U. S. Hotel, . . .	233
Packard, Henry B., . . .	10, Plymouth, . . .	Brockton, . . .	Home, . . .	221
Paddock, Henry, . . .	1, Nantucket, . . .	Nantucket, . . .	98 Elm Street, Charlestown, . . .	130
Paige, Calvin D., . . .	13, Worcester, . . .	Southbridge, . . .	Evans House, . . .	140
Paige, Lucius R., . . .	2, Middlesex, . . .	Cambridge, . . .	Home, . . .	8

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Parmenter, J. Sumner, .	8, Worcester, .	Athol, .	Commonwealth Hotel, .	204
Partridge, David A., .	8, Norfolk, .	Medway, .	Home,	142
Peck, William G., .	14, Middlesex, .	Arlington, .	15 Mt. Vernon Street, .	211
Peirce, James P., .	7, Plymouth, .	Lakeville, .	Home,	192
Perry, Josiah, . . .	14, Worcester, .	Dudley, .	. . . . .	195
Phillips, Benjamin A., .	8, Essex, .	Marblehead, .	Home,	78
Pike, James D., .	18, Essex, .	Merrinac, .	Home,	76
Pillsbury, Albert E., .	17, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	352 Shawmut Avenue, .	79
Potter, Timothy D., .	2, Hampden, .	Palmer, .	Quincy House, . . .	134
Powers, Henry W., .	11, Plymouth, .	So. Abington, .	Home,	Desk
Prescott, Charles J., .	11, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	183 W. Canton Street, .	35
Price, George, . . .	1, Bristol, .	Attleborough, .	Home,	40
Pynchon, William, .	4, Hampden, .	Springfield, .	U. S. Hotel, . . .	65

Putnam, Henry W.,	7, Essex, .	Salem, .	Home, .	85
Rand, Oliver J.,	2, Middlesex, .	Cambridge, .	Home, .	230
Randall, David,	17, Middlesex, .	Waltham, .	Home, .	212
Ranlett, Charles E.,	16, Middlesex, .	Newton, .	Home, .	232
Read, William A.,	21, Middlesex, .	Lowell, .	Home, .	96
Reed, William, 1st, .	34, Middlesex, .	Westford, .	Home, .	155
Reed, William, jun.,	3, Bristol, .	Taunton, .	Home, .	5
Rice, George W.,	15, Worcester, .	Sutton, .	Home, .	117
Richards, James H.,	9, Essex, .	Lynn, .	Home, .	133
Richardson, Jesper, .	3, Essex, .	Gloucester, .	Home, .	132
Ricker, John W.,	16, Essex, .	Newburyport, .	Home, .	64
Rinn, Michael, .	20, Essex, .	Lawrence, .	Home, .	126
Robinson, William, .	26, Suffolk, .	Chelsea, .	Home, .	6
Russell, Solomon N.,	3, Berkshire, .	Pittsfield, .	Trenont House, .	88
Sanford, Baalis, jun.,	10, Plymouth, .	Brockton, .	Home, .	139

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Sargent, Edmund P.,	19, Essex, .	Methuen, .	Home,	3
Sargent, Lucius M.,	3, Worcester, .	Grafton, .	Home,	47
Shea, John B.,	13, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	97 W. Sixth St., So. Boston,	89
Shortle, Henry,	6, Barnstable,	Provincetown, .	Quincy House,	2
Smith, Matthew,	3, Hampshire,	Middlefield, .	Newton,	74
Smyth, William A. S.,	19, Worcester, .	Worcester, .	Home,	210
Soule, Rufus A.,	5, Bristol, .	New Bedford, .	Home,	77
Spaulding, Pliny F.,	1, Hampden, .	Brimfield, .	Adams House,	218
Spaulding, Timothy G.,	1, Hampshire,	Northampton, .	Evans House,	151
Sprague, Leander,	6, Worcester, .	Fitchburg, .	Home,	131
Stackpole, Stephen A.,	15, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	396 Fourth St., So. Boston,	66
Stiles, Henry S.,	10, Hampden, .	Montgomery, .	Quincy House,	156
Stone, Eben F.,	16, Essex, .	Newburyport, .	Home,	4

Stuart, William J., . .	3, Norfolk, .	Hyde Park, .	Home,	83
Studley, Ezekiel R., .	9, Plymouth, .	Rockland, .	Home,	203
Swift, Van Rensselaer, .	8, Plymouth, .	Bridgewater, .	Home,	182
Taft, Zadok A., . . .	1, Worcester, .	Uxbridge, .	Home,	202
Thomas, Edward I., .	2, Norfolk, .	Brookline, .	Home,	34
Thompson, Leonard, jun.,	13, Middlesex, .	Woburn, . .	Home,	186
Thurston, Charles F., .	2, Middlesex, .	Cambridge, .	Home,	187
Tilton, John W., . .	19, Essex, . .	Haverhill, .	Home,	121
Tucker, Payson E., . .	20, Suffolk, .	Boston, . .	741 Dudley Street, .	84
Turner, John,	4, Suffolk, .	Boston, . .	31 State Street, .	224
Underwood, Horace, .	9, Worcester, .	Hubbardston, .	Quincy House, . .	67
Wade, Levi C., . . .	16, Middlesex, .	Newton, . .	Home,	222
Wadsworth, Alexander, .	10, Suffolk, .	Boston, . .	53 Bowdoin Street, .	103
Wales, Abijah T., . .	1, Bristol, .	Attleborough, .	Home,	107
Walsh, James L., . .	2, Suffolk, .	Boston, . .	. . . . .	87

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Walton, Solon, . . .	11, Middlesex, .	Wakefield, .	Home,	102
Warren, Alonzo, . . .	15, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	123 F Street, So. Boston, .	147
Washburn, John D., .	25, Worcester, .	Worcester, .	Home,	19
Webster, Abel, . . .	20, Essex, .	Lawrence, .	Home,	73
Webster, Edwin R., .	1, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	276 Meridian Street, E.B., .	106
Wentworth, Samuel H., .	7, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	Hotel Derby,	30
White, Daniel N., . . .	1, Berkshire, .	Hancock, .	Bay State House, . . .	120
White, Newton, . . .	6, Norfolk, .	Holbrook, .	Home,	101
Whitehead, Joseph, . .	13, Essex, .	Saugus, .	Home,	38
Whitehouse, Sydney F., .	2, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	33 Chelsea Street, E.B., .	219
Whitmore, Charles S., .	31, Middlesex, .	Frammingham, .	Home,	226
Wiggin, William H., . .	24, Middlesex, .	Lowell, .	Home,	41
Wilcox, Henry M., . . .	8, Berkshire, .	Sandisfield, .	U. S. Hotel,	228

Wilder, Henry H., . . .	25, Middlesex, .	Lowell, . . .	Home, . . .	71
Wilder, Sydney, . . .	29, Middlesex, .	Holliston, . .	Home, . . .	22
Wilson, George A., . .	25, Suffolk, .	Boston, . . .	Wash't'n, n. Barron, Br't'n,	234
Winn, John, . . .	18, Middlesex, .	Burlington, .	Home, . . .	122
Wiswell, Joseph, . . .	24, Suffolk, .	Boston, . . .	12 River Street, Dorchester,	31
Wonson, Charles H., .	2, Essex, . .	Gloucester, .	Home, . . .	191
Wood, Solon, . . .	33, Middlesex, .	Hudson, . . .	Home, . . .	75
Wright, John H., . . .	8, Hampden, .	Holyoke, . . .	Young's Hotel, . . .	181
Wyman, Oliver B., . .	16, Worcester, .	Shrewsbury, .	Home, . . .	216

LIST OF REPRESENTATIVES,

AS ARRANGED BY SEATS.

No.	NAME.	No.	NAME.
1.	Marden, of Boston.	29.	Curtis, of Colrain.
2.	Shortle, of Provincetown.	30.	Wentworth, of Boston.
3.	Sargent, of Methuen.	31.	Wiswell, of Boston.
4.	Stone, of Newburyport.	32.	Jones, of Lynn.
5.	Reed, of Taunton.	33.	Kelley, of Cambridge.
6.	Robinson, of Chelsea.	34.	Thomas, of Brookline.
7.	Bird, of Walpole.	35.	Prescott, of Boston.
8.	Paige, of Cambridge.	36.	Doane, of Orleans.
9.	Marshall, of Everett.	37.	Brooks, of Haverhill.
10.	Leary, of Worcester.	38.	Whitehead, of Saugus.
11.	Hill, of Boston.	39.	Cunningham, of Somerville.
12.	Leighton, of Boston.	40.	Price, of Attleborough.
13.	Hawkes, of Lynn.	41.	Wiggin, of Lowell.
14.	Fairbank, of Oakham.	42.	Billings, of Hatfield.
15.	Desmond, of Boston.	43.	Case, of New Bedford.
16.	Andrews, of Danvers.	44.	Clark, of Springfield.
17.	Baker, of Lincoln.	45.	Doane, of Harwich.
18.	Ames, of Spencer.	46.	Humphrey, of Dover.
19.	Washburn, of Worcester.	47.	Sargent, of Grafton.
20.	Moseley, of Boston.	48.	Carroll, of Marblehead.
21.	Knowlton, of Springfield.	49.	Gilman, of Boston.
22.	Wilder, of Holliston.	50.	Aldrich, of Deerfield.
23.	Nugent, of Boston.	51.	King, of Boston.
24.	Gardner, of Ashfield.	52.	Osgood, of Salem.
25.	Cooke, of Lenox.	53.	Noyes, of Boston.
26.	Barrett, of Ayer.	54.	Oakman, of Marshfield.
27.	Fish, of Sandwich.	55.	Morton, of Fairhaven.
28.	Emory, of Orange.		

No.	NAME.
56.	Lovell, of Barnstable.
57.	Cornish, of New Bedford.
58.	Manning, of Chelmsford.
59.	Bonney, of Dedham.
60.	Barnes, of Becket.
61.	Colburn, of Leominster.
62.	Allen, of Boston.
63.	Brown, of Fitchburg.
64.	Ricker, of Newburyport.
65.	Pynchon, of Springfield.
66.	Stackpole, of Boston.
67.	Underwood, of Hubbards- ton.
68.	Eager, of Canton.
69.	Doherty, of Boston.
70.	Davis, of Upton.
71.	Wilder, of Lowell.
72.	Gargan, of Boston.
73.	Webster, of Lawrence.
74.	Smith, of Middlefield.
75.	Wood, of Hudson.
76.	Pike, of Merrimac.
77.	Soule, of New Bedford.
78.	Phillips, of Marblehead.
79.	Pillsbury, of Boston.
80.	Baker, of Beverly.
81.	Lovell, of Weymouth.
82.	Daly, of Boston.
83.	Stuart, of Hyde Park.
84.	Tucker, of Boston.
85.	Putnam, of Salem.
86.	Beal, of Lawrence.
87.	Walsh, of Boston.
88.	Russell, of Pittsfield.
89.	Shea, of Boston.
90.	Carll, of Lowell.
91.	Kimball, of Revere.
92.	McGlynn, of Fall River.

No.	NAME.
93.	Bent, of Wayland.
94.	Carberry, of Boston.
95.	Hayden, of Weymouth.
96.	Read, of Lowell.
97.	Kelly, of Chicopee.
98.	Keyes, of Lowell.
99.	Ellis, of Melrose.
100.	McPherson, of Boston.
101.	White, of Holbrook.
102.	Walton, of Wakefield.
103.	Wadsworth, of Boston.
104.	Dunham, of Pittsfield.
105.	Noyes, of Georgetown.
106.	Webster, of Boston.
107.	Wales, of Attleborough.
108.	Bancroft, of Boston.
109.	Hastings, of Worcester.
110.	Cornell, of Andover.
111.	Hathaway, of Spr'gfield.
112.	Jackson, of Salem.
113.	Merriam, of Westmin- ster.
114.	Byram, of Boston.
115.	Chapin, of Boston.
116.	Cowdrey, of Stoneham.
117.	Rice, of Sutton.
118.	Curtice, of Hinsdale.
119.	Anthony, of Adams.
120.	White, of Hancock.
121.	Tilton, of Haverhill.
122.	Winn, of Burlington.
123.	Hill, of Boston.
124.	Nickerson, of Somerville.
125.	Jennings, of Fall River.
126.	Rinn, of Lawrence.
127.	Haskell, of Gloucester.
128.	Hart, of Taunton.
129.	Goulding, of Worcester.

No.	NAME.	No.	NAME.
130.	Paddock, of Nantucket.	165.	Moors, of Lowell.
131.	Sprague, of Fitchburg.	166.	Coffin, of Fall River.
132.	Richardson, of Glo'ster.	167.	Howes, of Dennis.
133.	Richards, of Lynn.	168.	Cummings, of Fall River.
134.	Potter, of Palmer.	169.	Greene, of Belchertown.
135.	Field, of Leverett.	170.	Bush, of Gardner.
136.	Field, of Clinton.	171.	Bliss, of Great Barrington.
137.	Lincoln, of North Brookfield.	172.	Blanchard, of Boston.
138.	Converse, of Malden.	173.	Brigham, of Westboro'.
139.	Sanford, of Brockton.	174.	Brackett, of Boston.
140.	Paige, of Southbridge.	175.	Cushing, of Cambridge.
141.	Burnett, of So. Hadley.	176.	Hildreth, of Lunenburg.
142.	Partridge, of Medway.	177.	Merritt, of Scituate.
143.	Gilbert, of Southwick.	178.	Mellen, of Worcester.
144.	Glines, of Somerville.	179.	Locke, of Boston.
145.	Hale, of Cambridge.	180.	Johnson, of Boston.
146.	Hardy, of Natick.	181.	Wright, of Holyoke.
147.	Warren, of Boston.	182.	Swift, of Bridgewater.
148.	Ingalls, of Adams.	183.	McGibbons, of Lynn.
149.	Jenkins, of Boston.	184.	Macomber, of Fall River.
150.	Hyde, of Boston.	185.	Mahon, of Hopkinton.
151.	Spaulding, of Northampton.	186.	Thompson, of Woburn.
152.	Noble, of Westfield.	187.	Thurston, of Cambridge.
153.	Hooper, of Medford.	188.	Cook, of Milford.
154.	Moore, of Worcester.	189.	Coffin, of Salisbury.
155.	Reed, of Westford.	190.	Howe, of Holden.
156.	Stiles, of Montgomery.	191.	Wonson, of Gloucester.
157.	Hathaway, of New Bedford.	192.	Peirce, of Lakeville.
158.	Hawks, of Shelburne.	193.	Curtis, of Rockport.
159.	Bolles, of Boston.	194.	Lewis, of Dighton.
160.	Macomber, of Westport.	195.	Perry, of Dudley.
161.	Clough, of Tisbury.	196.	Howe, of Marlborough.
162.	Lovell, of Worcester.	197.	Howe, of Rowley.
163.	Chase, of Salem.	198.	Leonard, of Foxborough.
164.	Galligan, of Taunton.	199.	Jaeger, of Boston.
		200.	Flood, of Randolph.
		201.	French, of Reading.

No.	NAME.
202.	Taft, of Uxbridge.
203.	Studley, of Rockland.
204.	Parmenter, of Athol.
205.	Lowther, of Boston.
206.	O'Neil, of Boston.
207.	Murphy, of Boston.
208.	Emery, of Lawrence.
209.	Davis, of Watertown.
210.	Smyth, of Worcester.
211.	Peck, of Arlington.
212.	Randall, of Waltham.
213.	Mahony, of Boston.
214.	Marlor, of Lynn.
215.	Marsh, of Quincy.
216.	Wyman, of Shrewsbury.
217.	
218.	Spaulding, of Brimfield.
219.	Whitehouse, of Boston.
220.	Norton, of Boston.
221.	Packard, of Brockton.
222.	Wade, of Newton.

No.	NAME.
223.	Newton, of Boston.
224.	Turner, of Boston.
225.	Chamberlain, of Sturbridge.
226.	Whitmore, of Framingham.
227.	Beach, of Springfield.
228.	Wilcox, of Standisfield.
229.	Belcher, of Easton.
230.	Rand, of Cambridge.
231.	Everett, of Warcham.
232.	Ranlett, of Newton.
233.	Otis, of Northampton.
234.	Wilson, of Boston.
235.	Bartlett, of Peabody.
236.	Barnes, of Plymouth.
237.	Cobb, of Kingston.
238.	Bartholomew, of West Springfield.
	Desk. Powers, of S. Abington.
	Desk. Hutchinson, of Chelsea.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

GEORGE A. MARDEN, Lowell, . . .	<i>Clerk.</i>
WILLIAM S. SOUTHWORTH, Lowell, . . .	<i>Assistant Clerk.</i>
O. F. MITCHELL, Bridgewater, . . .	<i>Sergeant-at-Arms.</i>
REV. R. G. SEYMOUR, Boston, . . .	<i>Chaplain.</i>
THOMAS J. TUCKER, JR., . . .	<i>Doorkeeper.</i>
EMERSON W. LAW, . . .	<i>Ass't Doorkeeper.</i>
E. M. ALEXANDER, . . .	<i>Postmaster.</i>
THOMAS PLUNKETT, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
J. H. BREWSTER, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
E. T. POPE, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
JOHN E. KILLIAN, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
CHARLES W. PHILBRICK, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
HENRY O. READ, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
JOHN E. GILMAN, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
FRED. THAYER. . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
JOSEPH HUESTIS, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
A. W. SAFFORD, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
JAMES A. ATHY, . . .	<i>Page.</i>
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MONITORS.

FIRST DIVISION, .	{ Messrs. THOMAS, of Brookline, and WENTWORTH, of Boston.
SECOND DIVISION, .	{ Messrs. DUNHAM, of Pittsfield, and McPHERSON, of Boston.
THIRD DIVISION, .	{ Messrs. ELLIS, of Melrose, and READ, of Lowell.
FOURTH DIVISION, .	{ Messrs. HAYDEN, of Weymouth, and McGLYNN, of Fall River.
FIFTH DIVISION, .	{ Messrs. KIMBALL, of Revere, and WALSH, of Boston.
SIXTH DIVISION, .	{ Messrs. WASHBURN, of Worcester, and DESMOND, of Boston.

COMMITTEES.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

ON THE JUDICIARY.

Messrs. Russell,	<i>of Middlesex.</i>
White,	<i>of Plymouth.</i>
Coffin,	<i>of Middlesex.</i>
Merriam,	<i>of Worcester.</i>
Brown,	<i>of Berkshire.</i>

ON PROBATE AND CHANCERY.

Messrs. White,	<i>of Plymouth.</i>
Gardner,	<i>of Hampden.</i>
Abbott,	<i>of Middlesex.</i>

ON THE TREASURY.

Messrs. Adams,	<i>of Worcester.</i>
Breed,	<i>of Essex.</i>
Flatley,	<i>of Suffolk.</i>

ON BILLS IN THE THIRD READING.

Messrs. Bishop,	<i>of Middlesex.</i>
Knowlton,	<i>of Bristol.</i>
Abbott,	<i>of Middlesex.</i>
Beal,	<i>of Plymouth.</i>
Cate,	<i>of Essex.</i>

ON ENGROSSED BILLS.

Messrs. Gregory,	<i>of Essex.</i>
Lynde,	<i>of Worcester.</i>
Davol,	<i>of Bristol.</i>

ON LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Messrs. Adams,	<i>of Worcester.</i>
Cate of Essex,	<i>of Essex.</i>
Canfield,	<i>of Berkshire.</i>

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

ON THE JUDICIARY.

Messrs. C. H. Hill,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>
Wade,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Newton.</i>
Pillsbury,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>
Goulding,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Worcester.</i>
Walsh,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>
Knowlton,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Springfield.</i>
Jennings,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Fall River.</i>

ON PROBATE AND CHANCERY.

Messrs. Brackett,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>
Wentworth,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>
Fairbank,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Oakham.</i>
Hyde,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>
Spaulding,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Northampton.</i>
Galligan,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Taunton.</i>
Daly,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>

ON FINANCE.

Messrs. Stone,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Newburyport.</i>
Bird,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Walpole.</i>
Cushing,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Cambridge.</i>
Allen,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>
H. A. Hill,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>
Bolles,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>
Brown,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Fitchburg.</i>

ON ELECTIONS.

Messrs. Hawkes,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Lynn.</i>
Beach,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Springfield.</i>
Doane,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Harwich.</i>
Gargan,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>
Manning,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Chelmsford.</i>
Curtice,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Hinsdale.</i>
Paddock,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Nantucket.</i>

ON BILLS IN THE THIRD READING.

Messrs. Hutchinson,	<i>of Chelsea.</i>
Whitehead,	<i>of Saugus.</i>
Bush,	<i>of Gardner.</i>
Howe,	<i>of Rowley.</i>
Richardson,	<i>of Gloucester.</i>
Kelly,	<i>of Chicopee.</i>
Rice,	<i>of Sutton.</i>

ON ENGROSSED BILLS.

Messrs. Powers,	<i>of South Abington.</i>
French,	<i>of Reading.</i>
Curtis,	<i>of Rockport.</i>
Webster,	<i>of Lawrence.</i>
Cooke,	<i>of Lenox.</i>
Moore,	<i>of Worcester.</i>
Macomber,	<i>of Westport.</i>

ON COUNTY ESTIMATES.

Messrs. Cunningham,	<i>of Somerville.</i>
Lovell,	<i>of Worcester.</i>
Bonney,	<i>of Dedham.</i>
Pyncheon,	<i>of Springfield.</i>
Billings,	<i>of Hatfield.</i>
Price,	<i>of Attleborough.</i>
White,	<i>of Hancock.</i>

ON PAY-ROLL.

Messrs. Ames,	<i>of Spencer.</i>
Hathaway,	<i>of New Bedford.</i>
Humphrey,	<i>of Dover.</i>
Merriam,	<i>of Westminster.</i>
Potter,	<i>of Palmer.</i>
Emory,	<i>of Orange.</i>
Sargent,	<i>of Methuen.</i>

ON LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mssrs. Gardner,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Ashfield.</i>
Peirce,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Lakeville.</i>
Bliss,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Great Barrington.</i>
Wonson,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Gloucester.</i>
Spaulding,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Brimfield.</i>
Rinn,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Lawrence.</i>
Mahon,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Hopkinton.</i>

ON PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Messrs. Gilbert,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Southwick.</i>
Belcher,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Easton.</i>
McGibbons,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Lynn.</i>
Hathaway,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Springfield.</i>
Brooks,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Haverhill.</i>
Lincoln,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of North Brookfield.</i>
Cornell,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Andover.</i>

ON RULES AND ORDERS.

Messrs. Osgood,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Salem.</i>
Cummings,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Fall River.</i>
Leary,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Worcester.</i>
Phillips,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Marblehead.</i>
Wood,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Hudson.</i>
Barnes,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Becket.</i>
Carberry,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

ON AGRICULTURE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gregory, of Essex, and
Lynde, of Worcester.

Of the House. — Messrs. Baker, of Lincoln,
Smith, of Middlefield,
Webster, of Boston,
Winn, of Burlington, and
Lewis, of Dighton.

ON BANKS AND BANKING.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Holmes, of Bristol,
Ropes, of Suffolk, and
Barker, of Norfolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Thomas, of Brookline,
McPherson, of Boston,
Hawks, of Shelburne,
Wilson, of Boston,
Whitmore, of Framingham,
Parmenter, of Athol,
Brigham, of Westborough, and
Marshall, of Everett.

ON CLAIMS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Hill, of Suffolk,
White, of Suffolk, and
Canfield, of Berkshire.

Of the House. — Messrs. Clark, of Springfield,
Russell, of Pittsfield,
Fairbank, of Oakham,
Partridge, of Medway,
Swift, of Bridgewater,
Wilcox, of Sandisfield,
Stackpole, of Boston, and
Reed, of Westford.

ON EDUCATION.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Saunders, of Middlesex, and
White, of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Hale, of Cambridge,
Brackett, of Boston,
Peck, of Arlington,
Everett, of Wareham, and
Sargent, of Grafton.

ON FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Palmer, of Suffolk, and
Russell, of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Goulding, of Worcester,
Barrett, of Ayer,
Case, of New Bedford,
Chamberlain, of Sturbridge, and
Shea, of Boston.

ON THE FISHERIES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Ewing, of Hampden, and
Rogers, of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Andrews, of Danvers,
Lovell, of Barnstable,
Wales, of Attleborough,
Coffin, of Salisbury, and
Flood, of Randolph.

ON HARBORS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Hill, of Suffolk,
Day, of Suffolk, and
Rogers, of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Norton, of Boston,
Shortle, of Provincetown,
Robinson, of Chelsea,
Noyes, of Boston,
Whitehouse, of Boston,
Pike, of Merrimac,
Cobb, of Kingston, and
Howes, of Dennis.

ON INSURANCE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Barton, of Worcester, and
Gogin, of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Dunham, of Pittsfield,
Doane, of Orleans,
Smyth, of Worcester,
Eager, of Canton, and
Walton, of Wakefield.

ON THE LIBRARY.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gregory, of Essex, and
Davol, of Bristol.

Of the House. — Messrs. Paige, of Cambridge,
Desmond, of Boston,
Hildreth, of Lunenburg,
Greene, of Belchertown, and
Stiles, of Montgomery.

ON MANUFACTURES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gilbert, of Hampshire, and
Gogin, of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Howe, of Marlborough,
Stuart, of Hyde Park,
Hart, of Taunton,
Perry, of Dudley, and
Moors, of Lowell.

ON MERCANTILE AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Truell, of Essex,
Knowlton, of Worcester, and
Sherman, of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Randall, of Waltham,
Tilton, of Haverhill,
Lovell, of Weymouth,
Sanford, of Brockton,
Johnson, of Boston,
Keyes, of Lowell,
Jenkins, of Boston, and
Davis, of Watertown.

ON MILITARY AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Winn, of Franklin,
Merriam, of Worcester, and
Canfield, of Berkshire.

Of the House. — Messrs. Ellis, of Melrose,
Thurston, of Cambridge,
Otis, of Northampton,
Beal, of Lawrence,
Wright, of Holyoke,
Ricker, of Newburyport,
Gilman, of Boston, and
Davis, of Upton.

ON PARISHES AND RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Swett, of Essex, and
Sherman, of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. White, of Holbrook,
Curtis, of Colrain,
Wilder, of Holliston,
Burnett, of South Hadley,
Wyman, of Shrewsbury.

ON PRINTING.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Davol, of Bristol, and
Cate, of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Pillsbury, of Boston,
Putnam, of Salem,
Rand, of Cambridge,
Field, of Clinton, and
Haskell, of Gloucester.

ON PRISONS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Truell, of Essex,
Flatley, of Suffolk, and
Knowlton, of Worcester.

Of the House. — Messrs. King, of Boston,
Chase, of Salem,
Locke, of Boston,
Emery, of Lawrence,
Anthony, of Adams,
Wiggin, of Lowell,
Byram, of Boston, and
Hardy, of Natick.

ON PUBLIC CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Ely, of Norfolk,
Burrage, of Suffolk, and
Gardner, of Hampden:

Of the House. — Messrs. Washburn, of Worcester,
Prescott, of Boston,
Bird, of Walpole,
Bancroft, of Boston,
Kelley, of Cambridge,
Macomber, of Fall River,
Jones, of Lynn, and
Blanchard, of Boston.

ON PUBLIC LANDS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Sherman, of Middlesex, and
Beal, of Plymouth.

Of the House. — Messrs. Wiswell, of Boston,
Thompson, of Woburn,
Wade, of Newton,
Underwood, of Hubbardston, and
Clough, of Tisbury.

ON RAILROADS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Palmer, of Suffolk,
Gilbert, of Hampshire, and
Knowlton, of Bristol.

Of the House. — Messrs. Osgood, of Salem,
Hawkes, of Lynn,
Chapin, of Boston,
Wilder, of Lowell,
Dunham, of Pittsfield,
Moseley, of Boston,
Tucker, of Boston, and
Soule, of New Bedford.

ON ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Swett, of Essex, and
Beal of Plymouth.

Of the House. — Messrs. Kimball, of Revere,
Bartlett, of Peabody,
Barnes, of Plymouth,
Doherty, of Boston, and
Taft, of Uxbridge.

ON THE STATE HOUSE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Flatley, of Suffolk, and
Knowlton, of Worcester.

Of the House. — Messrs. Nugent, of Boston,
Oakman, of Marshfield,
Aldrich, of Deerfield,
Carroll, of Marblehead, and
Packard, of Brockton.

ON STREET-RAILWAYS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Breed, of Essex,
Hayes, of Middlesex, and
Gogin, of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Turner, of Boston,
Newton, of Boston,
Marsh, of Quincy,
Noyes, of Georgetown,
Glines, of Somerville,
Jackson, of Salem,
Morton, of Fairhaven, and
Murphy, of Boston.

ON TOWNS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Hayes, of Middlesex, and
Adams, of Worcester.

Of the House. — Messrs. Studley, of Rockland,
Read, of Lowell,
Nickerson, of Somerville,
Hutchinson, of Chelsea, and
Colburn, of Leominster.

ON WATER-SUPPLY AND DRAINAGE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Barton, of Worcester,
Ropes, of Suffolk, and
Bishop, of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Warren, of Boston,
Carll, of Lowell,
Cornish, of New Bedford,
Wadsworth, of Boston,
Reed, of Taunton,
Marden, of Boston,
Hooper, of Medford, and
Bent, of Wayland.

JOINT SPECIAL COMMITTEES.

On the Several Portions of the Governor's Address.

ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Russell, of Middlesex,
White, of Plymouth,
Coffin, of Middlesex,
Merriam, of Worcester, and
Brown, of Berkshire.

Of the House. — Messrs. C. H. Hill, of Boston,
Wade, of Newton,
Pillsbury, of Boston,
Goulding, of Worcester,
Walsh, of Boston,
Knowlton, of Springfield, and
Jennings, of Fall River.

ON HOOSAC TUNNEL AND TROY AND GREENFIELD RAILROAD.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Winn, of Franklin,
Burrage, of Suffolk, and
Ewing, of Hampden.

Of the House. — Messrs. Noyes, of Boston,
Baker, of Beverly,
Norton, of Boston,
Cook, of Milford,
Ingalls, of Adams,
Converse, of Malden,
Sprague, of Fitchburg, and
Leighton, of Boston.

ON LABOR.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Holmes, of Bristol,
Gardner, of Hampden, and
Day, of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Mellen, of Worcester,
Hayden, of Weymouth,
Bartholomew, of West Springfield,
Howe, of Holden,
Field, of Leverett,
Coffin, of Fall River,
Marlor, of Lynn, and
Lowther, of Boston.

ON STATE DETECTIVE FORCE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Russell, of Middlesex,
White, of Plymouth,
Coffin, of Middlesex,
Merriam, of Worcester, and
Brown, of Berkshire.

Of the House. — Messrs. C. H. Hill, of Boston,
Wade, of Newton,
Pillsbury, of Boston,
Goulding, of Worcester,
Walsh, of Boston,
Knowlton, of Springfield, and
Jennings, of Fall River.

ON TAXATION.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Coffin, of Middlesex,
Lynde, of Worcester, and
Bishop, of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Hyde, of Boston,
H. A. Hill, of Boston,
Ranlett, of Newton,
Hastings, of Worcester,
Mahony, of Boston,
Richards, of Lynn,
Noble, of Westfield, and
Paige, of Southbridge.

Committees appointed under Order of the two Branches.**ON THE LIQUOR LAW.**

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Merriam, of Worcester,
Cate, of Essex, and
Abbott, of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Baker, of Beverly.
Andrews, of Danvers,
Knowlton, of Springfield,
Fish, of Sandwich,
Merritt, of Scituate,
Cowdrey, of Stoneham,
O'Neil, of Boston, and
Jager, of Boston.

ON WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Bishop, of Middlesex.
Palmer, of Suffolk, and
Saunders, of Middlesex,

Of the House. — Messrs. Shortle, of Provincetown,
C. H. Hill, of Boston,
Jones, of Lynn,
Warren, of Boston,
Hastings, of Worcester,
Richards, of Lynn,
Kelley, of Cambridge, and
McGlynn, of Fall River.

REPORTERS.

IN THE SENATE.

FRANK H. FORBES, . . .	<i>Boston Traveller.</i>
GEORGE C. BURPEE, . . .	<i>Boston Post.</i>
WILLIAM B. SMART, . . .	<i>Boston Transcript.</i>
FRED W. WEBBER, . . .	<i>Boston Journal.</i>
R. L. BRIDGMAN, . . .	<i>Boston Advertiser.</i>
A. M. BRIDGMAN, . . .	{ <i>Springfield Republican.</i> <i>Boston Herald.</i> <i>Boston Globe.</i>
EMMIE A. LANE, . . .	<i>New Bedford Standard.</i>

IN THE HOUSE.

WILLIAM B. SMART, . . .	{ <i>Boston Post.</i> <i>Boston Transcript.</i>
STEPHEN O'MEARA, . . .	<i>Boston Journal.</i>
WILLIAM M. OLIN, . . .	<i>Boston Advertiser.</i>
FRED P. BACON, . . .	<i>Boston Globe.</i>
FRANK H. FORBES, . . .	<i>Boston Traveller.</i>
A. M. BRIDGMAN, . . .	<i>Springfield Republican.</i>
FREDERIC R. GUERNSEY, . . .	<i>Boston Herald.</i>

ASSIGNMENT OF COMMITTEE ROOMS.

EAST WING.

RIGHT, ON ENTERING FROM BEACON STREET.

President of the Senate and Clerk of the Senate.

(Rear of the Senate Chamber.)

No. 1. Clerk of the House.

2. Committee on the Judiciary. *(Senate.)*

3. Committee on the Fisheries.

3. Committee on Insurance.

4. Committee on Harbors.

4. Committee on Claims.

5. Committee on Mercantile Affairs.

5. Committee on Prisons.

6. Committee on County Estimates.

6. Committee on Roads and Bridges.

7. Committee on Parishes and Religious Societies.

7. Committee on Public Lands.

Committee on the Library.

(In the Library.)

Committee on Finance.

Committee on Expenditures.

Committee on the State House.

In Sergeant-at-Arms' Office.

Committee on Towns.

In "Blue Room."

WEST WING.

LEFT, ON ENTERING FROM BEACON STREET.

Speaker's Room between House and Council Chamber.

No. 8. Committee on the Judiciary. (*House.*)

8. Committee on State Detective Force.

8. Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

9. Committee on Probate and Chancery. (*House.*)

10. Committee on Railroads.

11. Committee on Leave of Absence.

11. Committee on the Pay Roll.

11. Committee on Printing.

12. Committee on Education.

12. Committee on Probate and Chancery. (*Senate.*)

13. Committee on Banks and Banking.

14. Committee on Elections.

14. Committee on Taxation.

14. Committee on Water Supply and Drainage.

15. Committee on Public Charitable Institutions.

16. Committee on Elections.

16. Committee on Street Railways.

18. Committee on Agriculture.

18. Committee on Manufactures.

Committee on Military Affairs.

(*In Room opposite to the Adjutant-General's Office.*)

Committee on Labor.

(*In Room opposite to the Adjutant-General's Office.*)

Committee on Hoosac Tunnel & Troy and Greenfield
Railroad.

(*In the "Green Room."*)

NOTICE TO MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL COURT.

STATE LIBRARY.

The first section of the fifth chapter of the General Statutes provides that there shall be a State Library kept in the State House, for the use of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the Council, the Senate, the House of Representatives, and such other officers of the Government and other persons as may from time to time be permitted to use the same.

The Library is in the second story of the enlargement.

REGULATIONS.

The Library is open during the session of the Legislature, each day, without intermission, from 9, A.M., to 5, P.M., except on Saturday, P.M., when it is closed at 1 o'clock, for sweeping, dusting, &c.

All persons may use the Library for consultation or reference.

Members of the Legislature may enter any alcove, and consult or peruse any book at their pleasure.

Members may take any of the miscellaneous books to their lodgings, and retain them for a reasonable time.

The Statutes, Law Reports, State Papers, Journals, Dictionaries, Encyclopedias, etc., etc., may be taken to any part of the State House, but are not to be removed from it except in special cases.

Any member wishing to have access to any or all parts of

the Library, can be furnished with a key which will open every alcove, on application to one of the Assistants, the key to be returned before leaving the Library-room.

Members taking books from the shelves are requested to be particularly careful to return them to their proper places, or to leave them on the tables, to be replaced by the attendants.

No book is to be taken by a member from the Library-room without its being charged to him.

Books used at a hearing before a committee are to be charged to some member of the committee, or of the Legislature, and not to counsel or parties in the case pending.

Any member having special occasion to use the Library in the evening, or at any hour after it is closed, can have access to it through one of the watchmen in charge of the building.

OFFICERS.

George O. Shattuck, J. M. Manning, and Edwin P. Whipple, of Boston, *Trustees*; John W. Dickinson, *Librarian, ex officio*; Oliver Warner, *Assistant Librarian*; Miss C. R. Jackson, Miss E. M. Sawyer, *Clerks*.

AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY.

A valuable Agricultural Library, connected with the office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, is also open at all hours of the day for the use of the members of the Legislature. It is in the basement of the State House, in the rear.

BOSTON ATHENÆUM.

By the Act of the General Court incorporating the Proprietors of the Boston Athenæum, it is provided that the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the members of the Coun-

cil, of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives, for the time being, shall have free access to the Library of the said corporation, and may visit and consult the same at all times, under the same regulations as may be provided by the by-laws of said corporation for the proprietors thereof.

The Boston Athenæum is situated in Beacon Street, near the State House, and members who may wish to avail themselves of their privilege can receive a note of introduction to the Librarian by applying to the Sergeant-at-Arms.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Section 6 of the Act of 1794, incorporating the Massachusetts Historical Society, provides that "either branch of the Legislature shall and may have free access to the library and museum of said society."

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

[Appointed under chapter 200 of the Acts of 1877.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

FRANK W. DRAPER,	<i>Boston.</i>
FRANCIS A. HARRIS,	<i>Boston.</i>

ESSEX COUNTY.

FRANKLIN DYER,	<i>Gloucester.</i>
YORICK G. HURD,	<i>Ipswich.</i>
GEORGE W. SNOW,	<i>Newburyport.</i>
SAMUEL K. TOWLE,	<i>Haverhill.</i>
WILLIAM D. LAMB,	<i>Lawrence.</i>
RICHMOND B. ROOT,	<i>Georgetown.</i>
JOSEPH G. PINKHAM,	<i>Lynn.</i>
CHARLES A. CARLETON,	<i>Salem.</i>
CHARLES HADDOCK,	<i>Beverly.</i>
GEORGE S. OSBORNE,	<i>Peabody.</i>

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

JOHN L. HILDRETH,	<i>Cambridge.</i>
JOHN L. SULLIVAN,	<i>Malden.</i>
SAMUEL W. ABBOTT,	<i>Wakefield.</i>
FREDERICK WINSOR,	<i>Winchester.</i>
HENRY A. BARRETT,	<i>Concord.</i>
ALFRED HOSMER,	<i>Watertown.</i>
NATHAN S. CHAMBERLAIN,	<i>Marlborough.</i>
BENJAMIN H. HARTWELL,	<i>Ayer.</i>
JOHN C. IRISH,	<i>Lowell.</i>

WORCESTER COUNTY.

JAMES P. LYNDE,	.	.	.	.	<i>Athol.</i>
WILLIAM M. PARKER,	.	.	.	.	<i>Milford.</i>
SAMUEL C. HARTWELL,	.	.	.	.	<i>Southbridge.</i>
DAVID W. HODGKINS,	.	.	.	.	<i>Brookfield.</i>
CHARLES. W. WHITCOMB,	.	.	.	.	<i>Barre.</i>
J. MARCUS RICE,	.	.	.	.	<i>Worcester.</i>
GEORGE M. MORSE,	.	.	.	.	<i>Clinton.</i>
HENRY A. JEWETT,	.	.	.	.	<i>Northborough.</i>
ROWSE R. CLARKE,	.	.	.	.	<i>Northbridge.</i>
ERNEST P. MILLER,	.	.	.	.	<i>Fitchburg.</i>
IRA RUSSELL,	.	.	.	.	<i>Winchendon.</i>

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

JOSEPH W. WINSLOW,	.	.	.	.	<i>Easthampton.</i>
CHRISTOPHER SEYMOUR,	.	.	.	.	<i>Northampton.</i>
DYER B. N. FISH,	.	.	.	.	<i>Amherst.</i>
DAVID W. MINER,	.	.	.	.	<i>Ware.</i>

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

WILLIAM HOLBROOK,	.	.	.	.	<i>Palmer.</i>
THEODORE F. BRECK,	.	.	.	.	<i>Springfield.</i>
LYMAN M. TUTTLE,	.	.	.	.	<i>Holyoke.</i>
JAMES H. WATERMAN,	.	.	.	.	<i>Westfield.</i>

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

FRANCIS J. CANEDY,	.	.	.	.	<i>Shelburne Falls.</i>
ERASTUS C. COY,	.	.	.	.	<i>Montague.</i>

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

HENRY S. SABIN,	.	.	.	.	<i>Williamstown.</i>
JAMES F. A. ADAMS,	.	.	.	.	<i>Pittsfield.</i>
SAMUEL CAMP,	.	.	.	.	<i>Gt. Barrington.</i>
CHARLES C. HOLCOMBE,	.	.	.	.	<i>Lee.</i>

NORFOLK COUNTY.

CHARLES STURTEVANT,	.	.	.	.	<i>Hyde Park.</i>
JAMES MORISON,	.	.	.	.	<i>Quincy.</i>
CHARLES C. TOWER,	.	.	.	.	<i>Weymouth.</i>
ALEXANDER R. HOLMES,	.	.	.	.	<i>Canton.</i>
ROBERT AMORY,	.	.	.	.	<i>Brookline.</i>
ALBERT D. KINGSBURY,	.	.	.	.	<i>Needham.</i>
CHARLES A. BEMIS,	.	.	.	.	<i>Medway.</i>
GUSTAVUS P. PRATT,	.	.	.	.	<i>Cohasset.</i>

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

A. ELLIOT PAINE,	.	.	.	.	<i>Brockton.</i>
JUBAL C. GLEASON,	.	.	.	.	<i>Rockland.</i>
JAMES B. BREWSTER,	.	.	.	.	<i>Plymouth.</i>
EBENEZER W. DRAKE,	.	.	.	.	<i>Middleborough.</i>

BRISTOL COUNTY.

JOHN R. BRONSON,	.	.	.	.	<i>Attleborough.</i>
SILAS D. PRESBRY,	.	.	.	.	<i>Taunton.</i>
JEROME DWELLY,	.	.	.	.	<i>Fall River.</i>
HENRY JOHNSON,	.	.	.	.	<i>New Bedford.</i>

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

GEORGE N. MUNSELL,	.	.	.	.	<i>Harwich.</i>
MARCUS F. DELANO,	.	.	.	.	<i>Sandwich.</i>
JOHN M. CROCKER,	.	.	.	.	<i>Provincetown.</i>

DUKES COUNTY.

JOHN PIERCE,	.	.	.	.	<i>Edgartown.</i>
EDWIN MAYBERRY,	<i>Edgartown.</i>
JOHN D. O'CONNELL,	<i>Tisbury.</i>

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

JOHN B. KING,	<i>Nantucket.</i>
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ROSTER OF THE STATE DETECTIVE FORCE.

LUTHER STEPHENSON, Jr., Chief Detective, 35 Pemberton Square, Boston.

DETECTIVES.

Hollis C. Pinkham, 35 Pemberton Square	. Boston.
James P. Wade, 35 Pemberton Square	. Boston.
David B. Keith, 35 Pemberton Square	. Boston.
Joseph H. Knox, 35 Pemberton Square	. Boston.
Daniel Noonan, 35 Pemberton Square	. Boston.
D. L. Wentworth, 35 Pemberton Square	. Boston.
George H. Innis, 35 Pemberton Square	. Boston.
M. V. B. Hersom, 35 Pemberton Square	. Boston.
Francis M. Smith, 35 Pemberton Square	. Boston.
John B. Hollis, Jr., 35 Pemberton Square	. Boston.
Wm. E. Carleton, 35 Pemberton Square	. Boston.
Chase Philbrick	Lawrence.
John C. Blood	Lowell.
Benjamin Buffinton	Fall River.
Charles A. W. Oesting	New Bedford.
P. O. Day, Jr.	Worcester.
F. C. Currier	Fitchburg.
John Crosby, Jr.	Pittsfield.
Henry C. Joslyn	Holyoke.
George W. Warren	Deerfield.
Kendrick B. Webster	Springfield.
Charles L. Ayers	Newburyport.
Samuel T. Allen	Quincy.
Josiah A. Bean	Natick.
William Cronin	Gloucester.
Andrew Campbell	Westfield.
James U. Hunt	Lynn.
William M. Hill	Salem.
Horatio S. Kelley	Dennisport.
George C. Pratt	North Abington.

SOLDIERS' MESSENGER CORPS,

*For the Delivery of Messages, Letters, Small Packages, Circulars,
&c., in this City and its immediate vicinity.*

STATIONS.

1. Scollay's Square.
2. Corner of Water and Washington streets.
3. Pemberton Square.
4. Clarendon House.*
5. Merchants' Row, corner of State Street.
6. Post-office.
7. Corner of Summer and Washington streets, and corner of West and Washington streets.
8. Corner of Arlington and Boylston streets, and Providence Depot.
9. Front of Boylston Market, on Washington Street.
10. South-west corner of Court and Washington streets, Old State House.
11. Corner of Winter and Tremont streets.
12. Front of Merchants' Bank, State Street.
13. State House.
14. Corner of Charles and Chestnut streets.
15. Worcester Depot.
16. Corner of Arlington and Beacon streets.
17. Congress Street, corner of Post-office Square.
18. Liberty Square.
19. Opposite Horticultural Building, Tremont Street.
20. Corner of Franklin and Washington streets.
21. Lowell and Eastern depots.

* Messenger No. 4 has cards, with printed tariff for his station.

22. Athenæum Building, Beacon Street.
23. Front of Merchants' Exchange, State Street.
24. Front of the Parker House, on School Street.

TARIFF.*

- To any point in Boston, north of Dover Street, and east of Berkeley Street, 15 cents.
- To any point in Boston, north of Dover street, and east of Berkeley Street, with return letter or parcel, 25 cents.
- To any point in Boston, south of Dover Street (old city limits), and west of Berkeley Street, . . . 20 cents.
- To any point in Boston, south of Dover street (old city limits), and west of Berkeley Street, with letter or parcel, 30 cents.
- To East or South Boston, Charlestown, Cambridge, Highlands, or any point out of Boston proper, per hour, 25 cents.
- Circulars delivered according to agreement.

Extra messengers, to be paid by the day, may be had at the Superintendent's Office.

Complaints, from any cause whatever, made to the Superintendent, at his office, 24 Pemberton Square, will secure prompt attention.

D. O. BALCOM, *Superintendent.*

* Messenger No. 4 has cards, with printed tariff for his station.

THE STATE HOUSE.

The present State House was erected in 1795-7, upon land purchased of the heirs of John Hancock, by the town of Boston, for the sum of \$4,000, and conveyed by said town to the Commonwealth, May 2, 1795. The Commissioners on the part of the town to convey the "Governor's Pasture," as it was styled, to the Commonwealth, were William Tudor, Charles Jarvis, John Coffin Jones, William Eustis, William Little, Thomas Dawes, Joseph Russell, Harrison Gray Otis, and Perez Morton. The agents for erecting the State House were named in the deed as follows: Thomas Dawes, Edward Hutchinson Robbins, and Charles Bulfinch.

The corner-stone was laid July 4, 1795, by Governor Samuel Adams, assisted by Paul Revere, Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons. The stone was drawn to the spot by fifteen white horses, representing the number of States of the Union at that time. The building is 173 feet front; the height, including dome, is 110 feet, and the foundation is about that height above the waters of the Bay. The dome is 53 feet in diameter, and 35 feet high.

Extensive improvements, including a "new part," extending backward upon Mount Vernon Street, were made, chiefly under the direction of a commission, in the years 1853, 1854, 1855, and 1856.

Under a Resolve of 1866, a commission was appointed to inquire and report concerning the whole subject of remodeling or rebuilding the State House. They reported three propositions, without deciding in favor of either. The first

was a plan of remodelling, at an expense of \$375,430; the second, a plan of remodelling, at an expense of \$759,872; and the third, a plan for a new building, at an expense of \$2,042,574. The report of the commission was referred to the Committee on the State House of the session of 1867, who recommended a plan of alterations, at the estimated expense of \$150,000; and by Resolve No. 84 of that year, the work was ordered to be executed under the supervision of a commission consisting of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who were authorized by the same Resolve to expend \$150,000, and by a subsequent Resolve \$20,000 in addition. The President of the Senate died on the 29th of October, and thereafter the work was continued by the surviving commissioner.

The work was commenced on the second day of July, and was so nearly completed, so far as the conveniences for the legislative department were concerned, that both branches of the General Court met on the first day of January, and continued their sessions substantially without interruption. The improvements consist of an almost entire reconstruction of the interior of the building, except the "new part" before referred to as having been added from 1853 to 1856, whereby waste spaces are economized, the access to the several parts of the building simplified and made much more convenient, additional height and commodiousness given to a large part of the rooms, and a net gain of more than thirty rooms secured without extending the exterior walls of the building. Including the extension of the old, as well as the construction of the additional rooms, the contents of these apartments have been increased from about one hundred and three thousand to about two hundred and sixty-five thousand cubic feet—a net gain of one hundred and sixty-two thousand cubic feet.

The exterior improvements consist principally in the removal of a large number of supernumerary chimneys, and other excrescences, which had marred and concealed the original well-approved architectural proportions of the State House. Two new galleries were added to the Representatives' Hall, and its finish, as also that of the Senate Cham-

ber, were much improved, while their general outline was retained. The Council Chamber, with the exception of the ceiling, which was frescoed, remains with its ancient finish unchanged. The Governor's room was enlarged laterally, and additional height was also added by absorbing into it the old "green-room," which was directly above. A new "green-room," a spacious hall, elegantly finished and well lighted and ventilated, fifty-six by thirty-seven feet, has been constructed. The ceiling of the Doric Hall was raised two feet and finished in panels, and its floor, and also those of the corridors on either side of it, were laid with marble tile. Improvements were made in the basement story which entirely changed its character and utilized its waste places. Beside the space occupied by the heating and ventilating apparatus and two large fire-proof rooms, there are now in this story, in the old part, twelve good rooms. Openings are made in both wings between the main building and the addition, by which spacious corridors were secured, leading directly from the Mt. Vernon Street entrance, which by branch corridors are connected with each other, and give easy access to every part of the basement. The floors of the corridors in this story are also laid with marble tile. The whole is heated by steam, generated in three boilers located in an underground room outside of the walls, between the west wing and Hancock Avenue. Warm, fresh hydrated air, for ventilation, is supplied to every room by a fan propelled by a steam-engine; and the same engine runs an exhaust-fan for removing the foul air from the halls and some of the principal rooms. A steam-pump forces water to the upper part of the building through large pipes, to which there is attached in the several stories more than a thousand feet of rubber hose, by which every room may be reached in case of fire. In addition to this precaution against fire, there is a steam-pipe leading to the dome, by means of which a fire there may be almost instantly extinguished.

These improvements were executed from the plans of the architects, Washburn & Son, and under their direct and constant supervision. Cost, including furniture, about \$250,000.

The Legislature of 1868, made provision for reseating the

Senate Chamber and the Hall of the House, which improvements were made under the supervision of legislative committees, in season for the accommodation of the Legislature of 1869, at a cost of about \$6,600.

The Battle-Flags.

The colors of the several regiments and batteries of Massachusetts which had served the country during the War of the Rebellion, were returned to the State House on the 22d of December, 1865. A full account of the interesting ceremonies of the occasion may be found in the Adjutant-General's Report for the year 1865. The colors were grouped around the pillars in the Doric Hall, where they remained until, by authority of Resolve No. 38 of 1866, they were placed in the niches on the north side of the hall, and in the sides of the recess occupied by the Washington Statue, according to a plan of A. R. Esty, Esq., architect, in whose charge the matter was placed by the Governor and Council. The flags are 269 in number—194 being of infantry regiments, and 75 of cavalry and artillery. The cavalry flags are placed in the north-west angle niche of the hall; the infantry flags in the Washington Statue recess, and the artillery and battery flags in the north-eastern niche. In the statue recess, the national colors are located in regular numerical order upon the lowest shelf on either side of the statue, commencing No. 1 next to cavalry flags, with the State and other colors in the background. The flags are enclosed within mammoth panes of glass, and the openings are properly guarded by fencing.

The Statue of Washington,

By CHANTREY, was placed in the State House in 1828 by the Washington Monument Association, at a cost of \$15,000.

In the pavement of the area, near the statue, are *fac similes* of certain Memorial Stones of the ancestors of Washington, from the parish church at Brington, near Althorp, Northamptonshire, England. They were presented by the Right Hon. Earl Spencer to the Hon. Charles Sumner, and by him to the Commonwealth, February 22, 1861.

The Statue of Webster,

By POWERS, was erected upon the grounds in front of the State House, in 1859, by the Webster Memorial Committee at a cost of \$10,000.

The Statue of Mann,

By MISS STEBBINS, was erected in 1865.

The Statue of Ex-Governor Andrew,

By THOMAS BALL, was placed in the Doric Hall in February, 1872.

Lincoln and Sumner.

Busts of President Lincoln and Senator Sumner have recently been placed in niches in the Doric Hall.

Wilson and Boutwell.

Busts of Senator Wilson and Mr. Secretary Boutwell have recently been placed in the Library.

1878	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.	Satur.	1878	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.	Satur.
Jan.	--	--	1	2	3	4	5	July	--	1	2	3	4	5	6
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	27	28	29	30	31	--	--		28	29	30	31	--	--	--
Feb.	--	--	--	--	--	1	2	Aug.	--	--	--	--	1	2	3
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	24	25	26	27	28	--	--		25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Mar.	--	--	--	--	--	1	2	Sep.	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	31	--	--	--	--	--	--		29	30	--	--	--	--	--
Apr.	--	1	2	3	4	5	6	Oct.	--	--	1	2	3	4	5
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	28	29	30	--	--	--	-		27	28	29	30	31	--	--
May	--	--	--	1	2	3	4	Nov.	--	--	--	--	--	1	2
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	26	27	28	29	30	31	--		24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Jun.	--	--	--	--	--	--	1	Dec.	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	30	--	--	--	--	--	--		29	30	31	--	--	--	--

AUG 23 '39 W.P.A.



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